## Forumilas

## GENERALISTUDIES

| Name Of Candidate | Patil Abhijeet R: |
| :--- | :---: |
| Roll No. | 1910026182 |

Time Allowed: Three Hours
Date:
$23 / 12 / 2021$
Maximum Marks: 250

| INDEX TABLE |  |  | INSTRUCIION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q. No. | Max. Marks | Marks Obtained | 1. Please do furnish Name, Email, Roll No and Mobile in the answer sheet. <br> 2. There are TWELVE questions printed in ENGLISH \& HINDI, all questions are compulsory. |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  | 3. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it. |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  | 4. Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  | 5. Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum Answer Booklet must be clearly Struck off. |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  | Any specific messages for ForumiAS Mentors/ Evaluators with respect to your copy? Write it here. |  |  |  |
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| Total: | 250 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Evaluator's Discretion: |  |  | For Student Only |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Start Time \| $3: 35 \mathrm{pm}$ |  | End Time 1 | $6: 50+m$ |
| Total Marks: |  |  | Mode Of Examination: |  | Online $\square$ | Offline $\square$ |
| Evaluator's Discretion: This is the marks Twarded at the discretion of the evaluator based on sour werrall mpression, on the basis of fou nof timumed to) your h.anduritung. <br>  <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ECN CODE: E | EG: |  | Evaluation Date: |

[^0]105735 41080_1910026182 (2021-12-26 14:00:21) . Rer Raise a ticket from your portal to sechedule Note: Tou can discuss your ev.luated copy a mentor call or visit the offline centre to meet mentor (all 7 days, 1 mimbs
you are unsatisfied with the evaluation, you can seek re-evaluation of the copy.

| Parameters | Excellent | Very Good | Good | Average | Poor | Very Poor |
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| language |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structure |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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## ADDITIONAL REMARKS


(2) The virtues act as conscience-keeper of an individual,

Ex. virtue of honesty - a person always tells truth to avoid cognitive disonance.
(3) Following virtuous path gives satisfaction to the person which further perpetuates the ethical behaviour.

Ex. stopping at signal when Red light is un.
(4) A virtuous life gives social appreciation and identity. This further encourages her.

Ex. Anna Harare

But though many people understand virtues, they are not able to bring them in practice.

Ex. Civil sewants indulged in corruption
Thus the understanding at cognitive level is not real understanding of 4 virtues whereas the one who brings virtue in practice has actually understood it.

Feedback (For OFFICE use on Structure/ Presentation

| Question <br> Interpretation |
| :--- |
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| Value | | Value |
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| Addition |

b) Courage is what it takes to stand up and speak; courage is also what it takes to sit down and listen. What does courage mean to you? Explain with help of two examples from your life where you have acted courageously.
( 1.50 words, 10 marks)

साहस वह है जो खडे होने और बोलने के लिए आवश्यक है; साहरा वह भी है जो बैठने और सुनने के लिए आवश्यक है। आपके लिए साहस का क्या अथ्य है? अपने जीपन के दो उदाहरणों की सहायता से स्पष्ट कीजिए जहाँ आपने साहरपूर्वक काये किया है।

Courage is the quality of facing an adverse situation with all the resources one has. It is also not running away from the reality.

According to me courage is. $\rightarrow$
(i) Acceptance of reality The reality
may be favourable or inconvenient.
Ex. When I was in $12^{\text {th }}$ standard, despite my efforts, I scored low in IIT-JEE.
This closed the gates of IIT for me.
But 1 faced the situation with courage and graduated with good marles in Engineering,
(2) To listen others]- Listening from the others perspective and putting self


Then my passport verification was completed without any 'bribe.'

Thus courage is a virtue which pays off if you are ethical and your intentions are good-just the need is to be able to understand the ethical way.

Feedback
 the outcome of procedure Established by law. A good citizen may disagree with it on the following grounds-
i) About its outcomes which may not be as claimed.
ii) Law may be detrimental to a particular section.
iii) Intentions of law-makers may not be satisfied by a citizen.

Ex. recent farm laws - many were in disagreement.

But open disobedience is not recommended because -
i) It threatens fundamental prinaple of rule of law.
 of state.
iv) It may have adverse social consequenus

Ex. Disruption of public order, threatening others' freedoms and lives.

Ex. Anti-CAA protests
Therefore a responsible citizen should -
i) Engage with the state to address his/ her grievance peacefully.
ii) Use constitutional means like Art. 13, art. 32 to review the laws-
Content

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 to change or shaped, the persuasion and coercion are the two ways.

1) Persuasion
i) It is non-viulent and peaceful method.
ii) This involves changing the affective and cognitive component of a person.
iii) It is more long. lasting process.

Ex. Pursuing rural population to build toilets for safety of girls and women.
2) Coercive
i) It includes an element of punishment or disincentive.
ii) But when there is crisis situation, to bring about greatest happiness of greatest number - coercive action can be taken.

iii) Coercion is also a method of reforming social culprits and criminals.

Ex. Jail term to rape convict.
But the sustainability of persuasion is always greater than coercion as it is the outcome of actual change in attitude and ensures self-motivated behaviour.
Q.3) a) What are the limitations of code of conduct in upholding integrity and p
vices? Do you think code of ethics can overcome these limitations?
स्रिविल सेगाओं में सत्यनिष्ठा और ईमानदारी बनाए रखने में आचार संहिता की क्या सीमाएँ हैं? क्या
अचार संहिता इन सीमाओं को पार कर सकती है?
to central civil services code of
is in place. But there are some
limitations-
(1) It does not ensure integrity at
al) times.
(2) It does not address conflict of interest.
(3) The violation of code of conduct is many times seen but not punished always.
(4) code of conduct has not been successful in ensuring citizen-centric, compassionate governance.

Need of code of ethics
(1) To go beyond mere anonymity and objectivity and ensure ethical governance.
 by a civil servant and ensure welfare of citizens.
(3) It will help to effectively carry out administration in efficient manner.
(4) Adherence to code of ethics will help to build citizen confidence.

Thus though code of ethics will help to bring in integrity and probity, there thould be holistic transformation in recmitment, training and feedback as suggested by NITI Ayטg's India (G) 75 document
b) The professional role of a civil servant is very demanding that often creates deep cleavages between personal and professional life. In this context, discuss the importance of emotional intelligene for a civil servant.
(150 words, 1 () marks)

एक सिदिल सेवक की पेशेवर भूमिका बहुत अधिक मांग वाली. होती है जो अवसर व्यकिगत और व्यावसायिक जीवन के बीच गहीती दरार पैदा करती है। इस संदर्भ में, एक सिविल सेतक के लिए भावनात्मक बुद्धिमत्ता के महत्व पर चर्चा करें।
(150 शब्द, 10 अंक)

The professional duty of civil servant requires emotional intelligence - to understand the emotions of self, family, society and manage them for the best of national interest.

