

Corrigendum/Explanation SFG 2025 Level 1 Test 2

There are no changes to the solutions/answers. Some explanations have been provided for the students who have raised doubts.

Q.2) There was a doubt raised with respect to Statement 2 i.e. “The Proclamation of Emergency can continue for a maximum period of six months at a time only if approved by resolutions of both the Houses of Parliament.”

Explanation- **The statement 2 is incorrect** as the statement talks about The Proclamation of Emergency can continue for a maximum period of six months at a time only if approved by resolutions of both the Houses of Parliament but the maximum duration of six months is **after** the proclamation is approved by both the houses or six months after the approval of the second house of the Parliament. So, maximum duration can be more than six months at a time from the date of proclamation itself but can not be more than six months at a time after the approval of the second house of Parliament. Kindly refer to the detailed solution of the test for better explanation.

Source:

<https://cdnbbsr.s3waas.gov.in/s380537a945c7aaa788ccfcdf1b99b5d8f/uploads/2024/07/20240716890312078.pdf> (page 208 and 209)

Q.45) There was a doubt raised with respect to the statement 2 of the question that “Right to life is one of the basic human rights and not even the State has the authority to violate that right.”

Explanation- The statement 2 is correct as Article 21 of the Constitution of India states that No person shall be deprived of his life or personal liberty **except according to procedure established by law**. So if a person is deprived of his life or personal liberty according to procedure established by law then it is not the violation of Fundamental Right to Protection of life and personal liberty (under Article 21). But the statement says that not even the State has the authority **to violate that right** which is correct because in this case the state is violating the fundamental right. For example if a person is deprived of his life or personal liberty by the state, except according to procedure established by law then it will be a violation of the fundamental right. **Also, this is the previous year question of UPSC CDS 2017 (I) and the answer is provided as per the official answer key.**