SCHEMES

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE & FARMERS WELFARE

1. Digital Agriculture Mission:

- o Purpose: Build a digital agriculture ecosystem with innovative solutions and timely, reliable crop and farmer information.
- o Type: Central Sector Scheme except components of Support to states/ UTs (Centrally Sponsored).
- o Intended beneficiary: Farmers
- o Tenure: 5 Years (FY 2021-22 to FY 2025-26)

2. Agriculture Infrastructure Fund:

- o Purpose: To address the existing infrastructure gaps and mobilize investment in agriculture infrastructure.
- o Type: Central Sector Scheme
- o Implementing Agency: NABARD (National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development)
- o Tenure: Up to 2032- 33
- Objective: To mobilize a medium to long term debt financing facility for investment in viable projects for post-harvest management Infrastructure and community farming assets.
- o AIF was launched as part of the Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan (Self-Reliant India Campaign) announced by the Centre in May 2020.

3. AgriSURE (Agri Fund for Start-ups & Rural Enterprises) Scheme:

- o Purpose: To support innovative, high-risk, high-impact activities in agriculture and allied areas.
- o Fund's sponsors: Government of India and NABARD
- o Investment Manager: NABVENTURES Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of NABARD
- o Tenure of the Fund: 10 years
- o Objectives:
 - Foster investment in agriculture and rural start-ups by supporting Alternative Investment Funds (AIFs).
 - Strengthen farm produce value chains for better profits through profitable forward and backward linkage systems.
 - Create jobs for skilled rural and urban youth.
 - Retain and attract youth to agriculture.
- AgriSURE Fund has two schemes:

1) AgriSURE – FoF Scheme:

- Supports Category I & II AIFs investing in Start-ups in preferred sectors.
- Investments in SEBI-registered sector-agnostic, sector-specific, and debt AIFs.
- Corpus: ₹450 crore, and Max Investment per AIF: ₹25 crore or 5% of AIF corpus, whichever is lower.

2) AgriSURE – Direct Scheme:

- Direct equity investment in DPIIT-recognized early-stage Start-ups incorporated in India.
- Corpus: ₹300 crore and Max Investment per Start-up: ₹25 crore, as per AIF regulations.

4. Cluster Development Programme:

- o Government has launched new digital platform CDP-SURAKSHA to disburse subsidies to horticulture farmers.
- o CDP aims to **improve exports of targeted crops by about 20%** and **create cluster-specific brands** to enhance the competitiveness of cluster crops.
- o **Purpose:** To leverage geographical specialisation of horticulture clusters and promote integrated development of **pre-production**, **production**, **post-harvest**, **logistics**, **branding**, **and marketing activities**.
- o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
- o **Benefits:** Financial Assistance of up to Rs 100 crore for Mega, Rs 50 crore for Midi, and Rs 25 crore for Mini types of clusters.
 - Mega cluster → Area = >15,000 ha → up to Rs 100cr

Midi cluster → Area = 5000-15000 ha → up to Rs 50cr

Mini cluster → Area = up to 5000 ha → up to Rs 25cr

o Implementing Agency: National Horticulture Board (NHB)

5. Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi (PM KISAN):

- o Purpose: To supplement the financial needs of all landholding farmers' families in procuring various inputs and also domestic needs.
- o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
- o **Beneficiaries**: All the **landholding farmers**, subject to certain exclusions
- o Benefits: ₹6,000 per year in three equal instalments of ₹ 2,000 each every four months.
- o Salient features:
 - Beneficiary Identification: State/UT governments are responsible.
 - Self-Registration: Available via mobile app, PM-KISAN portal, and Common Service Centers (CSC).
 - Mandatory Land Records: Exceptions for forest dwellers, North-Eastern states, and Jharkhand with special land record provisions.
 - **Kisan Credit Cards (KCC)**: Provided to **PMKISAN beneficiaries for short-term loans** with a 4% interest on timely repayment.
 - Preventing Fund Misuse: Includes physical verification of 5% beneficiaries annually, Aadhaar authentication, and Income Tax payee verification.
 - Project Management Unit (PMU): Central PMU oversees monitoring; states may set up their own PMUs.
 - Grievance Redressal: Complaints should be resolved within two weeks by the Grievance Redressal Committee.
 - **Exclusion**: Higher economic status beneficiaries are ineligible.