Importance of emotional intelligence -
(1) To balance personal and professional values $\rightarrow$

> The civil servant has to identify if there is divergence between the both and compromise some personal values.- if required Ex. Commitments towards friends, relatives
(2) To manage the conflict of interest

In the situation where self gain
or gain to a family, friend is involved
against a social gain.
Ex. Land acquisition or. allocate
houses or licences.
(3) community vs professional ethics.-
Sometimes the community members of civil sewant demand certain favours but a civil sewont should act impartially and convince them that the Law would take its course

Thus Emotional Intelligence is very essential to ensure work-life
balance and uphold the professional values.

(1) feeling of having what others have. \&x. position, wealth
(2) Envy does not necessarily has zero sum game
(3) Envy promotes motivation to achieve something greater.

Ex. motivation to work more to earn more money.
(1) It is the feeling of grabbing / encroaching upon others entitlement
(2) Jealously is the negative emotion of taking a way what others have
(3) Jealousy leads to harming others.

Ex scandalising someone to pull her back


Feedback
(For OFFICE use on
Structure/
Presentation

Question
Interpretation

Content

Value
Addition

Total


1) Equality of human beings
2) Courage of conviction
(1) Equality - The today's world is ridden with numerous inequalities. Most of these are artificially created. Ex. social, economic, religions racial, sex.

If a child learns to treat all humans equal, it will promote peace in the world and build social capital. Such egalitarian sowety will be able to achieve the justice in it and promote well -being.

courage is most important value to achieve the life goals. In life there are ups and downs. But if we don't cater courage and just sit idle, this will hinder the development and progress,

Also courage is essential to bring justice in the society, to raise the voice of weaker sections, exploitations and atrocities - courage is required.

(3) Going out of comfort zone to achieve goals.

Ex. Subhash Chandra Bose - risked his life, travelled across the world through submarine to build Arad Hind fauj (INA)

For civil services
leadership is important -
(1) To lead through example
(2) To motivate the subordinates to work efficiently.
(3) To resolve the disputes.
(4) To ensure right course of action during crisis.

Feedback (For office use on
S

$=$| b) It is the work culture that makes the difference between a good place to work and a great |
| :--- |
| to work. Highlighting the features of work culture of government offices, explain what |
| can be taken to improve it. |
| (150 words, 10 |

यह कार्य संस्कृति है जो काम करने के लिए एक अच्छी जगह और काम करने के लिए एक उत्कृष्ट जगह के
करती है। सरकारी कायालयों की कार्य संस्रृति की विशेषताओं पर प्रकाश जालते हुए बताएं कि इसमें सुधार के
उपाय किए जा सकते हैं।
(150 शब्दा
The work culture can be defined as the set of practices that are followed in a particular place to carry out the organisational goals.

Work culture at government of
(1) Strict adherence to hierarchy.
(2) Following rules in letter.
(3) Environment of confidentiality.
(4) Slow procedures and long waiting.
(5) Technological apathy.
(6) High pendency of work
(7) Inefficient system

Measures
-1) Promote culture of transparency -
By voluntary disclosure of information.
2) Promote efficient working - By adaption of digital technology, time-bound action and accountability fixing.
3) Promote compassionate governance -

Through ethical training, sympathetic treatment towards weaker sections and elderly.
Q.6) What does each of the following quotations mean to you?
निम्नलिखित में से प्रत्येक उद्धरण आपके लिए वया मायने रखता है?
a) "No responsibility of the government is more fundamental than the responsibility of maintaining
the higher standards of ethical behaviour." - John F. Kennedy
(150 words, 10 marks)
नैतिक व्यवहार के उच्च मानकों को बनाए रखने की जिम्मेदारी से सरकार की कोई जिम्मेदारी अधिक मौलिक नहीं है।" -
जॉन एफ कैनेडी
(150 शब्द, 10 अंक)

Government rules on behalf of citizens as per social contract.

The maintainance of ethical behaviour helps in -
(1) Ensuring rule of law,
(2) prevents injustice against the
weaker sections.
(3) promotes social harmony, reduced crimes.
(4) People adhere to ethical economic
activity - thus good financial health of the state.
(5) Less dicontent against government maintainance of internal security,

(7) Ethical behaviours helps to build public trust.

Thus government should promote
ethical society through ethical governance
 peace in world because -
(1) Inner peace imports conscience to individual - ensures ethical behaviour.
(2) Inner peace restrains a person from excessive greed and exploitation.
(3) Inner peace when resonates in society, it builds a harmonious society.
(4) Such harmonious society is built on values of respect. love, compassion and believes in individual human rights.
(5) Therefore in order to bring peace in the world, we must work

 to human welfare through different means.
(1) The religious practices preach the path of service.

Ex, mother Teresa- a Christian nun did selfless service in India,
(2) The division among human on the religious grounds is artificial and We should promote humanity.

Ex. swami Viveleanand and his doctrine of universal humanity - equality of religion was emphasised
(3) With the service, we may better understand ourselves and achieve

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## SECTION - B

Q.7) During the second wave of Covid-19, Amit, a resident of a posh metropolitan society, was desperately looking for Covid-19 vaccination slots for him and his wife. His wife is diabatic, and also suffers from asthma. The government has started an online registration process for keeping a track of vaccination progress as well as maintaining transparency in vaccination allocation. However, the demand has out stripped the supply by a huge margin and it has become very difficult to get a slot booked for vaccination. Amit tried to register an online slot for himself and his wife but, like millions of others, he was unable to book a slot. He also visited all the health facilities near him and even requested government officials for vaccines, but to no avail. He knew that the chairman of his society, Mr. Chadda, is a politically connected man and could arrange the vaccines. When Arnit approached Mr. Chadda, he told Amit that other members of the society had also approached him and he was trying to get vaccines for the entire society.
After a few days, a camp has been set up in the society for free vaccination of all eligible members of the society. Amit decides to volunteer in the vaccination drive. While volunteering, he finds that the vaccine boxes have 'For Public Health Centre, Village Gumla' written on them. Amit understood that these vaccines are meant for a rural area but had been diverted to this society. He brings the matter to the notice of Mr. Chadda. Mr. Chadda tells Amit that he should not worry about the source of the vaccine and if he feels any guilt, he can skip the vaccination drive as it is a voluntary exercise. Amit knows that this is the only opportunity for him and his wife to get vaccines immediately. When Amit asks for his wife's opinion, she advises him to be thankful that Mr. Chadda has arranged the vaccines for them and that people in the villages are safer as villages are less congested.
Amit is now in a conundrum over whether he should get vaccine shots for him and his wife that are meant for rural people. He is also not sure whether he should report the matter to government of ficials or not. Apart from facing danger of contracting Covid-19, the decision to report would also lead to many other old and vulnerable residents of the society to miss out on the vaccine. With reference to this case study:
a) Bring out and discuss the ethical dilemmas involved in this case.
b) What is the best course of action for Amit? What ethical principles should he consider before taking any future action?
(250 words, 20 marks)

