

Answer Writing Focus Group 2.0

Revised Generic Booklet

Test Name/Code/No. : 29.....

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Mobile No.	Date	22/07/21	

Allotted Time : 60 Minutes

Key Objectives of the Program:

#1 Coverage of Syllabus - It is imperative that you prepare for the Test by visiting the WYSK - pronounced Y-Sec - What You Should Know and prepare the topics in advance. Questions are likely to come from there. Through WYSK, you will be aware of the issues that need to be covered - not just for the Test - but for the Mains exam as well. Let's not be a frog in the well - unaware of "what to study" or "what to prepare".

#2 Answer Writing Practice - Practice Writing Answers every morning before anything else gets you. Distractions primarily. With a laser beam focus write Tests for an hour every morning.

#3 Take Notes - The Answer Writing Sessions will follow with classes at sharp 9:30AM, that will augment to your knowledge. Make notes, and cover the syllabus.

#4 Stay ahead of the competition - We know the Prelims is delayed and you are in an academic vacuum. Make the most of this vacuum by working hard and staying ahead of the competition. This is the right time for Mains orientation for the next two months because we don't think extended prelims preparation at this stage is going to be any productive. And if you are productive with prelims now, you will lose productivity (and get bored) just before the exam - a recipe for disaster. Studying new things for Mains, helps break the monotony and provides a getaway. We'll be back with Prelims by end of July and race ahead.

Q. No.	Grade/Score
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Overall Grade/Score	

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Q1 Farmer suicides is a serious challenge which signifies the failure of agriculture as a economic activity and its being non remunerative, debt causing effect on farmness.

Regional variation in farmer suicide, ~~where~~ is present in India, where farmers having more dependence on monsoon ragries are more susceptible

These deaths in UP & Bihar

1. Small land holding creates small debt burden, MGNREGA & other schemes can fill the vacuum in case of failure
2. availability of groundwater for irrigation, rivers are ~~perver~~ present supplying water in all seasons
3. Migration to industrial states such as Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu for search of work act as additional Support System

High Number of Deaths in prosperous state - Maharashtra Karnataka

- (I) Relatively large land sizes, crop failure have bigger impact on the economy of farmer, making government efforts smaller and insufficient
- (II) Rainfed areas, drought prone, coming in rain shadow region, seasonal rivers make these region more volatile
- (III) dependence on cash crops in these areas requiring high input costs
- (IV) failure of agriculture reforms

India needs to improve the share of Agriculture sector in the economy. Farmers suicide should be tackled by organising farmers into cooperatives, Farmer producer organisation, SHG to increase their capability to withstand the vagaries of monsoons & resultant crop failure.

Overall Grading (✓)

Poor			Average			Good		
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Question number

Q2

Forest Rights Act (FRA), 2006 is a landmark legislation in Indian history, it recognises the role of tribals in forest conservation and management and their dependant on forest for social, cultural & economic reasons.

Forest Right Act, 2006 Empowers local Community

1. Tribal population lives in harmony with nature, its Tribal life is integrated with the forest. FRA, 2006 empowers local community by

- (I) Minor Forest produce - recognising the right of tribals over the MFPs such as ~~leaves~~ leaves, fallen fruit, bark, etc.
- (II) Role in conservation and management of the forest by allowing forest dwellers access to the forests.
- (III) Recognising the role of tribals in man traditionally and historically played role in conserving forest
- (IV) Joint forest management by tribals and forest official (department), where they work in close cooperation, Tribals provide manpower & traditional knowledge.

prevent community the theft of forest produces

- (V) Allowing use of forest & forest land for agriculture & traditional practices
- (vi) strives for increasing forest cover by sustainable development of forest
- (vii) land rights to tribals who are historically cultivating in the vicinity of forests

FRA, 2006 - Issue of poor implementation

- (i) Colonial mindset of forest officials, lack of trust had not lead to desired effect on ground.
- (ii) Exploitation of forest dwellers by official, not recognising their right over MFP
- (iii) Not recognising the land rights of forest dwellers due to lack of documents and community ownership pattern
- (iv) Failure of process of utilising Gram Sabha to recognise the rights and ownership.

FRA, 2006, needs to be implemented in letter & spirit to prevent further marginalisation of the tribal population and conserving forests.

