

Test Code: 21098

FIAS - 2019 - GSIII/5G/9E/11D/21C/29B

# ForumIAS

ACADEMY

## GENERAL STUDIES

Name Of Candidate	SHUBHAM BANSAL		
Email Id.		Roll No.	1910050853
Mobile No.		Date:	25/08/19

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 250

INDEX TABLE			INSTRUCTION	
Q. No.	Max. Marks	Marks Obtained		
1			1. Do furnish the appropriate details in the answer sheet (viz. Name, Email, Roll No, Mobile). 2. There are TWENTY questions printed in ENGLISH. 3. All questions are compulsory. 4. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it. 5. Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. 6. Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to. 7. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum Answer Booklet must be clearly Struck off.	
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
<b>Total Marks:</b>				
<b>Remarks:</b>			Start Time  2:00 PM	End Time
			Mode Of Examination :	Online <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Offline <input type="checkbox"/>
			ECN CODE:	Evaluation Date:

Parameters	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Average	Poor	Very Poor
Language						
Structure						
Presentation						
Handwriting						
Content						
Attempt						

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Q.1) Discuss the evolution of mural paintings under the patronage of the Pallava, Pandava and Chola Kings.

(10 Marks, 150 Words)

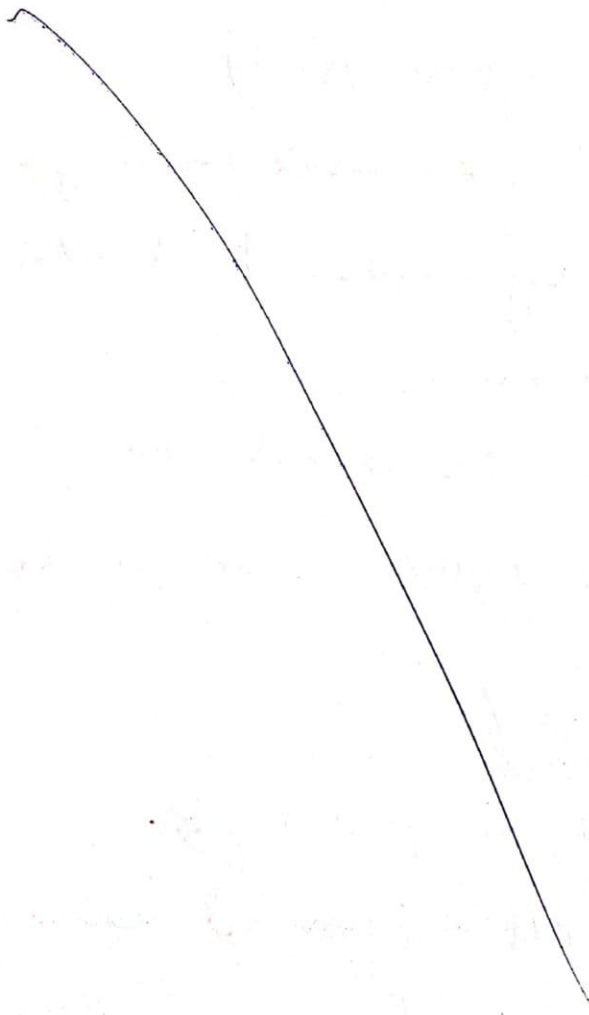
Mural paintings represent an artistic excellence of the Indian history.

Pallava (highest point)

- Jain Sittanavasal paintings
- Especially under Mahendravarma, Nandivarma
- Cave → structural temples
- Mural paintings on walls.

Chola kings

- Religious paintings.
- Also often showed administration
- Presence of various Gods.
- Evolved into better forms.