कोविड -19 की दूसरी लहर के दौरान, एक पॉश महानगरीय समाज के निवासी. अमित अपने और अपनी पत्नी के लिए कोविड -19 टीकाकरण स्लॉट की सख्त तलाश कर रहे थे। उनकी पत्नी डायबिटिक हैं और अस्थमा से भी पीड़ित हैं। सरकार ने टीकाकरण की प्रगति पर नज़र रखने के साथ-साथ टीकाकरण आवंटन की पारदर्शिता बनाए रखने के लिए एक ऑनलाइन पंजीकरण प्रक्रिया शुरू की है। हालांकि, अत्याधिक मांग के बावजूद इसकी आपूर्ति बहुत ही कम है और टीकाकरण के लिए स्लॉट बुक करना बहुत मुश्किल हो गया है। अमित ने अपने और अपनी पत्नी के लिए एक ऑनलाइन स्लॉट दर्ज करने की कोशिश की, लेकिन लाखों अन्य लोगों की तरह, वह एक स्लॉट बुक करने में असमर्थ था। उन्होंने अपने आस-पास की सभी स्वास्थ्य सुविधाओं केंद्रों का भी दौरा किया और सरकारी अधिकारियों से टीकों के लिए अनुरोध भी किया, लेकिन कोई फायदा नहीं हुआ। वे जानते थे कि उनके समाज के अध्यक्ष श्री चड्ढा राजनीतिक रूप से जुड़े हुए व्यक्ति हैं और टीकों की ब्यवस्था कर सकते हैं। जब अमित ने श्री चड्डा से संपर्क किया, तो उन्होंने अमित को बताया कि उनके पास अन्य सदरय भी हैं और वह पूरे समाज के लिए टीका लगवाने की कोशिश कर रहे हैं।
कुछ दिनों बाद समाज के सभी पात्र सदस्यों के निःशुल्क टीकाकरण के लिए सोसायटी में कैंप लगाया गया है। अमित ने टीकाकरण अभियान में स्वयंसेवा करने का फैसला किया। स्वेच्छा से, उन्होंने पाया कि वैक्सीन बॉक्स पर फॉर पब्लिक हेल्थ सेंटर, ग्राम गुमला लिखा हुआ है। अमित समझ गया कि ये टीके एक ग्रामीण क्षेत्र के लिए हैं, लेकिन इस सोसायटी को डायवर्ट कर दिए गए हैं। वह इस मामले को श्री चड्डा के संज्ञान में लाते हैं। श्री चड्डा अमित से कहते हैं कि उन्हें टीके के स्रोत के बारे में चिंता नहीं करनी चाहिए और यदि उन्हें कोई दोप लगता है, तो वे टीकाकरण अभियान को छोड़ सकते हैं क्योंकि यह एक स्वैच्छिक अभ्यास है।
 society is organising vaccination camp by using vaccines meant for a rural community.

$\rightarrow$ (4) Society as a whole.
$\rightarrow$ (5) Government
a) The ethical dilemmas faced by Amit are -

1) Welfare of self vs the who deserve

Here Amit has to choose between vaccination of his and his wife or the people of village for which it is meant to. Also the failure of the government to supply timely vaccine also adds to dilemma.
 that slot of vaccines for villages whereas Mr. Chadda used his political influence to get undue gain.
3) Being a whistleblower vs. passive beneficiary

Amit has to choose between what is just and whether to report the issue to the authorities.
b) $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Best course of action }}{} \rightarrow \\ & \text { (i) Refrain from getting vaccinated - }\end{aligned}$.

Since it is against the principle of rule of law, Amit should not get what is not his. As the action would lead to moral corruption.
(2) Ensure others also get to know As the PHC vaccines are distributed to souety, Amit should inform other residents and they should collectively
$\frac{\mid 105735 \text { 41080_1910026182_(2021-12_26, M4:00:21) }}{\text { ask Mr. Chadda to return the box. }}$, should inform local police and health authority about the syphoning of the villagers.

Ethical principles to be considered
(1) Justice - As the rural population is not digitally literate generally, it is government's duty to ensure their vaccination. Thus it is against justice principle to syphon off their entitlements.
(2) Compassion - Amit has to balance compassion for his wife, residents and for the rural citizens.
(3) Rule of law - Being a responsible citizen, he should report the issue so that corrective action can be taken.

Q.8) Satish owns an ad agency which is doing very good in terms of revenue and online ratings. The creative and innovative working environment has led to a good reputation of the new company and Satish is anticipating a few big contracts from potential clients in near future. Satish attributes the success of his new agency to his very capable creative director who is instrumental in designing the content of his company's work. One day, Satish received a completed advertisement from his creative director for a daily consumer product. Satish as well as the concerned client were very impressed with the content and congratulated the creative director for his work and approved it to be launched.

However, after a few days of the launch of the advertisement, Satish started receiving threats from a particular section of the community to withdraw the advertisement as it, according to them, had hurt their religious sentiments. Although Satish himself approved the advertisement, now there is pressure from an influential political leader of the concerned community to remove the creative director for offending the religious sentiments of the community. Satish is threatened of dire consequences if he does not remove the creative director. The situation has left Satish stressed and very worried as the threats through calls and messages are targeted towards his family members as weil. More so the advertisement is receiving immense oninte troliing on popular social media piatforms like Twitter, Facebook etc. Morphed pictures of Satish are being circulated in the social media platforms and he fears that the same might be done with his family members.
This whole incident has caused Satish great psychological and emotional strain. His ad agency depends a lot on social media platforns for marketing and the massive amount of trolling is bringing a very bad name to his agency, thus significantly reducing the ratings and business credibility of his new firm. He has also received information from an executive of a big company that his contract for making a series of promotional videos and advertisements could be cancelled as the company does not want to associate with him due to the current controversy. Satish was counting on this project and its cancellation will lead him towards a considerable financial loss. As a concerned owner Satish consulted his legal team which advised him to withdraw the advertisement even though there was nothing legally imprudent in the content in order to save the image and retain the clients of the firm. They also informally advised Satish to agree to the demands of removing the creative director in order to placate the angry members of the community. Satish as a young entrepreneur has always supported independent thinking and creative content and finds himself in a dilemma.
a) You are a friend of Satish and he turns to you for counsel in this difficult situation. Help him identify various ethical issues involved in this situation and suggest to him the most suitable course of action.
b) 'Censorship by voice and defamation' on social media has become a disturbing scenario. What according to you motivates the social media users to engage in online bullying?
(250 words, 20 marks)

