

Test Code: 21098

FIAS – 2019 – GS1H/5G/9E/11D/21C/29B

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ACADEMY

GENERAL STUDIES

Name Of Candidate	SHIKHAR		
Email Id.		Roll No.	1910045024
Mobile No.		Date:	1/09/2019

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 250

INDEX TABLE			INSTRUCTION	
Q. No.	Max. Marks	Marks Obtained	<p>1. Do furnish the appropriate details in the answer sheet (viz. Name, Email, Roll No, Mobile).</p> <p>2. There are TWENTY questions printed in ENGLISH.</p> <p>3. All questions are compulsory.</p> <p>4. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.</p> <p>5. Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided.</p> <p>6. Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to.</p> <p>7. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum Answer Booklet must be clearly Struck off.</p>	
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Total Marks:				
Remarks:			Start Time 6:00 pm	End Time 9:20 pm
			Mode Of Examination :	Online <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Offline <input type="checkbox"/>
			ECN CODE:	Evaluation Date:

Parameters	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Average	Poor	Very Poor
Language						
Structure						
Presentation						
Handwriting						
Content						
Attempt						

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Q.1) Discuss the evolution of mural paintings under the patronage of the Pallava, Pandava and Chola Kings. (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Mural paintings refers to paintings done on rocks and architecture using natural colour and dyes. (like rice paste)

Pallava → Mohendrovasman was known as Vichitrachitra and Chitra-kar-puli
 → Somaskanda temple, Kailashnath temple ~~has~~ has examples of mural paintings

Pandya → Temple paintings visible in temples like Meenakshi temple.
 → Sittanovada Sittanovada caves have examples of Pandya paintings
 → Painted using natural paste like ochre, ~~bright~~ ^{bright} colours (gold).
clear borders

Cholas

- Temples like Brihodeshwor Temples have paintings of Shiva, Parvati
- Use of subdued colours, sinuous lines.
- Painting of Natraja

Mural paintings are examples ~~of~~ of our great historical diversity and should be preserved

Feedback (For OFFICE use only)

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	

Q.2) "To what extent Stupa's sculpture and architecture is a reflection of Buddhist Ideals and Philosophy?" (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Stupa architecture like Sanchi Stupa, Amravati Stupa etc are a reflection of Buddhist ideals and philosophy.

Reflection

- ① Stupa is constructed on relics of Buddha (Anda) and is a holy site for Buddhists; eg Pavapuri
- ② The stupa structures like Chaitya and Vihara are important sites
 - Chaitya represents prayer halls
 - Vihara represents where monks would stay
- ③ The toranas (entry gate) has various inscriptions like Jataka tales, previous birth of Buddha etc.
Eg Queen Maya's dream at Sanchi Stupa.

Anda represented the cycle of birth and death, also called womb / garbha

- (4) The circumambulatory path (Pradakshina path) is used by devotees to offer their respect to Buddha
- (5) Hasmika represents shloka of god (nisvana)
The three chakras have special significance and they represent three jewels of Buddhism → Dhamma, Buddha and Sangha.
- (6) Vedikas surrounding the stupa was scriptures from Rishi Jataka.
- (7) Several Gandharvas and Bodhisattva are present are Padmapani and Vajrapani.

Hence, stupas become a place for Buddhist activities, from where message of Buddha was spread.

Feedback (For OFFICE use only)

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	

Q.3) Do you agree with the view that the Jalianwalla Bagh massacre acted as a turning point in the India's National Freedom struggle? (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Jalawalon Bagh massacre was a heinous crime by General Dyer, who killed unarmed innocent people meeting in Jalianwala Bagh.

The event took place in the aftermath of Rowlatt Act - and become a turning point.

- Turning point
- Exposed the true intention of British, and that they wanted to rule as dictators, ^{especially when even Dyer was welcomed as a hero!}
 - Exposed the hollowness of Government of India Act, 1919 and people understood the carrot and stick policy, shattered faith in British rule
 - led to national unity, people from all over the nation sympathized with the victims, thus leading to a new era of nationalism
 - Become a turning point of Hindu-Muslim unity against Britishness (Khilafat case)

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(Don't Write anything in this A)

→ It led to our first action against the Britishers, the Non Cooperation Movement

↳ led to extreme nationalism, & revolutionary terrorism who struck fear in the heart of Britishers.