6. Namo Drone Didi Scheme:

- o **Purpose:** Empower women-led SHGs by equipping them with drone technology to provide agricultural services.
- Aim: To provide drones to 15,000 selected Women SHGs for providing rental services to farmers for agriculture purpose (application of liquid fertilizers and pesticides for the present).

o **Type**: Central Sector Scheme

o **Tenure:** 2024-25 to 2025-2026

MINISTRY OF CHEMICAL & FERTILISERS

- 1. Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP):
 - Purpose: To provide quality generic medicines at affordable prices to the masses
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Schemes
 - o **Retail outlet:** PMBJP Kendra to sell affordable generic medicines to all citizens.
 - o Implementing Agency: Pharmaceuticals & Medical Devices Bureau of India (PMBI)
 - o **Product Basket:** Includes Ayurvedic immunity boosters, surgical devices, and medicines for major therapeutic areas like: Cardiovascular, Anti-cancer, Anti-diabetic, Anti-infective, Anti-allergic, etc.

MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION

- 1. Ude Desh Ka Aam Naagrik (UDAN)/ Regional Connectivity Scheme (RCS):
 - o **Purpose:** To enable air operations on underserved / unserved routes, promote balanced regional growth and make flying affordable for masses.
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o Support to airlines: In the form of Concessions and Viability Gap Funding (VGF)
 - o Implementing Agency: The Airports Authority of India (AAI).

- Objective: The scheme focuses on improving unserved air routes in underserved regions of the country and fulfilling the aspirations of the common citizens.
- o **Krishi UDAN:** Supports farmers in **transporting agricultural** products to boost value realization, focusing on the North-East and tribal districts.
- o International Air Connectivity Scheme (IACS): Helps states establish international airport connectivity in response to their requests.
- o UDAN Version 5.0 to 5.4:
 - UDAN 5.0 → Removed the 600 km cap and prioritized ready-to-operate airports
 - UDAN 5.1→ Expanded helicopter routes with enhanced Viability Gap Funding and reduced airfare caps
 - UDAN 5.2→ Focused on small aircraft and improved operational flexibility for last-mile connectivity
 - UDAN 5.3 & 5.4 → Addressed discontinued routes to enhance point-to-point air connectivity

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY

- 1. Uttar Poorva Transformative Industrialization Scheme (UNNATI), 2024:
 - o Purpose: To strengthen the industrial ecosystem in the North East region and attract new investment.
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o **Tenure:** Up to 2034 along with 8 years of committed liabilities.
 - o **Nodal Agency:** North-Eastern Development Financial Corporation Ltd. (NEDFi) for the disbursal of incentives.
 - o Incentives are provided to support industrial expansion and streamline operations in manufacturing and service sectors.
 - o Districts are categorized in two zones:
 - 1) Zone A: Industrially Advanced Districts.
 - 2) Zone B: Industrially Backward Districts.
 - o Minimum investment:
 - Manufacturing → ₹1 Crore in Plant & Machinery
 - Services → ₹50 lakhs in construction of building & other durable physical assets
 - Micro industries → ₹50 lakhs for both manufacturing and service sector
 - o Maximum eligible benefits to a single unit from all components of the scheme: Rs. 250 Crore
 - o Components of scheme:
 - 1) CII (Capital Investment Incentive) → Financial support for new & expanding units
 - 2) CIS (Capital Interest Subvention) → Financial relief for new & expanding units
 - 3) MSLI (Manufacturing & Services Linked Incentive)→ Exclusively for new units
- 2. National Industrial Corridor Development Programme (NICDP):
 - o Purpose: To develop futuristic industrial cities in India and to cultivate a dynamic industrial ecosystem by attracting investments.
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o **Objective:** To develop new industrial cities as Smart Cities, integrating next generation technologies to position the nation as a global hub for manufacturing and investment.
 - o Corridors and Projects: Programme comprises 32 projects across four phases under 11 corridors.

MINISTRY OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION

- 1. NATIONAL FOOD SECURITY ACT (NFSA), 2013:
 - o **Purpose:** To provide **food and nutritional security** in human life cycle approach
 - o **Type:** Centrally sponsored scheme
 - o Coverage: 67% of the country's population (75% of the rural and 50% of the urban population)
 - o Identification of Household: Based on the NSS Household Consumption Survey data for 2011-12

- o Objective: A legal right to persons belonging to "eligible households" to receive food grains at subsidised price (called Central Issue Prices/CIPs) under the Targeted Public Distribution System (TPDS).
- o Foodgrains benefit:
 - Central Issue Price:

Rice: 3/kgWheat: 2/kg

Coarse-grains: 1/kg

- Monthly Entitlements:
 - PHH: 5 kg/personAAY: 35 kg/family
- o Maternity Benefit: Pregnant women and lactating mothers are entitled of not less than Rs. 6,000.
- o Food Security Allowance: Compensation for non-supply of entitled food grains or meals
- o Penalty Provisions: State Food Commission enforced penalties for non-compliance