Overall Grading (✓)

Poor			Average			Good		
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Correct question number

Q4

Agriculture sector which contributes to 18% of GDP and 48% of employment of the Indian population, it can play a crucial role in making India \$5-trillion economy.

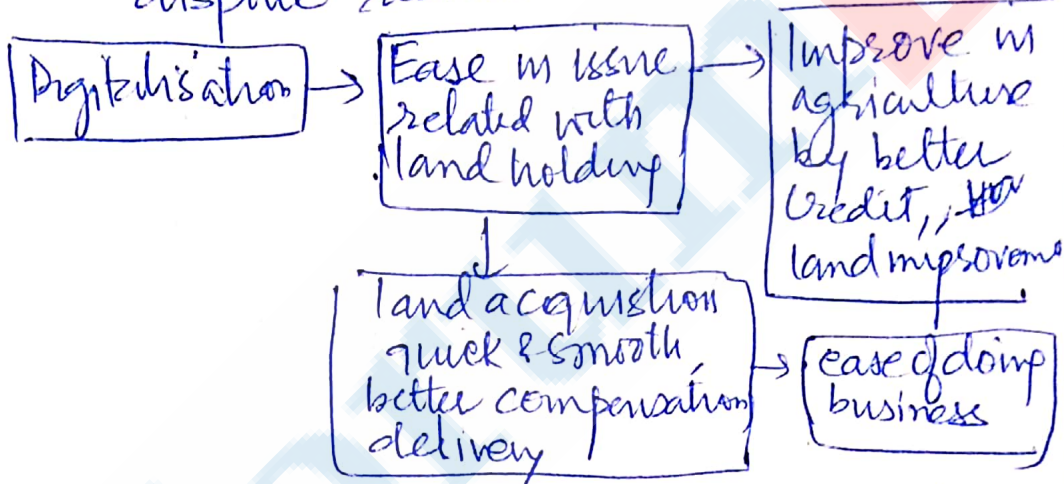
Issues plaguing Land record System

- (I) No clear titles to the land, it prevents the access to credit by banks and modernisation of land.
- (II) No proper marking on ground leads to frequent disputes sometime it turns into violent clashes.
- (III) Poor access to land records due to poor digitalisation and this managing land records in old paper methods.
- (IV) No proper taxation on land due to poor identification, it reduces the states fiscal capacity.
- (V) it hampers transfer of land, land acquisition for industry or other projects.
- (VI) Issues with the type of land in records and high burden & cumbersome process of change in type of land. eg Agriculture to commercial.

Effect of Digitalization & Conclusive Land Title & its role in \$5 trillion economy

(1) Digitalization & Conclusive Land Title

- (a) proper transfer of benefits of PM Kisan scheme, removal of ghost beneficiaries
- (b) easy transfer & change of land record
- (c) access to land records, quick dispute resolution.



- (d) proper tax collection, improve tax revenue for states
- (e) better insurance facilities, easy transfer of benefits in case of failure of crops

Digitalisation & Conclusive title have multi pronged effect on economy. it increases agriculture productivity, EODB & facilitate growth.

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Q5

India's share boundary with hostile neighbours Pakistan & China, is located between golden crescent & golden triangle of illicit drugs & opium. It also have a diverse population, having challenges of regionalism, secessionism, insurgency and communal violence.

India's internal security - Exogenous sources challenges

- (i) Cross border terrorism in Jammu & Kashmir, originating from Pakistan having state support in training & logistics
- (ii) Fake Indian Currency to destabilise Indian economy and fund separatist movement by Pakistan
- (iii) Smuggling, human trafficking, illicit trade at Bangladesh and Nepal borders
- (iv) Drug trafficking to destabilise social fabric, near the areas of Punjab which is close to golden crescent in Afghanistan and north east region which is near to golden triangle in Myanmar
- (v) Infiltration & incursion strategy by

Pakistan & China. China adopts the salami slicing policy to grab Indian land.

Internal Security Challenges- Indigenous origins

- (i) Naxalism & Red Corridor, spreading in nearly 9 states, due to development deficit and Chinese support to communist ideology
- (ii) North east insurgency where the indigenous tribal population is frequently adopting violence practices and demand secessionism, autonomy & separatism. it is now limited to statehoods e.g Naga insurgency
- (iii) Communal tension in various areas due to religious outlooks, mutual suspicion, hostility toward other religions
- (iv) Linguistic politics, federal challenges, protest from states for preservation of language
- (v) Recent internal challenges of cow mob violence, racist attacks

India has diverse security challenges. It needs a comprehensive policy with clear goals to secure its unity & integrity.