सतीश एक विज्ञापन एजेंसी के मालिक हैं जो राजस्व और ऑनलाइन रेट्टिंग के मामले में बहुत अच्छा कर रही है। रचनात्मक और अभिनव कार्य वातावरण ने नई कंपनी की श्रेप्ठतन प्रतिप्ठा को र्थापित किया है और सतीश निकट भविश्य में संभावित ग्राहकों से कुछ बड़े अनुदंधों की उम्नीद कर रहे हैं। सतीश अपनी नई एजेंसी की सफलता का श्रेय अपने बहुत ही सक्षम रचनात्मक निर्देशक को देते हैं, जो उनकी कंपनी के काम की सामी़ को डिजाइ़ करने में महत्वपूर्ण भूगिका निभाते है। एक दिन, सतीश को अपने क्रिएटिद ड़ायरेपटर से एक दैनिक उपनोक्ता उत्पाद का लिए एक पूरा विज्ञापन मिला। सतीए के साथ-साथ संबंधित ग्राहक सामगी से बहुत प्रभावित हुए और क्रिएटिव डावरेक्टर को उनके काम के लिए बधाई दी और इसे लॉन्च करने की मंजूरी दी।
हालांकि, दिश्ञापन के लॉन्च होने के कुछ दिनों के बाद, सतीश को समुदाय के एक विशेष वर्ग से विज्ञापन वापस लेने की धनकियां मिलने लगी. क्योंकि उनके अनुसार, इससे उनकी धार्मिक भावनाओं को ठेस पहुंदी ही।

हालांकि सतीश मे खुद ⿵िक्ञापन को मंजूरी दी थी，लकिन अम संबकित समुदाय के एक प्रमावशाली रुजनीतिक नेता द्वारा
 नही हटाने पर सतीश को गंभीर परिणाग भुगतने की धमकी दी जारी हि। रिणति ने रतीक को तगावग्रत और चहुत चितित कर दिया है वयोंकि कॉल और संदेशों के भाध्यम से परिषार के सदख्यों को लक्षित करके धमकी दी जा रही व⿰⿱⺈⿵⺆⿻二丨⿱刀⿰㇒⿻二丨冂刂 दूतना है नही इस विक्षापन को लोकपिय सोशल मीहेया प्लेटफॉर्म जैरो ट्विवटर फंराबुक आदि पर ऑनलाइन भारी ट्रोलिग मिल रही है। सतीश की मॉप्ड तरी़रे सोशल भीडिया पेटफॉर्म पर प्रसारित की जा रही हैं औः तन्हें दू है कि ऐरा उनके परिवार के सदस्यों के साथ भी किया जा सकता है।
－इस पूरी घटना ने सतीश को बहुत मानसिक और भावनात्मक रूप से तनावयसत कर दिया। उनकी विज्ञापन एजंसी मर्करटिग के लिए सोशल मीडिया प्लेटफॉर्म पर बहुत अधिक निर्भर करती है और भारी मात्रा में ट्रोलिंग उसे उनकी एजेंसी की छवि $\varepsilon$ गूमिल हो रही है．इस प्रकार उनकी नई फर्म की रेटिंग और व्यावसायिक विश्वसनीयता को काफी कम कर रही है। उन्हें एक वड़ी कंपनी के एक कार्यकारी से भी जानकारी मिली है कि प्रचार चीडियो और विज्ञापनों की एक श्रृंखला बनाने का तनका अनुबंध रद किया जा सकता है वयोंकि कंपनी मौजूदा विवाद के कारण उनके साथ जुड़ना नहीं चाहती है। सतीश इस परियोजना पर भरोसा कर रहे थे और इसके रद होने से उन्हें काफी वित्तीय नुकसान होगा। एक संबंधित स्वामी के रूप में सतीश ने अपनी कानूनी टीम से परामर्श किया，जिसने उन्हें विज्ञापन वापर लेने की सलाह दी，भले ही छवि और फर्म के ग्राहकों को बचाने के लिए सामग्री में कानूनी रूप से कुछ भी अनुचित न हो। उन्होंने अनौपचारिक रूप से सतीश को सलाह दी कि वे समुदाय के नाराज सदस्चों को शांत करने के लिए क्रिएटिव डायरेक्टर को हटाने की मांगों पर सहमत डों। एक युवा उद्यमी के रूप में सतीश ने हमेशा स्वतंत्र सोच और रचनातनक सामग्री का समर्थन किया है और खुद को एक दुविधा में पाता है।
a）आप सतीश के मित्र हैं और वह इस कठिन परिरिथति में परामर्श के लिए आपके पास आता है। इस स्थिति में शामिल विभिन्न नैतिक मुद्दों की पहचान करने में उसकी मदद करें और उसे कार्रवाई का सबसे उपयुक्त तरीका सुझाएं।
b）सोशल मीडिया पर＇ध्वनि और मानहानि द्वारा सेंसरशिप＇एक परेशान करने वाला परिदृश्य बन गया है। आपके अनुसार सोशल मीडिया उपयोगकर्ताओं को ऑनलाइन बुलिंग में शामिल होने के लिए क्या प्रेरित करता है？
（250 शब्द， 20 अंक）
a）In the above case study，satish＇s ad agency is facing trolls for 4 particular commercial．This has put the image，finances and organisation of the company at stake．
a）Ethical issues involved in the above situation $\rightarrow$
（1）culture of mob censorship．
（2）Very sensitive religious sentiments
 values
(7) Professional ethics vs. mobocracy.

* Course of Action -
(1) Stick to the ethical stand-

As any change of action may send the signal that satish was wrong.
(2) Use media to justify the ad - satish
should use print as well as digital, social media to put forth his side. Also show that now his actions were not intended to hurt someone's feelings.
 of the company for which ad was made, a press note can be issued.
(4) Not to fire the creative director - As he is very valuable asset and done nothing wrong.
b) Censorship on social media and bullying has been on rise due to -
(1) Anonymity - social media is nameless media where accountability is difficult to ascertain.
(2) Fake news - It is easy to morph images, videos to distort facts - this leads to enranging a particular group.
(3) Digital illiteracy - Despite wide use of social media, our society lacks digital literacy.
(5) Fast spread and circulation ensures people to follow mobmentality.

