## GEOLOGY Paper - I

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

## **Question Paper Specific Instructions**

Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions:

There are **EIGHT** questions in all, out of which **FIVE** are to be attempted.

Questions no. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining SIX questions, THREE are to be attempted selecting at least ONE question from each of the two Sections A and B.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in sequential order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

All questions carry equal marks. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Neat sketches may be drawn, wherever required.

Answers must be written in **ENGLISH** only.

## SECTION A

| Q1. | Answer the following within 150 words each: $8 \times 5 = 40$ |  |    |  |
|-----|---|--|----|--|
|     | (a)   | Discuss the characteristics and properties of the lithosphere and the asthenosphere.                                     | 8  |  |
|     | (b)   | Describe the origin of Karst topography.   | 8  |  |
|     | (c)   | Write briefly on the Global Positioning System (GPS).  | 8  |  |
|     | (d)   | What is the significance of equal area projection in solving structural geology problems?                                | 8  |  |
|     | (e)   | Enumerate the strain markers in deformed rocks, with the help of neat sketches.  | 8  |  |
| Q2. | (a)   | With the help of neat diagrams, discuss different types of plate boundaries and enumerate their characteristic features. | 15 |  |
|     | (b)   | Highlight the advantages and limitations of remote sensing studies with respect to conventional geological field work.   | 10 |  |
|     | (c)   | Describe the different types of breaks in stratigraphic records and their identification in the field.                   | 15 |  |
| Q3. | (a)   | Briefly enumerate the principles of radiometric dating using $U-Pb$ isotopes.  | 15 |  |
|     | (b)   | Discuss how lithology controls topography.   | 10 |  |
|     | (c)   | What is thrust fault? Explain the mechanism of development of thrust fault with neat sketches.                           | 15 |  |
| Q4. | (a)   | Elucidate the present status of Continental Drift in light of the geological and geophysical evidences.                  | 15 |  |
|     | (b)   | Compare the geomorphic features along the Eastern and Western Coasts of India.   | 15 |  |
|     | (c)   | What is recrystallisation of minerals? How is it related to deformation? Explain with neat sketches.                     | 10 |  |

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## **SECTION B**

| Q5. | Answer the following within 150 words each: 8×5=40 |  |    |  |
|-----|--|--|----|--|
|     | (a)  | Explain in brief the manner of preservation of traces of animals.  | 8  |  |
|     | (b)  | In the context of Dollo's Law, discuss the different patterns of evolution observed in fossils.  | 8  |  |
|     | (c)  | Describe the depositional environments prevailing during the deposition of the Paleogene belt of Sirmur Group of Himachal Pradesh.                             | 8  |  |
|     | (d)  | Describe the different techniques used to date groundwater.  | 8  |  |
|     | (e)  | Enumerate the methods of groundwater exploration and development.  | 8  |  |
| Q6. | (a)  | Describe the lithostratigraphic succession of the Siwalik Group and comment on the paleoclimatic regime that prevailed during its deposition.                  | 15 |  |
|     | (b)  | Draw neat labelled sketches to depict the evolution of toes in Equidae.  | 10 |  |
|     | (c)  | Describe various groundwater recharge structures with the help of neat diagrams.   | 15 |  |
| Q7. | (a)  | With the help of neat diagrams, depict the evolutionary trends in Proboscideans.   | 15 |  |
|     | (b)  | Discuss the tectonic evolution of the Aravalli Craton.   | 15 |  |
|     | (c)  | Describe the various groundwater quality criteria prescribed for drinking, agriculture and industrial use.   | 10 |  |
| Q8. | (a)  | The Permian – Triassic boundary represents a phase of mass extinction in the Earth's history. Discuss the Permian – Triassic boundary problem in stratigraphy. | 15 |  |
|     | (b)  | Describe the evolutionary trends in the eyes of trilobites. Illustrate your answer with suitable sketches.   | 15 |  |
|     | (c)  | Discuss in detail the geotechnical parameters used for selection of tunnel sites.  | 10 |  |