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Q7

Naxalism is a strategy to violently overthrow the government. It is based on communist ideology.

India had been grappled with Naxalism with more than 9 states are affected by it and included in Red corridors

Factors - contributing to rise of Naxalite movement

1. Failure of land reforms to provide a equitable distribution of land to poor and landless.
2. Effect of the industrial projects, mining, hydroponce projects, which had differentially affected the tribals in the region.

They are being displaced from their origin, without proper rehabilitation & compensation

3. Developmental Deficit in these areas, which are Inaccessible, lack connectivity, no visible change after

ForumIAS

- 70 years of independence
- 4) External factors - ideological support from China, which provide training, tactical support arms & ammunition to naxalites
 - 5) Governance deficit - in these regions almost absence of state, this vacuum is filled by local leaders having vested interest.
 - 6) Regional disparities and inequalities, poverty, failure of the trickle down effects.
 - 7) Failure of state in recognising the tribal rights on forests in a meaningful manner and exploitation of tribals

Impact of Governance & growth indicators

- 1) Better awareness use of legal mechanism to fight for the rights.
- 2) Participation in the democracy by the expansion of Panchayate Raj system.

- (III) Building of trust between state and citizen due to better education and healthcare facilities
- (IV) Better infrastructure and road connectivity, recognition of rights over minor forest produce, increase income of tribal
- (V) Better policing, SMART policing, identify & prevent attacks, ~~on the~~ and also prevent exploitation

India needs to do much more to curb the menace of Naxalism. Strengthening of the local bodies, Improving income, better employment, implementation of policies and laws in letter & spirit.

Naxalism can be countered effectively by development & better governance. Implementing FRA, 2006 is a better way to begin with.

Overall Grading (✓)

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Q9.

Q9

'Development' is the process of increase in income, improving quality of life of the citizen by making a reasonable upliftment in their life of citizens.

'Insurgency' are the demands and movements for autonomy, statehood & separation based on the principles of ethnicity, language and distinct culture.

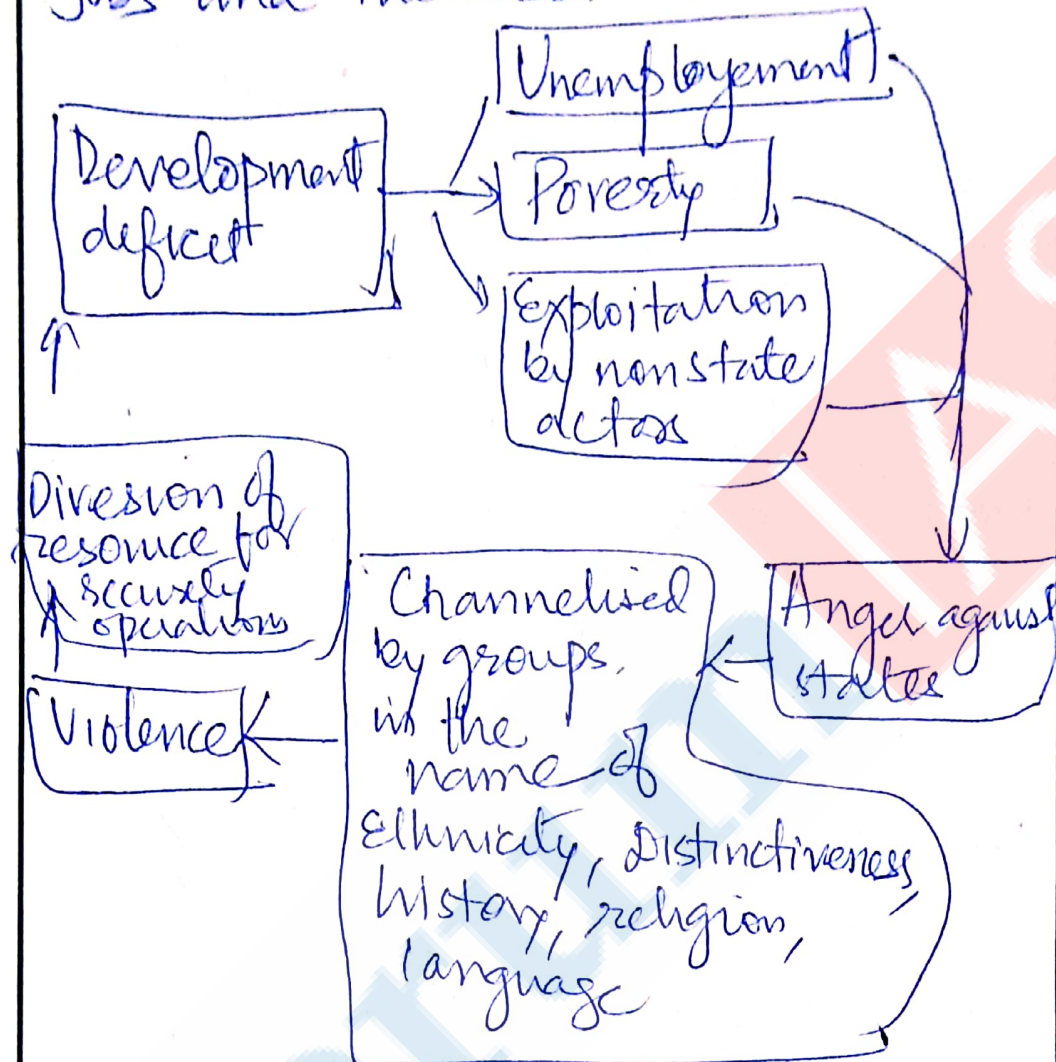
India faces insurgency in the 'Northeast region' which is directly linked with poor development of region, development deficit, infrastructure deficit.