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Structure
Presentation

Question
Interpretation

## Content

## Value

Addition

Total
Q.9) Niranjanpur is a tribal dominated sub-division in Sujhpur district. Niranjanpur is located around a lake and tribal communities have inhabited the area for ages. Lake is considered sacred by the tribals and is worshiped in the form of a Goddess. The tribals of Niranjanpur believe that the lake is vital for their survival and brings good luck to the inhabitants of the area. Niranjanpur is very rich in mineral wealth and is central to mining activities of a big Multinational Company. The mining work by the company is done in violation of various environmental safety procedures. In the past, tribals as well as environmental activists have raised their concerns regarding the blatant disregard of the mining company for the local environment. However, the administration and government have failed to take any concrete action against the big multinational company.
One day, when the mining activity in the company was in progress a tank carrying a hazardous carcinogenic chemical accidently fell into the lake. The chemical could be detrimental to the lives of the tribals and their cattle which are dependent on the lake for their daily needs. In case of continued exposure, the chemical has the capacity to cause several deformities to the body and is particularly harmful for infants, pregnant women, and elderlies with a compromised immune system. Understanding the gravity of the incident and its consequences, the management of the company reported the incident to the local administration. A team of officials was immediately dispatched to Niranjanpur to convince the tribals to stop the usage of lake water and move away from the lake. The tribals, however, were not ready to listen to the officials as the administration had not taken any action against the mining company earlier. The situation got murkier when the continued insistence of the officials to move the tribals away from the area resulted in a violent clash, in which two government officials got severely injured.
On one hand, tribals believed that moving away from the lake would bring bad luck, on the other hand, they also had the suspicion that the local officials were hand in glove with the mining company. The incident gained attention of the media and highlighted the inability of the local administration in dealing with the situation. As the DM of Sujhpur, you face a trilemma of a chemical/health hazard, safety of the locals and a demoralized staff that refuses to engage with the tribals.
In such a complex situation, what will be your response? Examine the qualities of a public servant which will be required to manage the situation.

निरंजनपुर सुजहपुर जिले में एक आदिवासी बहुल उप-मंडल है। निरंजनपुर झील और आदिवासी समुदायों के आसपास स्थित है आदिवासियों द्वारा झील को पवित्र माना जाता है और इसे देवी के रूप में पूजा जाता है। निरंजनपुर के आदिवासियों का मानना है कि झील उनके अस्तित्व के लिए महत्वपूर्ण है और क्षेत्र के निवासियों के लिए सौभाग्य लाती है। निरंजनपुर खनिज संपदा में बहुत समृद्ध है और एक बड़ी बहुराष्ट्रीय कंपनी की खनन गतिविधियों का केंद्र है। कंपनी द्वारा खनन कार्य विभिन्न पर्यावरणीय सुरक्षा प्रक्रियाओं के उल्लंघन में किया जाता है। अतीत में, आदिवासियों के साथ-साथ पर्यावरण कार्यकर्ताओं ने स्थानीय पर्यावरण के लिए खनन कंपनी की घोर अवहेलना के संबंध में अपनी चिंता व्यक्त की है। हालांकि, प्रशासन और सरकार बड़ी बहुराप्ट्रीय कंपनी के खिलाफ कोई ठोस कार्रवाई करने में विफल रही है।
एक दिन, जब कंपनी में खनन गतिविधि चल रही थी, एक खतरनाक कार्सिनोजेनिक रसायन ले जा रहा एक टैंक दुह โटनावश झील में गिर गया। रसायन आदिवासियों और उनके मवेशियों के जीवन के लिए हानिकारक हो सकता है जो अपनी दैनिक जरूरतों के लिए झील पर निर्भर हैं। निरंतर एक्सपोजर के कारण, रसायन में शरीर में कई विकृतियां पैदा करने की क्षमता होती है और विशेष रूप से कमजोर प्रतिरक्षा प्रणाली वाले शिशुओं, गर्भवती महिलाओं और बुजुर्गों के लिए हानिकारक होती है। घटना की गंभीरता और उसके परिणामों को समझते हुए, कंपनी के प्रबंधन ने स्थानीय प्रशासन को घटना की सूचना दी। आदिवासियों को झील के पानी के उपयोग को रोकने ओर झील से दूर जाने हेतु मनाने के लिए अधिकारियों की टीम को तुरंत निरंजनपुर भेजा गया। हालांकि, आदिवासी अधिकारियों की एक सुंनने को तैयार नहीं थे क्योंकि प्रशासन ने पहले खनन कंपनी के खिलाफ कोई कार्रवाई नहीं की थी. रिथति तब और खराब हो गई जब अधिकारियों द्वारा अदिदासियों को क्षेत्र से दूर ले जाने की लगातार जिद के कारण हिंसक झड़प हुई, जिसमें दो सरकारी अधिकारी गंभीर रूप से घायल हो गए।


1) Myself as the DM of sujhpur district
2) Tribals of Niranjanpur
3) The $M N C$
4) Environment, lake etc.
5) Government
6) society.

The lake of Niranjanpur has got exposed to hazardous chemical. But due to their beliefs, tribals are resisting relocation which has resulted in violent clash.

1) The course of action as DM

Instead of giving knee-jerk reaction, taking multiple factors in account, following broad course of action can be followed.

(1) Avoiding immediate exposure to the contaminated water.
i) Deploying force along the lake
ii) Making alternate facility of water.
iii) Engaging with the leader of tribal.
(2) Persuation for relocation - The tribal
i) population should be ensured pursued through local political leader accompanied by concerned minister.
ii) Also promising them speedy corrective steps.
(3) Remedial Action.
i) Using the team of experts, the harmful
content should be filtered out from the lake.
(4) Punishing the culprit. .
i) Through foct-based investigation, the concerned MNC should be prosecuted,
ii) Bringing back trust of tribals in administration through remedial steps.
2) Qualities of public servant necessary in the above situation are -
(1) Emotional intelligence - to handle the violent situation and take immediate response to prevent escalation.
(2) Communication skills - to pursue tribal about what is necessary in the above situation. Also to pursue higher authorities to engage with tribals.
(3) Objectivity - To deal with case involving a big MCN and tribal community.
 of administrative machinery high in the face of adverse situation.

Therefore in the above case study, the justice must be done by prosecuting the culprit and ensuring right to life and consewe their culture (art.24) in the constitution.

| (For OFFICE use on |
| :--- |
| Structure/ <br> Presentation |
|  |
| Question <br> Interpretation |
| Content |
| Value |
| Addition |
|  |
| Total |