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

- 1. Samagra Siksha Abhiyaan- An Integrated Scheme for School Education:
 - o Purpose: Improving school education holistically as a continuum from Pre-school to Class 12
 - o **Type:** Centrally Sponsored Scheme
 - o Implementing agency: State Implementation Society (SIS) at the State/UT level
 - o **Tenure:** 2021 to 2026
 - o **Objective:** Universal **Access, Equity and Quality, promoting Vocationalisation** of Education and strengthening of Teacher Education Institutions (TEIs).
 - o Subsumed:
 - 1) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan: Universalizes elementary education with infrastructure support per RTE Act, 2009.
 - 2) Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA): Enhances access and quality of secondary education.
 - 3) **Teacher Education Scheme:** Develops infrastructure for teacher training and academic support for elementary and secondary schools.
- 2. PM SHRI Schools (PM Schools for Rising India):
 - o **Purpose:** Provide equitable, inclusive, and joyful education while nurturing holistic, well-rounded individuals with 21st-century skills.
 - o **Type:** Centrally Sponsored Scheme
 - o Beneficiaries: More than 20 lakh students are expected to be direct beneficiaries of scheme
 - o **Tenure:** 5 years (2022-23 to 2026-27).
 - o **Green Schools:** Incorporation of eco-friendly practices like solar panels, water conservation, waste management, and plastic-free initiatives.
- 3. One Nation One Subscription (ONOS):
 - o Purpose: To provide universal access to more than 13,000 scholarly journals from 30 major international publishers.
 - o Type: Central Sector Scheme.
 - o Coverage: 6,300+ government Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) and central government R&D laboratories.
 - o Target Beneficiaries: 1.8 crore students, faculty, researchers, All Higher Educational Institutions, central government R&D institutions
 - o Administration: Coordinated by INFLIBNET, an autonomous inter-university center of the University Grants Commission (UGC).
 - o Periodic Reviews: Anusandhan National Research Foundation (ANRF) will periodically assess the usage of ONOS and the publication output of Indian authors to ensure effective utilization of resources.

4. "Pradhan Mantri Vidyalaxmi" (PMVidyalaxmi):

- o A Comprehensive Student Loan Initiative.
- o **Eligibility**: Students admitted through open competitive exams or merit-based admission in the top 860 quality Higher Educational Institutions (QHEIs)
- o MONITORING: Through PM Vidyalaxmi portal, developed and maintained by Canara Bank.

MINISTRY OF ELECTRONICS & IT

1. Digital India Programme:

- o **Purpose:** To transform India into a digitally empowered society and knowledge economy
- Nature: Umbrella programme that clubs together various e-governance initiatives across Ministries and
 Departments
- o **Leveraging private sector: Public Private Partnerships (PPP)** are preferred wherever feasible to implement e-Governance projects.
- o Implementation: By the entire Government with overall coordination by the MeiTY.
- o 9 Pillars:
 - 1) Broadband Highways→ Provide high-speed internet to rural and urban areas through National Optical Fibre Network (NOFN) and other initiatives.
 - 2) Universal Access to Mobile Connectivity→ Improve mobile network infrastructure, especially in rural and remote areas.
 - 3) Public Internet Access Programme→ Establish Common Service Centres (CSCs) and Post Offices as multi-service delivery points to provide internet access and digital services.
 - 4) e-Governance: Reforming Government through Technology→ Digitize government processes, improve workflow automation, and promote online access to services.
 - 5) e-Kranti Electronic Delivery of Services Deliver government services electronically in areas such as education, health, agriculture, and justice.
 - 6) Information for All→ Ensure open access to information for citizens through online platforms and social media.
 - 7) Electronics Manufacturing→ Promote domestic electronics manufacturing to reduce imports and boost the Make in India initiative.
 - 8) IT for Jobs— Provide training and skill development in IT to increase employability, especially for rural youth.
 - 9) Early Harvest Programmes→ Implement quick-win projects such as biometric attendance, email for government staff, and Wi-Fi in universities.
- o Project management structure:
 - 1) Monitoring committee: Chairperson = Prime Minister
 - 2) Digital India Advisory Group: Chairperson = Minister of Communication & IT
 - 3) Apex committee: Chairperson = Cabinet Secretary

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

- 1. NPS Vatsalya Yojana:
 - o **Purpose**: Encouraging **early savings for children** by opening National Pension System (NPS) accounts
 - o **Regulated by:** Pension Fund Regulatory Authority of India (PFRDA)
 - o **Eligibility**: All minor citizens (up to 18 years of age)
 - o **PRAN**: A unique Permanent Retirement Account Number (PRAN) is **issued in the minor's name.**
 - o NPS Vatsalya is a **Contributory Pension Scheme**.
 - o Guardians:
 - The account is operated by the guardian (natural/legal) with the minor as the sole beneficiary.