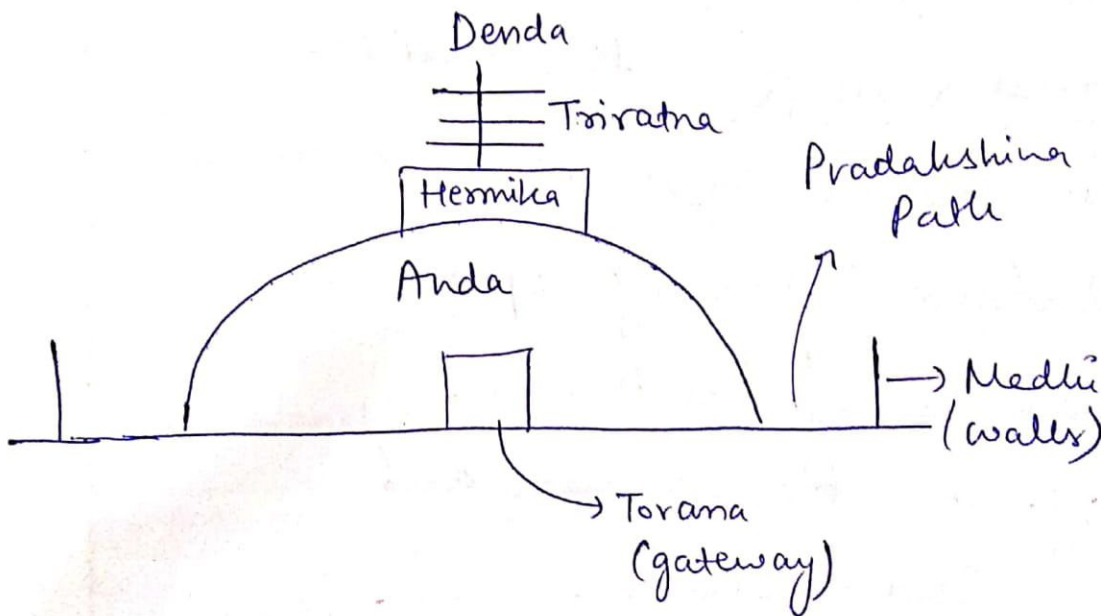
Feedback ( For OFFICE use only )

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		<b>Total :</b>	

Q.2) "To what extent Stupa's sculpture and architecture is a reflection of Buddhist Ideals and Philosophy?"  
(10 Marks, 150 Words)

Stupas are Buddhist architectural structures starting in Magadhan times and achieving excellence in Mauryan era.

## Reflection of Buddhist Philosophy



- Have Buddhist ~~sculpture~~ <sup>scripture</sup> at base buried inside bricks (Tripitaka)
- Triratna show the three cardinal rules of right knowledge, right

faith and right conduct.

- Open entry show open nature of Buddhist Sangha.

Over time outside ~~wooden~~<sup>stone</sup> railings gave way to grander wooden carved railings, the sculpture of which shows synthesis of various art forms showing openness of Buddhism of the times.

eg. love for animals and non-violence.

Feedback ( For OFFICE use only )

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		<b>Total :</b>	

Q.3) 366520210981910050853 (2019-08-26 00:02:30)  
The Jallianwala Bagh massacre acted as a turning point in the India's National Freedom struggle? (10 Marks, 150 Words)

### Jallianwala Bagh massacre

happened because of British recklessness over peaceful protest against Dr. Satya Pal and Saifuddin Kitchlew's arrest along with the occasion of Baisakhi.

Why called a turning point?

- ① Showed true face of British rule  
⇒ moderates and extremist divide fully settled post 1916 Lucknow Session merger as all started inclining towards independence.
- ② Collection of fund for General Dyer by National Herald & garnered British sympathy ⇒ had effect of solidification of unity among Indians too.

(3) Was one of major plank of Non-cooperation Khilafat Movement of 1920s :

- Saw communal unity
- Across all regions.

→ This incident a precursor of nationwide movements.

~~However~~ While this was a moment of mourning, yet Indian fitness to rule could be seen in very less incidents of violence ⇒ showed character of Indian spirit.

This incident thus as a whole served as a watershed moment among some others in India's colonial struggle and ramifications could still be seen on India-UK relations.

Feedback ( For OFFICE use only )

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		<b>Total :</b>	



Q.4) If the Battle of Plassey established British as a de-facto power in India, its sequel Battle of Buxar established it as a de-jure power in India. Elaborate.

(10 Marks, 150 Words)

Battle of Plassey in 1757 gave the British ~~exclusive~~ <sup>exclusive</sup> trading rights and control over ~~some~~ <sup>some</sup> forts  $\Rightarrow$  gave de-facto power.

however it was post 1764 Battle of Buxar that economic rights transformed into political rights with diwani and nizamat rights (dual control) over Bengal, Bihar and Odisha. This gave the Britishers a right over revenue to the regions.

# ForumIAS

Why de jure (real) power now?

- ① Got revenue
- ② Start of political interference by presence at court.
- ③ Could maintain armies.
- ④ Guide external relations of empires.
- ⑤ led to consolidation of Presidency System.
- ⑥ Eventual consolidation across all regions of the country.
- ⑦ led to exclusion of all other British powers

→ In light of above, Battle of Buxar was a watershed moment for British.