Q.10) Kuldeep is an honest senior officer working in Narcotics Contol Burean (NCB) in one of the states in Westem India. The state has been in news for a trend of increasing drugusage among the vouth. One day, he received a tip-off regarding a drug party. He conducted a raid and detamed all the persons present on the venue. One of the detainees was Raghav, the son of a wealthy and politically comected businessman. He was in an intoxicated state and mishehaved with the NCB personnel on duty, waming them of dire consequences for detaming him. During frisking, Raghav was found to be in possession of contraband drugs. He was arrested and this news went viral on social media.
Soon after the arrest, Kuldeep received a call from his senior who asked Kuldeep to apprise him of the case. During the conversation his senior dropped a subtle hint that as Raghav is a well comected individual, going after him could be a career damaging case for Mr. Kuldeep and he should quietly settle the case for his own good. Kuldeep understood that his senior wanted him to drop charges against Raghav and set him free. However. Kuldeep has decided to pursue the case and follow the law.
Few days after the arrest, a case was filed by Raghav's father alleging that Kuldeep has asked for money in return of ubopping case against his son. Some people on social media have rabed duadi on educational qualification of Kuldeep and few have made even distasteful remarks on his personal life. These allegations were widely covered in electronic media putting Kuldeep and his entire family under immense psychological pressure. In response to the allegations, the government has setup an inquiry panel to look into the matter. The inquiry panel promptly seeks Kuldeep's explanation.
Some of the options available with Kuldeep to handle this situation could be as follows:
a) Kuldeep can present his case to the inquiry panel and go soft on the investigation of the case.
b) Kuldeep can present his case to the inquiry panel and continue firmly with the case.
c) Kuldeep can ignore the inquiry panel and directly approach the media with the case findings and his side of the story.
Suggest any other possible option(s) that can be availed by Kuldeep. Evaluate all of them and suggest the best course of action, giving reasons for it.
(250 words, 20 marks)

कुलदीप पश्चिमी भारत के एक राज्य में नारकोटिक्स कंट्रोल ब्यूरो $(\mathrm{NCB})$ में कार्यरत एक ईमानदार वरिष्ठ अधिकरी हैं। राज्य युवाओं में नशीली दवाओं के उपयोग में वृद्धि की प्रवृत्ति के लिए चर्चा में रहा है। एक दिन, उन्हें एक ड्रग पर्टी के बारे में सूचना मिली। उन्होंने छापेमारी की और कार्यक्रम स्थल पर मौजूद सनी लोगों को हिरासत में लिया। बंदियों में से एक राधव एक धनी और राजनीतिक रूप से जुड़े व्यवसायी का बेटा था। वह नशे की हालत में था और ड्यूटी पर तैनात NCB कर्मियों के साथ दुर्य्यहहार किया और उन्हें हिरासत में लेने के गंभीर परिणाम भुगतने की चेतावनी दी। तलाशी के दौरान राघव के पास प्रतिबंधित मादक पदार्थ पाया गया। उन्हें गिरफ्तार कर लिया गया और यह खबर सोशल मीडिया पर वायरल हो गई।

गिरफ्तारी के तुरंत बाद. कुलदीप को उसके सीनियर का फोन आया जिसने कुलदीप को मामले से अवगत कराने को कहा। बतचीती के दौरान उनके सीनियर ने एक सूर्ष्म संकेत दिया कि राघव एक अच्छी तरह से जुड़ा हुआ व्यक्ति है, उसके पीछे जाना श्री कुलदीप के लिए करियर को नुकतान पहुंचने वाला मामला हो सकता है और उसे चुपचाप मामले को अपने भले के लिए निपटाना चाहिए। कुलदीप समझ गया कि उसका सीनियर चाहता है कि वह राघव के खिलाफ लगे आरोपों को छोड़ दे और उस मुक्त कर दे। हालांकि, कुलदीप ने मामले को आगे बढ़ाने और कानून का पालन करने का फैसला किया है। निरज्ताशी के कुछ दिनों दाद राघव के पिता ने माभला दर्ज कर आरोप लगाया कि कुलदीप ने अपने बेटे के खिलाफ केस छंतने के एवज में पैसे मांगे हैं सोशल मीडिया पर कुछ लोगों ने कुलदीप की शैक्षणिक योग्यता पर संदेह जताया है तो कुछ ने उनके निजी जीवन पर अभद्र टिखणी मी की है. कुलदीप और उनफे पृरे परिपार को भारी मनोवेज्ञानिक द्वाव मे जालते हुए इन आरोपों को इल्लेक्ट्रॉनिक मीडिया में व्यापक रूप से कबर किया गया था। आरोपों के जदाब में, सरकार ने मामले को देखने के लिए एक जांच पैनल का गठन किया है। जांच पैनल तुरंत कुलदीद से स्पप्टीकरण मांगता है।

The stakeholders in the above case steady are -
(1) Kuldep - an honest officer of NCB
(2) Businessman and his son - Raghav
(3) Government
(4) Society
(Option-a) kuldeep can present his case to inquiry panel and go soft on case-
Merits
(1) going soft will avoid personal loss.
(2) Adherence to the rules by facing
the panel.


Demerits
(1) Will be against
professional ethics.
(2) Going soft will
be against rule of law.
(3) Shows lack of equity
in governance.
 media with findings and story.

Merits
(1) Speedy dissimination of information to people.
(2) garner public support.

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Demerits
(1) Against the code of conduct of ail series.
(2) May jeopardise the procedure of justice.
 by the officers on both the fronts.
(2) The selflessness in public service puts personal gains below the societal welfare thus personal inwrvenience should be tolerated.
(3) If will show that the administration is equal to all - an ordinary citizen and wealthy businessman thus help to build public confidence.

Therefore an honest officer like kuldeep should poss the fest of infesrity While upholding his duty of preventing menance of anegs.

Q.11) Swiknti is a famous NGO working towards providing healthcare to the needy and homeless. In the past, it had been instrumental in extension of government health schemes to the villages and hinterlands. Its record for bona fide public service is well recognized across the globe. For its zealous service, in the field of health care, its owner, Karamveer, a Lok Sabha MP, has been awarded the prestigious Ramon Magsaysay award. When a deadly disease engulfed the country recently, Swikriti, was one of the pioncers in aiding the public through providing essential medicines, ration supply and arranging hospital beds for the patients in need. The owner of Swikriti was personally overseeing the relief work in his constituency where the disease was particularly destructive.
He was informed by one of his assistants that a majority of people in his constituency are socioeconomically backward and could not afford the expensive medicines required to control the disease. He was exhorted to leverage the resources of his NGO to ensure a stable supply of medicine to his people. It would, he was told, not only be an act of public service, but could also be very helpful for his political career as the next round of Lok Sabha elections were just round the corner. Karamveer saw this as an opportunity to help the needy in his constituency, and accordingly decided to distribute the medicines for the disease free of cost. On the directions of Karamveer, the director of the NGO purchased two million packets of the essential medicine.
The medicines were stocked in the office premises of the Swikniti and were earmarked to be distributed in Karamveer's Lok Sabha constituency. The bulk purchase of the medicine, however, caused a supply shortage in the market and the medicine became out of reach for many seriously ill patients outside Karmaveers constituency. The supply shortage was a factor in creating a condition of panic and caused severe stress to the patients. After the news of drug shortage reached the media, a complaint was filed at the drug controller's office. An investigation was conducted and it was found that Swikriti and its owner were prima facie guilty of violating the provisions of Drugs and Cosmetics Act. Beside depriving the people outside his constituency their right to purchase the medicine, Swikriti and its owner were found to be illegally purchasing, stocking and distributing it.
Swikriti in an official statement said that though it violated the provisions of a statute its intentions were bona fide and it was driven not by a motive of profit but to help the poor and needy. Evidence also suggested that free distribution of X in Karamveer's constituency helped save lives of many economically backward people who otherwise could not have afforded the medicine. The whole incident was widely circulated in the social media platform and the users were divided in their opinion. While one section applauded the act of Swikriti, for serving the poor and needy, the other criticized it for illegally hoarding essential medicine and causing a state of panic in the city.
You are the drug controller and are appointed by the court to investigate the case. There are two options before you:
a) You ought to take a broader view of the situation and will act leniently, as the act was not motivated by concerns for profit and has helped save lives of the poor and needy.
b) Pursue the matter strictly in spirit of the Drug and Cosmetics Act, which has provision for both jail and fine, as the incident was illegal and caused panic in the people.
As the drug controller, which course of action will you opt for and why?
(250 words, 20 marks)