Turning point

Not a turning point

- ① Many sections like zamindars, princely states did not participate
- ② British repressive machinery remained intact
- ③ Even Hindu-Muslim unity was short lived and mainly based on external reasons like Turkey issue.

However, Jallianwala massacre led to widespread national awakening

Feedback (For OFFICE use only)

Structure		Content	
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Q.4) If the Battle of Plassey established British as a de-facto power in India, its sequel Battle of Buxar established it as a de-jure power in India. Elaborate.

(10 Marks, 150 Words)

Battle of Plassey and Buxar gave British the key to India, and eventually made British conquest complete.

Battle of Plassey: De-facto ruler.

- ① It made British get hold of resources of Bengal, by placing a puppet on the throne
- ② Britishers got control over Bengal's army to use for conquests
- ③ They secured their position by developing forts (Fort. St. William)
- ④ Bengal's rich resources, proximity to port help enhance British ecom trade.
- ⑤ Issuing dastaks made the British merchants prosperous, making way for colonisation of India
- ⑥ Hold of Bengal gave British supremacy over other European powers.

Buffer of Buxar: de jure power

- ① British got vast resources of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa (Diwani)
 - ② Mughal empire was completely humbled, paving way for British conquest
 - ③ Awadh become a protectorate, thus acting as a Buffer state.
 - ④ Policy of Dual Government brought huge wealth as British enjoyed all powers
 - ⑤ Conquest of eastern India led to British expansion in North and North east easy
 - ⑥ British were better placed compared to Marathas due to huge resources and wealth of Bengal ^{and} they understood disunity amongst Indian rulers.
- Despite this, the two battles also paved the way for Indian nationalism

Feedback (For OFFICE use only)

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	

Q.5) There is a common understanding that the decolonisation process in Africa is yet to be completed. Discuss. (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Decolonization in Africa started late, mainly after world war II.

Africa was divided into spheres of influence amongst Europeans. It was ruled by 'chiefs' backed by Europeans, hence there was absence of spirit of nationalism.

Further, different ethnic groups residing within boundaries with no common past led to delay in development of national spirit.

Process remains incomplete

→ Rule by dictators

Most of nations like Sudan are ruled by dictators, or military chiefs, who continue the past traditions and civil liberties are absent

→ Dominance by west

Many African nations still depend on charity from western nations, a type of neo-colonialism

→ Religious extremism, instability like Boko Haram

Incomplete

- Scramble for wealth
Nations like China are scrambling for African resources and using debt trap diplomacy, eg Djibouti
- Nations like South Africa, where white minority continued to rule majority Blacks
- Control over Islands, eg France controls Reunion islands near Africa.

Process complete

- ① Development of blocks like African Union, East African Community
- ② Formation of African Continental Free Trade Area (AfTA)