- NRIs/OCIs require a separate form and an NRE/NRO bank account.
- The guardian automatically becomes the nominee, eliminating the need for separate nomination.
- o Withdrawal and Exit:
 - Lock-in Period: 3 years.
 - Withdrawal: Up to 25% of the contribution after lock in period allowed for education, specified illness, and disability. Maximum of three times.
 - Exit on Attainment of 18 Years: If the corpus exceeds ₹2.5 lakh, 80% is used to purchase an annuity, and 20% can be withdrawn as a lump sum. If the corpus is ₹2.5 lakh or less, the entire amount can be withdrawn as a lump sum.

2. Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY):

- **o Purpose:** PMMY is set up for providing MUDRA **loans to the non-corporate, non-farming small & micro enterprises.**
- o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
- o Intended beneficiary: Any Citizen who has a business plan for a non-farm sector income generating activity
- o Sectors eligible for loan: Manufacturing, trading and services sectors and activities allied to agriculture.
- MUDRA: Micro Units Development and Refinance Agency Ltd (MUDRA) is a refinance agency and not a direct lending institution. It provides refinance support to its intermediaries viz. Banks, Micro Finance Institutions (MFIs) and NBFCs. It is registered as a Company under the Companies Act 2013 and as a Non-Banking Finance Institution (NBFC) with the RBI.
- o MUDRA Loan categories:
 - 1) Tarun-Plus→ Loans above 10 lakh and up to 20 lakh
 - 2) Tarun→ Loans above 5 lakh and up to 10 lakh
 - 3) Kishor→ Loans above Rs 50,000 and up to 5 lakh
 - 4) Shishu→ Loans up to Rs 50,000
- o **No Need for Collaterals: Credit Guarantee Fund for Micro Units (CGFMU)** provides guarantee coverage for these collateral free micro loans.
- o **Interest Rate:** Deregulated, with a **2% interest subvention** on prompt repayment of Shishu loans under PMMY for 12 months.

MINISTRY OF FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY & DAIRYING

- 1. Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana (PMMSY):
 - o **Purpose:** Bring **Blue Revolution** through sustainable and responsible development of fisheries sector in India.
 - o **Type:** Both Central Sector Scheme and Centrally Sponsored Scheme.
 - Approach: To the extent possible, 'cluster or area-based approaches' to be adopted.
 - o **Tenure:** FY 2020-21 to FY 2024-25
 - o **Targets**:
 - Enhanced fish production of 22 million metric tons.
 - Increase of contribution of Gross Value Added (GVA) of fisheries sector to agriculture GVA to 9%.
 - Double export earnings to about Rs. 1 lakh crore.
 - Reduction of post-harvest losses to about 10% (currently 25%)
 - Doubling of incomes of fishers and fish farmer
 - o **PMMSY Investment:** 42% for fisheries infrastructure (harbors, cold chains, markets, villages, deep-sea fishing).
 - o Swath Sagar Plan: Includes bio-toilets, vessel insurance, e-trading, resource surveys, and IT databases.
 - o National network of Brood Banks: State/UT-based species-specific brood banks for quality fish breeding.
 - o **Integrated Laboratory Network:** For addressing diseases, antibiotics and residues issues, aquatic health management.

- o Aqua Parks: One-stop hubs for fisheries and aquaculture activities.
- o **Project Monitoring and Evaluation Unit (PMEU)**: A fisheries department team led by a Joint Secretary oversees implementation.

MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES

- 1. Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana (PMKSY):
 - o **Purpose:** Provide a big boost to the growth of food processing sector in the country.
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o **Potential benefits**: Doubling farmers' income, creating employment, reducing wastage of agricultural produce.
 - o **Tenure:** From 2021-22 to 2025-26
 - o **Integrated Cold Chain & Value Addition Infrastructure:** Provides seamless cold chain facilities from farm gate to consumer.
 - o Creation of Infrastructure for Agro Processing Cluster (APC): Aimed at setting up smaller-scale food processing units, similar to Mega Food Parks.
 - o Operation Greens (OG): Announced in Union Budget 2018-19 on the line of "Operation Flood". Initially the scheme was launched for development of Tomato, Onion and Potato (TOP) value chain. The scheme has two components:
 - 1) Long Term Intervention-Integrated Value Chain Development Projects: Under the union budget 2021-22, its scope was enlarged to 22 perishable crops.
 - 2) **Short-Term Interventions:** Under "Aatmanirbhar Bharat Package" of 2020 its scope was expanded from TOP crops to all fruits and vegetables (i.e. TOP to TOTAL).