स्वीकृति एक प्रसिद्ध गैर सरकारी संगठन है जो जरूरतमंद और बेघरों को स्वास्थ्य सेवा प्रदान करने की दिशा में काम कर रहा है। अतीत में. यह गांवों और भीतरी इलाकों में सरकारी स्वास्थ्य योजनाओं के विस्तार में सहायक रहा है। प्रामाणिक सार्वजनिक सेवा के लिए इसका रिकॉर्ड दुनिया भर में अच्छी तरह से पहचाना जाता है। स्वारश्य देखभाल के क्षेत्र में उनकी जोशीली सेवा के लिए, इसके मालिक लोकसभा सांसद करमवीर को प्रतिष्टित रमन मैग्सेसे पुररकार से सम्नानित किया गया है।

 स्वीकृते के मालिक अुक्तिगत रूप से अपने निर्वाचन क्षेत में राहत कार्भ की देखरेखा कर रहे थे जहा यह दीमारी विश्ष रूप से विनाशकारी धी।
उनके एक सहायक ने सनहें सूचित किया कि उनके निव्वाचन क्षेत्र के अचिकाश लोग समाजिक-आर्विक रूप सो पिछडे है और बीमारी को नियंत्रित करने के लिए आवश्यक महंगी दचाएं नही खरीद सकते। उनहे अपने लोगों को दता की सिथर आप. ति सुनिश्चित करने के लिए अपने एनजीओ के संसाधनों का लाभ उठाने के लिए प्रोत्साहित किया गया था। उन्हें वताया गया था कि यह न केवल सार्यजनिक सेवा का कार्य होगा, वल्कित उनके राजनीतिक जीवन के लिए भी वहुत मददगार हो सकता है वयोंकि लोकसभा चुनाव का अगला दौर निकट ही था। करमवीर ने इसे अपने निर्वाचन क्षेत्र में जरूरतमंदों की मदद करने के अवसर के रूप में देखा. और तदनुसार बीमारी के लिए दवाओं को गुफ्त में वितरित करने का फंसला किया। करमीवर के निर्देश पर एनजीओ के निदेशक ने आवश्यक दवा के 20 लाख पैकेंट खरीदे।
दवाओं का स्टॉक स्थीकृति के कार्यालय परिसर में किया गया था और उन्हें करमवीर के लोकसगा क्षेत्र में वितरित करने के लिए निर्धारित किया गया था। हालांकि, दवा की थोक खरीद ने बाजार में आपूर्ति की कमी का कारण बना और कर्मवीर के निर्वाचन क्षेत्र के बाहर गभीर रूप से बीमार कई रोगियों के लिए दवा पहुंच से बाहर हो गई। आपूत्ति की कमी दहरत की र्थिति पैदा करने का एक कारक थी और इससे रोगियों को गंभीर तनाव हुआ। दवा की कमी की ख्यदार मीडिया तक पहुंचने
 मालिक ड्रग एंड कॉस्मेटिक्स एक्ट के प्रावधानों के उल्लंघन के लिए प्रथम दृष्टया दोधी थे। अपने निर्वांचन क्षेत्र के याहर के लोगों को दवा खरीदने के अधिकार से वंचित करने के अलावा, स्वीकृति और उसके मालिक को अवैध रूप से इसे खरीदना. त्टॉक करना और दितह्ति करना पाया गय।
स्चोकृति ने एक अधिकलिक बयान में कहा कि हालांकि इसने एक कानून के प्रादधानों का उल्लंहन किया है, इसको इरादे नेक थे और यह लाभ के उदेश्य से नहीं वल्कि गरीबों और जरुतटमंदों की मदद करने के लिए ग्रेशित धा। साध्य ने यह भी सुझाव दिया कि करमवीर के निर्वाचन क्षेत्र में एक्स के मुपत वितरण ने कई आर्थिक रूप से दिछड़े लोगो के जीवन को बचाने में मदद की. जो अन्यथा दवा का खर्च नहीं उठा सकते थे। पूरी घटना को सोशल मीडिया प्लेटफॉर्म पर व्याजक रूप से प्रसारित किया गया और उपयोगकर्ताओं को उनकी राय में विभाजित किया गया। जहां एक वर्ग ने गरीबों और जरूरतमंदों की सेवा करने के लिए स्विकृति के कार्य की सराहना की. वही दुस्रे ने अवैच रूप से आवश्यक ददाओं की जमाखोरी और शहर में दहशत की स्थिति पैंदा करने के लिए इसकी आलोचन की।
आप ड्रण कंट्रोलर हैं और मानले की जांच के लिए कोर्ट ने आपकों नियुक्त किया है। आपके सामने दो विकल्प हैं:
a) आपको स्थिति के बारे में व्यापक दृष्टिकोण रखना चाहिए और नरमी से कार्य करना चाहिए, क्योंकि कार्य लाभ के लिए चिताओं से प्रेरित नहीं था और इसने गरीबों और जरूरतमंदों के जीवन को बचाने में मदद की है।
b) ड्रग एंड कॉस्नेटिक्स एक्ट की भावना से मामले का सख्ती से पालन करें, जिसमें जेल और जुर्माना दोनों का प्रावधान है, क्योंकि यह घटना अवैध थी और लोगों में दहशत फैल गई थी।
ड्रग कंट्रोलर के रूप में आप कौन-सी कार्रवाई चुनेंगे और क्यों?
The stakeholders in the above case study are-


a) Take lenient action -

Justification - D The NGO actions altimately led to the welfare of people
2) The intentions were good.

Issues-

1) Violation of law in purchase, distribution
2) Wrong means to attain good ends.
3) Using political favour in distorting resource distribution.
intentions
Thus though the were bonafide, it bypasses the proper legal system and uses the NGO for political gain by violating the laws.
b) Pursue matter strictly

Justification - I) It is according to the rule of law.
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 2) It will help to prom } \\ \text { the subjection to la } \\ \text { equality before law. }\end{array}\right.$
3) The fair and equitable distribution of dregs through administrative machinery will be ensured.