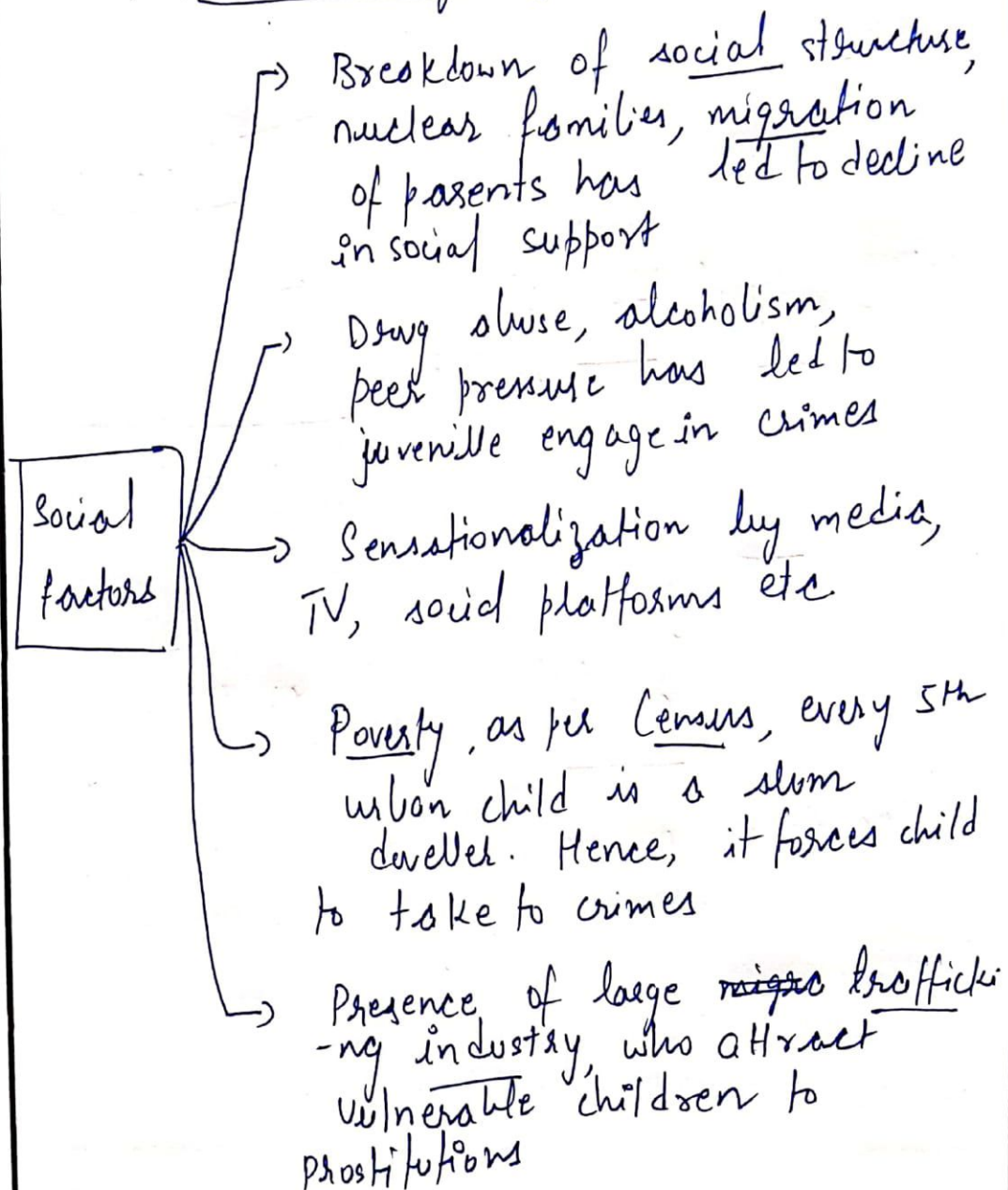
World should aid Africa in becoming a prosperous society.

Feedback (For OFFICE use only)

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	

Q.6) Give an account of the social factors responsible for juvenile delinquency in India. Enumerate the steps taken by the government to address juvenile delinquency. (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Juvenile delinquency refers to crimes committed by juveniles under 18. As per NCRB, juvenile delinquency is on the rise



Steps taken by government

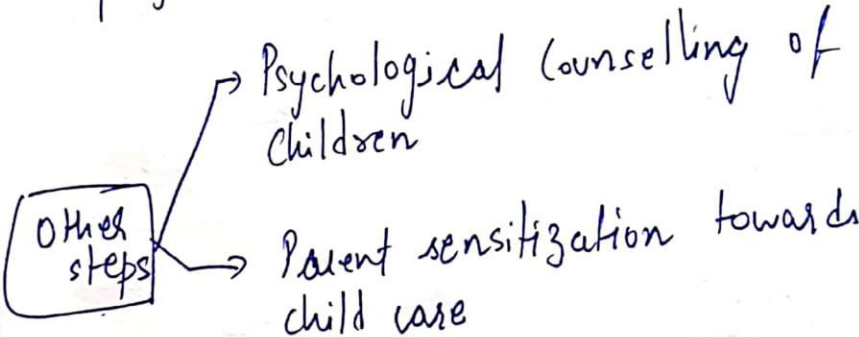
① Juvenile Justice Act

- It provides for child welfare committees.
- Juveniles in 16-18 group can be tried as adults for heinous crimes

② POSCO Act

- To protect children from sexual harassment

③ Provisions under CrPc for rehabilitation of juveniles.