MINISTRY OF HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE

- 1. Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission (ABDM):
 - o **Purpose:** To **integrate digital health solutions** for continuum of care, and effective utilization of resources.
 - o Type: Central Sector Scheme
 - o **Tenure:** 5 years
 - o Implementing Agency: National Health Authority (NHA)
 - o **Objective:** To develop robust digital backbone to support the integrated digital health infrastructure and bridging gaps among stakeholders in India's healthcare ecosystem.
 - o **ABHA and ABHA App:** 14-digit health ID for digital record access; app for uploading/scanning health documents.
 - o Health Facility Registry: Database of all public & private healthcare facilities.
 - o Healthcare Professionals Registry: Database of all medical professionals (modern & traditional medicine).
 - o **Unified Health Interface (UHI):** Open platform for appointments, teleconsultations, etc.
 - o **Health Information Exchange and Consent Manager (HIE-CM):** Empowers citizens to securely access and share their health records, ensuring that data exchange is driven by informed consent.
 - o National Health Claims Exchange (HCX): Standardizes and speeds up insurance claims.
 - o ABDM is **voluntary in nature** including for citizens.
- 2. Ayushman Bharat Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (AB PM-JAY):
 - o Purpose: To achieve the vision of Universal Health Coverage (UHC)
 - o **Type:** Centrally Sponsored Scheme
 - o Target: 12 crore families
 - o Components: Ayushman Arogya Mandir; Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PM-JAY)
 - Objective: To reduce the financial burden on poor and vulnerable groups arising out of catastrophic hospital episodes and ensure their access to quality health services.

MINISTRY OF HEAVY INDUSTRIES

- 1. PM Electric Drive Revolution in Innovative Vehicle Enhancement (PM E-DRIVE) Scheme:
 - o **Purpose:** Accelerate EV adoption, build charging infrastructure, and enhance the EV manufacturing ecosystem.
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme.
 - o Tenure: October 2024-March 31, 2026
 - o Target: Incentivize e-2Ws, e-3Ws, e-ambulances, e-trucks, and e-buses
 - o **Subsidies: Demand incentives** for EVs like e-2Ws, e-3Ws, e-ambulances, e-trucks, and other emerging EV categories.

MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS (MOHUA):

- 1. Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Urban 2.0:
 - o **Purpose:** Addressing housing needs of 1 crore urban poor and middle-class families.
 - o **Type:** Centrally Sponsored Scheme except for Interest Subsidy Scheme (ISS) component which is a Central Sector scheme
 - o Family: Comprises husband, wife, and unmarried children
 - o **Tenure:** 5 years starting from September 2024
 - o Exclusions: Families owning a pucca house or benefiting from government housing in the last 20 years.
 - o Four Verticals of PM Awas Yojana (Urban) 2.0:
 - 1) Beneficiary Led Construction (BLC)→ EWS beneficiary to construct house on own land
 - 2) Affordable Housing in Partnership (AHP)→ EWS beneficiary to purchase/avail allotted houses in Apartment projects by public/private sector agencies/parastatal agencies
 - 3) Affordable Rental Housing (ARH)→ Utilizing existing Government funded vacant houses by converting them into ARH under PPP mode or by public agencies.
 - 4) Interest Subsidy Scheme (ISS) → Max. Loan value ₹25 lakh, Max. House Value ₹35 lakh. 5 Yearly instalments of Loan subsidy
- 2. PM Street Vendor's Atma Nirbhar Nidhi (PM SVANidhi) Scheme:
 - o **Purpose:** To facilitate **collateral-free working capital loans** to street vendors to restart their businesses.
 - o **Type**: Central Sector Scheme
 - o Beneficiary: Street vendors/ hawkers vending in urban areas and surrounding peri-urban and rural areas.
 - o Implementing Agency: Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI).
 - Objective: Facilitate collateral free working capital loan upto ₹10,000, of 1 year tenure, with enhanced loan of ₹20,000 and ₹50,000 in the second and third tranches respectively, on repayments of earlier loans.

MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI

- 1. Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM): Har Ghar Jal:
 - o Purpose: 'No one is left out', thus ensuring tap water supply to every rural home by 2024.
 - o **Type:** Centrally Sponsored Scheme
 - o Focus on children: Piped water supply in schools, Anganwadi centres and shramshalas
 - o Priority Areas: Districts affected by Japanese Encephalitis & Acute Encephalitis Syndrome, and groundwater contamination (Arsenic, Fluoride, Iron, etc.).
 - o **Objective:** To provide Functional Household Tap Connection (FHTC) to every rural household.
- 2. Namami Gange Programme:
 - o **Purpose:** Ganga Rejuvenation
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o Implementing Agency: National Mission for Clean Ganga (NMCG)
 - o External Financing: Through World Bank (loan), JICA, Asian Development Bank, etc.
 - o 8 Key pillars Under Namami Gange:

- 1) Sewerage Treatment Infrastructure
- 2) River-Front Development
- 3) River-Surface Cleaning
- 4) Bio-Diversity
- 5) Afforestation
- 6) Public Awarenes
- 7) Industrial Effluent Monitoring
- 8) Ganga Gram