Course of Action
Option- b should be chosen because it is the most appropriate choice which ensures impartiality and objectivity
of a civil servant.
Also constitutional values of Equality before law cart.14) and directive principles (art.39) - equitable resource distribution are upheld.

After all, irrespective of ends achieved what means are followed makes on action ethical according to deontology.
 group 6-13 years towards violence against women. Experiment started with simple questions where boys were asked ther name, aspirations and dreams, Then a girl of their age was introduced to them and a casual conversation was facilitated between boys and girls. During the experiments. boys were instructed to engage in simple activities like hand shaking, high fiving etc. with girls. In the end, boys were asked to slap the girl. Upon hearing the instruction boys looked confused initially, but ultimately all the boys refused to slap the girl. The experiments showed that at a younger age, boys believed that it was wrong for them to hit another person, especially a girl. This experiment also suggested that violence against women is not something that comes naturally to boys. However, this attitude changes drastically as boys grow up to be adults. Data from the National Family Health Survey-4 revealed that for the entire country, $42 \%$ of men think that a husband was justified in hitting or beating his wife. A more wortying trend was that an even larger portion, $52 \%$, of women believe that it was acceptable for them to be hit by their husbands. National Crime Record Bureau ( NCRB ) data shows an increasing trend of domestic violence against women in the country. Further, the Covid-19 induced lockdowns brought a shadow pandemic for women where they were exposed to higher degree of domestic violence. Based on the above observations, answer the following questions:
a) Why does the attitude of boys change towards girls when they grow up?
b) What explains the higher acceptance of domestic violence among women than men?
c) What can be done to bring desirable changes in the attitude of society towards women?
(250 words. 20 marks)

6-13 वर्ष आयु वर्ग के लड़कों के रैैये का मूल्यांकन करन के लिए महिलाओं के खिलाफ हिंसा के प्रति एक सानाजिक प्रयोग उउसे थपड़ मारों आयोजित किया गया था। प्रयोग की शुरुआत साधारण प्रश्नों से हुई जहां लड़कों से उनका नाम, आकांक्षाएं और सप्ने पूछे गए। फिर उनसे उनकी उम्र की एक लड़की का परिचय कराया गया और लड़कों और लड़कियों के बीच एक अनौपचारिक बातचीत की सुविधा प्रदान की गई। प्रयोगों के दौरान लड़कों को लड़कियों के साथ हाथ मिलाने, हाई फाइविंग आदि साधारण गतिविधियों में शामिल होने का निर्देश दिया गया। अंत में लड़कों को लड़की को थप्पड़ मारने के लिए कहा गया। निर्देश सुनकर लडके शुरू में भ्रनित दिखे, लेकिन आखिरकार सभी लड़कों ने लड़की को थप्पड़ मारने से इनकार कर दिया। प्रयोगों से पता चला कि कम उम्र में लड़कों का मानना था कि उनके लिए किसी अन्य व्यक्ति. खासकर एक लड़की को मारना गलत था। इस प्रयोग ने यह भी सुझाव दिया कि महिलाओं के खिलाफ हिंसा कोई ऐसी चीज नहीं है जो लडकों में स्वाभाविक रूप से आती है।

हालॉकि, जैसे-जैसे लड़के बड़े होते हैं, यह रवैया काफी हद तक बदल जाता है। नेशनल फैमिली हेल्थ सर्वे-4 के आंकड़ों से पता चला है कि पूरे देश में 42 प्रतिशत पुरुष सोचते हैं कि एक पति ने अपनी पत्नी को मारना या पीटना जायज है। इससे भी अधिक चिताजनक प्रवृत्ति यह थी कि इससे भी बड़ा हिस्सा. 52 प्रतिशत, महिलाओं का मानना है कि यह उनके लिए उनके पतियों द्वारा प्रहार किए जाने के लिए स्वीकार्य था। राप्ट्रीय अपराघ रिकॉर्ड व्यूरो (NCRB) के आंकड़े देश में महिलाओं के खिलाफ घरेलू हिसा की बढ़ती प्रवृत्ति को दर्शाते हैं। इसके अलावा, कोविड -19 प्रेरित लॉकडाउन महिलाओं के लिए एक छद़म महाभारी लेकर आया. जहां वे घरेलू हिसा के उच्च रत्तर के संपर्क में थीं। उपरोक्त प्रेक्षणों के आधार पर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए :
a) लड़कियों के बड़े होने पर लडकों का नजरिया उनके प्रति क्यों बदल जाता है?
b) पुरुषों की तुलना में नहिलाओं में घरेलू हिसा की उचच स्वीकृति की व्याख्या क्या करती है?
c) महिलाओं के प्रति समाज के दृष्टिकोण में वांछनीय परिवर्तन लाने के लिए क्या किया जा सकता है?
(250 शब्द, 20 अंक)
 due to-
(i) change in perception due to exposure to the social reality.
(2) With the use of social media, cinemas which are full of misogynist content and objectify women.
(3) To establish dominance in the group. acceptance
(4) Passive acception by the girls further encourage the violent behaviour.
(5) Lack of deterrance due to the weak social values and law and order enforcement.
b) Acceptance of domestic violence -
(1) Due to patriarcal sowety which makes husband superior to wife.

| 105735_41080_1910026182_(202112026140:21), Economic dependence on the husband. |
| :--- |
| (2), |

(3) Lack of redressal mechanism - The perception of non-cooperation by police and relatives.
c) Solution -
(1) Gender sensitive education to be included in the curriculum.
(2) Women given control of resources by nudge theory.

Ex. Women ownership of LPG, PM-Awas
(3) Educational and economic empowerment.
(4) Society level campaigns by government by promoting role models like Mary Rom, actors like vidya Balan to change attitude

Therefore gender equality con be brought by changing all the three components of attitude - Affective, Behavioral and $\log n i f i v e$.
Email : freptesh a lurumias.academy

(Don'l Write
anything in this A

Question
Interpretation

Content
$\qquad$ ;

Value
Addition

## Mentor Feedback Questions

1

2 $\qquad$

3

4

5

Test Goal
1


2 $\qquad$
$\square$

3 .................................................................. $\quad \square$

Outcomes
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Marking Scheme

| Mark | Good | Average | Below average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 Marker | $3.75-5.0$ | 3.0-3.5 | $<3.0$ |
| 15 Marker | $5.75-7.0$ | 4.0-5.5 | $<4.0$ |
| $V$ | Key / Relevant Point |  |  |
| $x$ | Vague / Irrelevant |  |  |

* Subject to change without prior notice.


[^0]:     $9821716{ }^{2}$ I
    