Feedback ( For OFFICE use only )

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		<b>Total :</b>	

36652 21098 1910050853 (2019-08-26 00:02:30)

Q.5) There is a common understanding that the decolonisation process in Africa is yet to be completed. Discuss.

(10 Marks, 150 Words)

Decolonisation process in Africa showed remnants of Belgium Conference (1885) where European interests reigned supreme.

Why still not completed?

- ① Illogical straight line boundaries drawn.
- ② High tribal strife (eg. Nigeria's Hausa Fulani vs Yoruba)
- ③ High western exploitation.  
eg. waste dumping
- ④ Newer forms of exploitation.  
eg. financial imperialism by China's BRI or overfishing in Western African coast.

Visit us : [www.forumias.com](http://www.forumias.com)  
Email : [student@forumias.academy](mailto:student@forumias.academy)

Call us: 011-49878625, 9821711605  
Blog : [blog.forumias.com](http://blog.forumias.com)

- (5) Some forms of apartheid still persist in South Africa.
- (6) Countries such as Libya etc. see foreign intervention due to resources and Arab Spring regions are still unstable.
- ⇒ Need is for a continuous dialog via regional groups ~~and~~ and India must take a lead as per Article 51 of Indian Constitution that calls for upholding a peaceful world order.

Feedback ( For OFFICE use only )

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	

Q.6) Give an account of the social factors responsible for juvenile delinquency in India. Enumerate the steps taken by the government to address juvenile delinquency. (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Juvenile delinquency refers to increasing crime by juveniles.

### Social factors responsible

- ① Breaking of family structure
- ② Rise of nuclear families where parents have less time.
- ③ Urbanisation → slums → stressful life ↓ Crime
- ④ weaker support structures.
- ⑤ Rise of social media leading to an unhealthy competition of desires.

### Steps taken by government

- ① Juvenile Justice Act 2015 amended  
- focus on reformative

justice.

- ② Focus on value education by Common Minimum Program.
- ③ National helplines for counseling
- ④ Happiness curriculum by Delhi government can also help reduce negative feelings.
- ⑤ Promotion of yoga in schools.

However issues faced can be addressed by including teachers, parents, NGOs such as CARE and States to ensure that demographic dividend doesn't become a calastrophe.

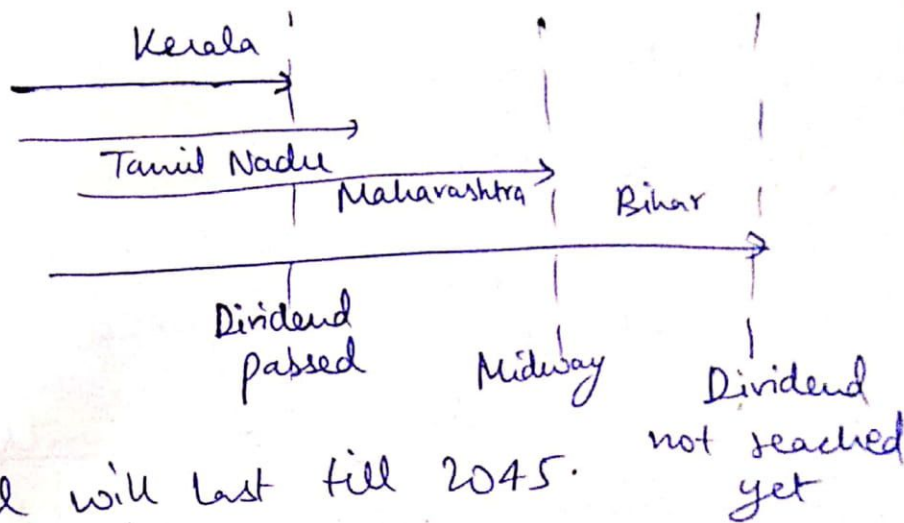
Feedback ( For OFFICE use only )

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		<b>Total :</b>	

Q.7) In the light of the recent report by the United Nations on World Population what are the social and economic challenges before India to develop its populace?  
(10 Marks, 150 Words)

Recent UNFPA 2019 report shows following facets of population studies:

- ① India is in the demographic sweet spot where median age < 28 years.
- ② Regional variations seen :



Overall will last till 2045.

Challenges before India

① Social

① Old age population : 8% → 16% (2050) (2011)

⇒ higher cost of social security, increasing crimes and exclusion

② Migration ⇒ social unrest ⇒ crimes

eg. Gujarat or Bangalore exodus in past

Steps needed :

- Migrant welfare board (Floods) as in Kerala
- removing disparities between states
- higher safety nets (eg. DBI, IGNOAPS for old)

Better child health care ←

④ Economic challenges

① Economic survey : In 2020s, every year 1 crore people will enter workforce.