It creates vacuum, which is captured by vested interests to fuel the ethnic, cultural feelings.

Parasitic relation between 'insurgency' & 'development'

Development ~~is~~ is achieved by better economic growth, which creates

Jobs and increases incomes.



Origin of Naxal movement

Naxal movement originated in the Naxalbari district west Bengal. It was due to failure of land reforms.

Powerful sections of society used legal loopholes to prevent the distribution of land into poor peasants.

Which lead to protest from peasant and use of violence to get rid of Zamindar & big landlords, exploiting poor. it initiated a movement where the elites were target of violence growing into Naxalism.

Failure of states to recognise regional concerns

Failure of implementation of land reform on ground, corruption, capture of political power by elites forces the state government to get slow on land reforms.

Naxalism needs a comprehensive solution, from policing, governance, development to building trust. State should implement schemes in transparent manner and build a trust in these areas.

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Q10

* PESA extends the panchayats and local self governance bodies to the tribal areas. Various kind of autonomy is provided to states in 5th & 6th schedules to facilitate the tribal self governance.

Autonomy provided in 3th schedule

- (1) Special role of governor in implementing the laws made by state legislature and Parliament. Governor can modify these laws for better governance.
- (2) Tribal advisory council with having members from tribal community to advise government.

More Autonomy in 6th schedule

1. Autonomous districts in Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram, having capability to legislate & dispense justice in specified matters.

② Special role of governance to modify laws of states legislature & Parliament

Failure of Implementation of Constitutional rights and PESA, 1996

- (i) No laws are modified by governors in scheduled areas making this provision non functional.
- (ii) Limited role of tribal advisory council, which seldom have representation from all ~~the~~ tribals. seats are captured by nontribals.
- (iii) Developmental deficit in tribal areas facing problem of poverty and indebtedness
- (iv) PESA had brought specific challenges
 - (a) failure to recognise the role of traditional institutes
 - (b) Uniform method of governance in all areas

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- (c) Conflict between traditional & modern leadership
- (d) Capture of position by elites in tribal creating class within class
- (iv) Failure of granting forest right Act and implementing its provision in letter & spirit
- (v) Failure of the ~~no~~ constitutional mandate due to lack of funds, priority, diversion and acquisition of tribal lands for projects.
- (vi) Challenges of displacement & rehabilitation

Tribal areas are facing the challenge of introduction of market economy. They should be developed on the principles of tribal Panchsheel, implementing the rights in letter & spirit can reduce the demand of more autonomy.

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