Juvenile delinquency should be checked as it hampers youth development.

Feedback (For OFFICE use only)

Structure		Content	
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Q.7) In the light of the recent report by the United Nations on World Population what are the social and economic challenges before India to develop its populace?

(10 Marks, 150 Words)

As per UN report on World population, India to surpass China by 2027 as the nation with largest population

Social challenges

① Lack of infrastructure.

- Health: India has 1 doctor per 1700 patients, absence of primary care
- Education: GER in higher education only 25.1%, poor quality of schools.

② Unchecked urbanization has led to congestion in cities

③ Old age population: India lacks geriatric care facilities

④ Growing slums has led to increased crime rates, pollution etc.

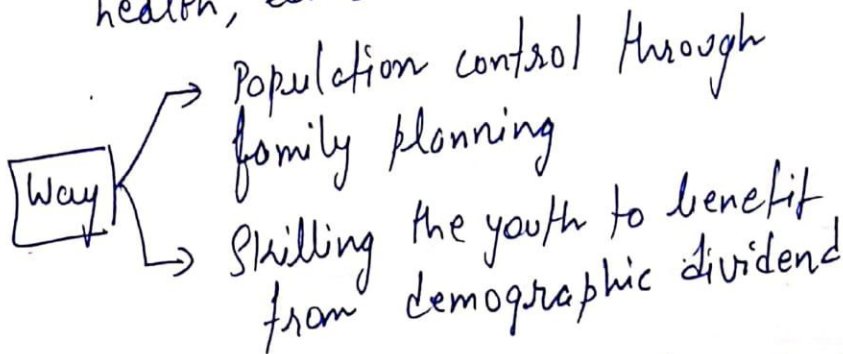
⑤ Absence of social security coverage, health insurance, pensions etc.

⑥ Increased migration, leading to conflicts.

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Economic challenges

- ① Unemployment : 6.1% unemployment rates as per PLFS will increase due to population explosion
- ② Pressure on limited agricultural land, thus increasing farm distress
- ③ Food security issues
- ④ Increased vulnerability to disasters like floods, tsunamis.
- ⑤ Requires huge financial expenditure on health, education



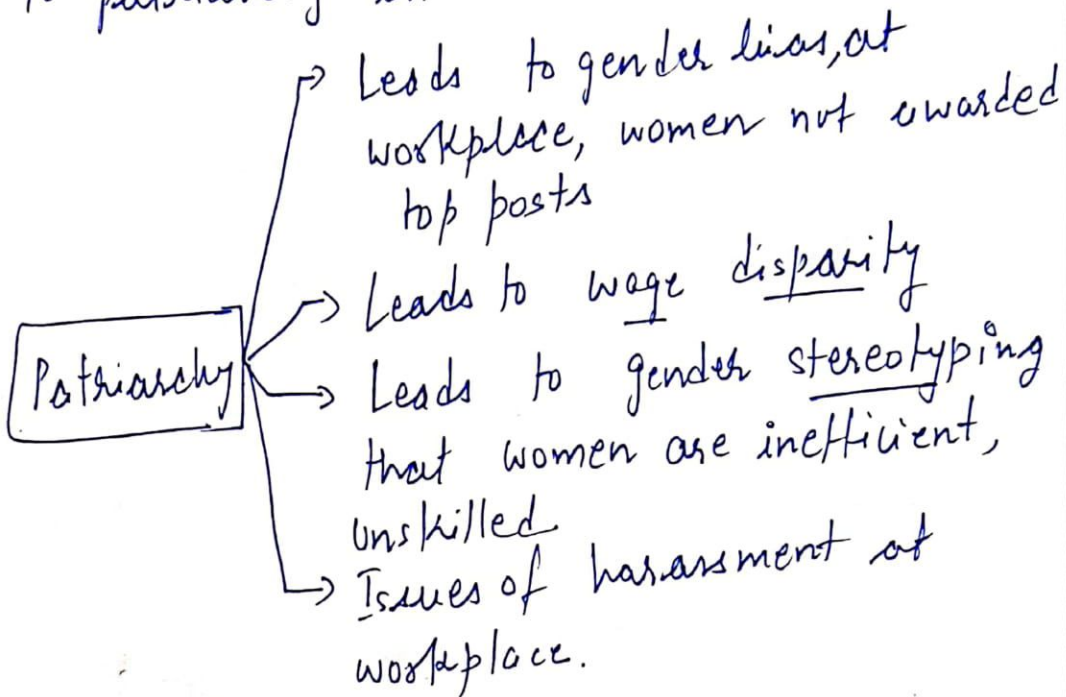
We should use our population as a boon to ~~achieve~~ achieve our sum of 'New India'