② Higher burden of safety nets

⇒ Need to prepare well in advance.

⇒ Need is for coordinated yet decentralised statewise socio-economic policies.

Feedback ( For OFFICE use only )

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		<b>Total :</b>	



2.8) "Patriarchy issue surrounds women at the workplace but their effect is highly influenced by their class background." Critically Discuss. (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Patriarchy refers to an ideology where males are considered superior/more able compared to women.

### Patriarchy issues at workplace

- ① Derogatory remarks (eg. startup culture) often insensitive
  - ② Sexual harassment (Vishakha Act 2013)
  - ③ Flawed recruitment processes of women not preferred because of maternity leaves as per 2017 law.
  - ④ Glass ceiling even in private companies
- ⇒ Only 24% female labor force participation rate (compared to 60% of China)

### High influence of class background

- ① More discrimination seen in informal sector eg. recent Economic Survey

Spoke about wage difference in male security guards vs female domestic help.

- ② formal sector has more well paid employees and grievance redressal.
- ③ well off women have option to switch organisation or switch to academics.

However despite the above, discrimination seen across all classes. Hence need is to put in place minimum wage laws, grievance redressal mechanism and bring in an attitudinal change.

Feedback ( For OFFICE use only )

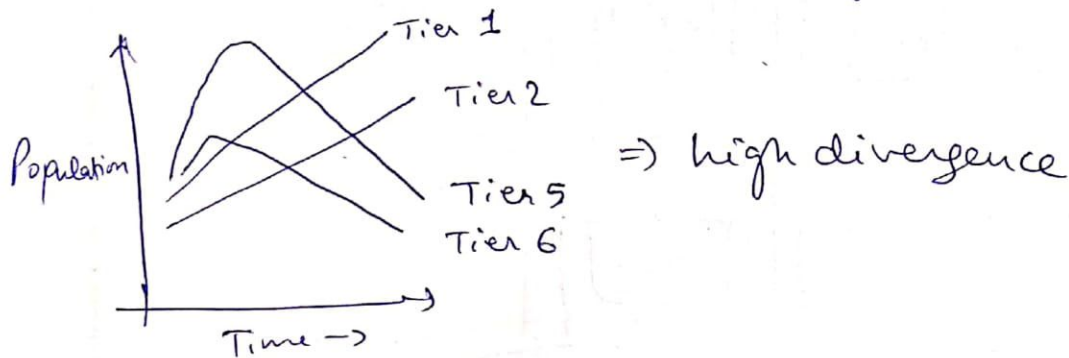
Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	

Q.9) In light of population explosion in cities assess the importance of land use planning in assuring sound urban transport. (10 Marks, 150 Words)

## Population explosion in cities (Census 2011)

- Urbanisation in India: 31%.

Tier 1 and 2 (70% of above)  
Metropolitan (44% of above)

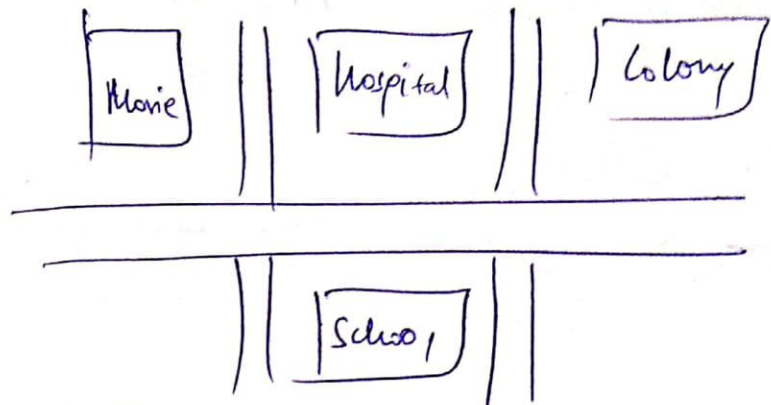


## Need for sound urban transport



## Importance of land use planning

① Can make multiple sectors and nuclei as in Chandigarh.



South Chandigarh  
Vacant for expansion.

- ② Can plan offices closer to residence
  - ③ Allow people to move to suburb and commute (like London) ⇒ decongestion
  - ④ Closer offices can also reduce emission and increase safety.
  - ⑤ Promote mass transport.
- ⇒ Must be promoted in urban planning.

Feedback ( For OFFICE use only )

Structure		Content	
Question Interpretation		Total :	