Feedback (For OFFICE use only)

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	

Q.8) "Patriarchy issue surrounds women at the workplace but their effect is highly influenced by their class background." Critically Discuss. (10 Marks, 150 Words)

As per PLFS, women workforce participation rate is only 23.1%. This can be attributed to patriarchy and class background



Class background effect

- ① Women from lower strata enjoy more independence for work to support their family. For example, women working in agricultural fields, domestic work, care work.
- ② Women from middle class are

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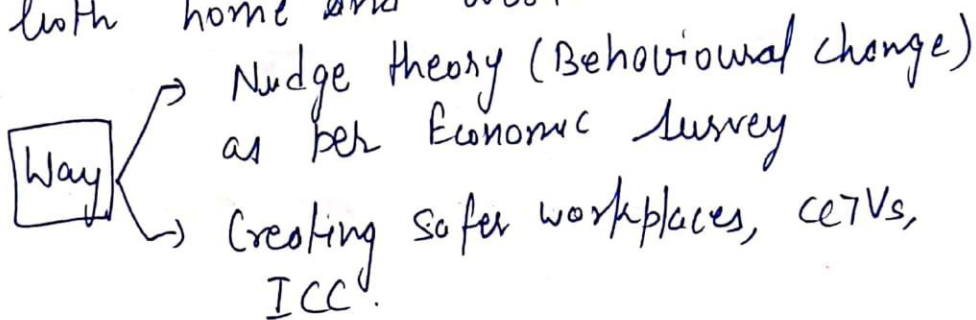
increasingly given better education and job opportunities.

③ Higher class women are expected to be educated, but there are restrictions on jobs after marriage due to child care

④ Women from prominent houses still majorly work as housewives

⑤ Growing ^{male} migration from rural to urban has led to economic pressures on rural women pushing them to work

⑥ Modern women concept who balances both home and work



Gender participation in workplace needs to be improved for better economic development

Feedback (For OFFICE use only)

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	

Q.9) In light of population explosion in cities assess the importance of land use planning in assuring sound urban transport. (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Population explosion in India is to peak at 2041 as per ex Economic Survey.

Importance of land use planning

- ① Decongestion of city roads will lead to better space for urban transport, thus reducing jams
- ② Better planning will lead to better quality roads, thus reducing the number of accidents
- ③ Better infrastructure like charging stations, repair shops, petrol pumps for unhindered mobility
- ④ Better land planning will lead to faster land acquisition, thus reducing cost overruns and delays in transport infrastructure

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- ⑤ Better land planning will increase private investment in urban transports
- ⑥ Reduce environmental damage due to roads construction, thus leading to a sustainable transport system
- ⑦ Reduction in road accidents, ~~reduced costs.~~
- ⑧ Improve in quality of mobility due to faster transport, adequate number of bus stops, GPS tracking, low costs
- ⑨ Ensure accountability of all stakeholders.

Way

- Project impact assessment should be done
- NITI Aayog recommends PPP models.

Better land use planning will lead to a safe and sustainable transport

Feedback (For OFFICE use only)

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	