MINISTRY OF MICRO, SMALL & MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

1. PM Vishwakarma Scheme:

- o Purpose: Holistic support to the traditional artisans and craftspeople
- o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme.
- o Coverage: Rural and urban areas with a focus on saturating districts in a phased manner.
- o Tenure: FY 2023-24 to FY 2027-28.
- Objective: To enable recognition of artisans and craftspeople as Vishwakarmas and to provide skill upgradation
- o Inter-ministerial: Scheme will be co-jointly implemented by the Union Ministry of MSME, Skill Development and Finance
- o **Inclusivity:** Focus on empowering women, SCs, STs, OBCs, specially-abled, transgenders, and residents of NER, island, and hilly areas.

MINISTRY OF NEW AND RENEWABLE ENERGY

- 1. National Green Hydrogen Mission (NGHM):
 - o **Purpose:** To make India a **Global Hub for producing, utilizing, and exporting Green Hydrogen** and its derivatives.
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o **Tenure:** FY 2023-24 to FY 2029-30.
 - o Target: 5 MMT/year by 2030, expandable to 10 MMT with exports.
 - o **Objective**: Achieve significant decarbonisation of the economy, reduced dependence on fossil fuel imports, and enable India to assume technology and market leadership in Green Hydrogen.
 - o Integrated Mission Strategy:
 - MNRE: Leads coordination and implementation.
 - Ministry of Power: Ensures low-cost renewable energy for Green Hydrogen.
 - MoPNG: Promotes Green Hydrogen in refineries and city gas distribution.
 - Ministry of Chemicals & Fertilizers: Supports green ammonia-based fertilizers.
 - Other Participating Ministries: Transport, Steel, Shipping, Finance, Commerce, Railways, External Affairs,
 Skill Development, and Education.
- 2. Pradhan Mantri Kisan Urja Suraksha Evam Utthaan Mahabhiyan (PM KUSUM):
 - o **Purpose:** To subsidize farmers to install **solar irrigation pumps** for cultivation
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o Demand driven: Capacities are allocated based on demand received from the states/ UTs
 - Tenure: Till 20263 components:
 - 1) Component A→ Decentralized Solar Power Plants
 - 2) Component B→ Standalone Solar Pumps
 - 3) Component C→ Grid-Connected Pump Solarisation

- 3. PM-Surya Ghar: Muft Bijli Yojana:
 - o Purpose: Boost share of solar rooftop capacity and enable households to generate their own power.
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o Model Solar Village: One village in each district to act as a role model for the adoption of RTS in rural areas
 - o Tenure: 2024 to 2026-27
 - o Objective: Installation of 30 GW of solar capacity through residential rooftop solar system (RTS)
 - o **Collateral-Free Loans:** Households can access **collateral-free low-interest loan** products of around **7% for** installation of RTS systems up to 3 kW.

MINISTRY OF PANCHAYATI RAJ

- 1. SVAMITVA (Survey of Villages and Mapping with Improvised Technology in Village Areas) Scheme:
 - o Purpose: To provide an integrated inhabited (abadi) property ownership solution for rural India.
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o Technology Implementation Agency: Survey of India
 - o Tenure: 2020-21 to 2024-25
 - o **Objective:** Creation of accurate rural land records for better planning and reduced property-disputes.
 - Drone Mapping: Survey of India maps rural inhabited areas, generating geo-referenced maps capturing digital images of properties in rural abadi areas.

MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES & PENSIONS

- 1. National Programme For Civil Services Capacity Building (NPCSCB) Mission Karmayogi:
 - o **Purpose:** Prescribes capacity-building programmes for civil servants.
 - o **Coverage:** All civil servants (**Including contractual employees**) across different ministries, departments, organizations and agencies of Union Government.
 - o My iGOT: Delivers targeted training courses of individual officer
 - o Curated Programs: Cater diverse learning needs of Ministries/Departments and Training Institutions.
 - Objectives: To transform Indian civil services capacity-building landscape by establishing a robust digital ecosystem that enables continuous, anytime, anywhere learning to prepare officials for the future.
 - o 6 Pillars:
 - 1) Policy Framework -- New training policies focusing on continuous learning and competency development.
 - Competency Framework → Shift from rule-based to an indigenous competency framework.
 - 3) **Institutional Framework**→ Oversight by the PMHR Council
 - 4) **i-GOT Karmayogi**→ Large-scale comprehensive learning platform.
 - 5) **E-HRMS**→ Strategic HR management
 - 6) **M&E**→ Data-driven performance analysis, goal-setting, and real-time monitoring.
 - o Institutional Structure:
 - Prime Minister's (PMHR) HR council
 - Cabinet Secretariat Coordination unit
 - Capacity Building Commissions
 - Karmyogi Bharat SPV (a not-for-profit company)

MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS

- 1. PM Ujjwala Yojana:
 - o Purpose: Safeguarding health of women & children by providing them with a clean cooking fuel-LPG
 - o Applicant: Woman only who must have attained 18 years of age.
 - o **Benefits:** Deposit-free connection for cooking gas cylinders
 - o Primary beneficiaries: Women & Children

- Objective: To provide deposit-free LPG connections to those low-income families who could not be covered under the earlier phase of PMUY.
- o **Eligibility under PMUY:** An adult woman from a poor household without an existing LPG connection specific fulfilling criteria.
- o Beneficiaries:
 - 1) Identified Households from SECC List-2011
 - 2) SC/ST households
 - 3) PMAY (Gramin) beneficiaries.
 - 4) Most Backward Classes
 - 5) Antodaya Anna Yojana
 - 6) Forest Dwellers
 - 7) Residents of Islands/River Islands
 - 8) Tea Garden and Ex-tea Garden Tribes
 - 9) Other Poor Families

MINISTRY OF PORTS, SHIPPING AND WATERWAYS

1. SAGARMALA:

- o **Purpose:** To reduce the **logistics cost for EXIM** and **domestic trade** with minimal infrastructure investment
- o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
- o Funding: Equity support through Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVs) and Budget support
- o Implementation of the projects: Projects will be taken up through Private or PPP mode
- **o Objective:** Accelerating economic development by harnessing the potential of India's 7,500 km long coastline and 14,500 km of potentially navigable waterways.
- o Set of Projects under Sagarmala are divided into 5 pillars:
 - 1) Port-led Industrialization
 - 2) Coastal Community Development
 - 3) Coastal Shipping & IWT
 - 4) Port Modernization
 - 5) Port Connectivity

MINISTRY OF ROAD TRANSPORT & HIGHWAYS (MOR&TH)

- 1. Voluntary Vehicle Fleet Modernization Programme:
 - o **Purpose:** Create ecosystem for **phasing out unfit, polluting vehicles** via Registered Vehicle Scrapping Facilities (RVSFs) and Automated Testing Stations.
 - o Target: Voluntary scrapping of ~1 crore unfit vehicles strictly based on their fitness, irrespective of vehicle age.
 - o **Strategy:** Various **incentive and disincentive** offered to induce End-of-life vehicle owners to scrap older vehicles.
 - o Vehicle Age Limit: no mandatory age limit prescribed for the scrapping of vehicles and they can run as long as found fit.
 - o Commercial Vehicles (CVs)→ Fitness test required every 2 years for the first 8 years, then annually.
 - o **Private Vehicles (PVs)**→ **Fitness certificate required** for registration renewal after **15 years** (valid for **5 years**).
 - o Discount being provided by the Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEM) for buying new vehicle against a CoD.

MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

1. Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana- National Rural Livelihoods Mission (Day-NRLM):

- Purpose: Reduce poverty by organizing rural poor into SHGs and providing self-employment and skilled job opportunities.
- o **Type:** Centrally Sponsored Scheme
- o Target: To mobilize all rural poor households
- o Monitoring: State Rural Livelihood Missions (SPVs)
- o **Objective**: **Building strong institutions such as Self-Help Groups (SHGs)** for the poor, particularly women, and enabling these institutions to access a **range of financial services and livelihoods**.
- o Beneficiary: All rural poor households with at least one deprivation under SECC 2011.

2. Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Gramin) 2.0:

- o **Purpose:** Housing for All in rural area
- o **Type:** Centrally Sponsored Scheme
- o **Beneficiary Identification:** Based on SECC 2011 housing deprivation criteria and Awaas+ survey by MoRD.
- o **Tenure:** FY 2024-25 to 2028-29
- Objective: Complete 35 lakh pending houses (not completed till March 2024) to meet the 2.95 crore target of previous phase.
- Automatic Exclusion criteria: Households with:
 - 1) Kisan Credit Card with credit limit of Rs. 50,000 or above
 - 2) Any member as a Government employee
 - 3) Paying income/ Paying professional tax
 - 4) 2.5 acres or more of irrigated land or 5 acres or more of unirrigated land.
 - 5) Any family member earning more than Rs.15,000 per month
 - 6) Motorised three/four wheeler
 - 7) Mechanised three/ four-wheeler agricultural equipment
 - 8) Non-agricultural enterprises registered with the Government

3. Lakhpati Didi Initiative:

- o **Lakhpati Didi:** It refers to a **Self-Help Group member** who earns an **annual household income** of Rupees **One Lakh or more** in sustainable manner.
- o Income Sustainability: This income is calculated for at least four agricultural seasons and/or business cycles, with an average monthly income exceeding (Rs. 10,000), so that it is sustainable.

MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

- 1. Vigyan Dhara Scheme:
 - o **Purpose:** Strengthen the country's Science, Technology, and Innovation (STI) ecosystem and contribute to India's overall development
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o **Tenure:** 2021-22 to 2025-26
 - o Nodal Implementing Agency: Department of Science & Technology (DST)

MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT

- 1. Pradhan Mantri Anusuchit Jaati Abhyuday Yojna (PM-AJAY):
 - o **Purpose:** To enable an area based developmental approach for integrated development of SC dominated villages.
 - o Type: Centrally Sponsored Scheme
 - o Launched in: 2021-22
 - o Implementation and Monitoring: Centralised Management Information System (MIS)
 - o **Objective:** To reduce poverty of the SC communities by generation of additional employment opportunities through skill development, etc.

o 3 Components:

- Development of SC dominated villages into an 'Adarsh Gram' component→ SC population >40% and total population 2500 (latest Census)
- 2) Grants-in-aid for District/State-level Projects for Socio-Economic betterment of SCs.
- 3) Construction/Repair of Educational Hostels for SC students (Boys and Girls)

MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION

- 1. Member of Parliament Local Area Development Scheme (MPLADS):
 - o Purpose: To address the issue of inequity in development
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o Non-lapsable Fund: Annual MPLADS non-lapsable fund entitlement per MP constituency is Rs. 5 crores
 - o Release of fund: Grants in-aid is released directly to the district authorities on receipt of requisite documents
 - o **Background**: Announced in 1993 under the Ministry of Rural Development, administration shifted to MoSPI in October 1994.

MINISTRY OF TRIBAL AFFAIRS

- 1. Dharti Aaba Janjatiya Gram Utkarsh Abhiyan (DAJGUA):
 - Purpose: To ensure holistic, sustainable, and inclusive growth, empowering tribal communities to thrive and flourish in a SATURATION Mode.
 - Background: It was announced in in the Budget 2024-25 as Pradhan Mantri Janjatiya Unnat Gram Abhiyan
 (PM JUGA).
 - o Tenure: 2024-25 to 2028-29
 - o Nodal Agency: Ministry of Tribal Affairs
 - Objective: To develop enabling infrastructure and enhance socio-economic conditions in selected tribal majority villages (with a population of 500 or more, and at least 50% tribal residents as well as villages in Aspirational Districts with a tribal population of 50 or more).
 - o **Coverage:** Specific **tribal-majority villages with populations of 500 or more,** where at least 50% are tribal, and villages, in **Aspirational districts, with at least 50 tribal population**.
- 2. Pradhan Mantri Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana:
 - Purpose: To improve the socio-economic conditions of tribal populations and preserve their cultural heritage and identity.
 - o **Type:** Centrally Sponsored Scheme
 - o **Focus: Integrated development of villages and capacity building** through interventions in education and livelihood
 - o Tenure: 2021-22 to 2025-26
 - o Components:
 - 1) PM Adi Adarsh Gram Yojana
 - 2) PVTGs development
 - 3) Support to tribal research institute
 - 4) Pre-matric scholarship
 - 5) Post-matric scholarship scheme

MINISTRY OF TEXTILES

- 1. PM MITRA (Pradhan Mantri Mega Integrated Textile Region and Apparel) Park:
 - o **Purpose:** To **attract investment, boost employment generation** and position itself strongly in the global textile market
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme

- o **5F Vision:** Farm to Fibre to Factory to Fashion to Foreign
- o **Tenure:** 2021-22 to 2027-28
- o **Objective:** Promote sustainable industrialization and foster innovation (SDG9), modern industrial infrastructure facility for entire value-chain to reduce logistic cost & improve competitiveness.
- o Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV): Jointly owned by Centre (49%) and State (51%) to oversee the project.
- o **Finalized Locations:** Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Gujarat, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra.

MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT

- 1. Saksham Anganwadi and Poshan 2.0 (Mission Poshan 2.0):
 - o **Purpose: Address the challenges of malnutrition** through a strategic shift in nutrition content and delivery
 - o **Type:** Centrally Sponsored Scheme
 - o Beneficiaries: Children (up to the age of 6 years), adolescent girls, pregnant women, and lactating mothers
 - o **Tenure:** 2021-22 to 2025-26
 - o **Components:**
 - 1) Nutrition support
 - 2) Early childhood care & education
 - 3) Anganwadi infrastructure
 - 4) Poshan Abhiyan

MISCELLANEOUS SCHEMES

- 1. Atal Innovation Mission (AIM) 2.0:
 - o Purpose: To create an innovation culture and entrepreneurial ecosystem in the country.
 - o **Type:** Central Sector Scheme
 - o Tenure: Till March 31, 2028.
 - o Nodal Agency: NITI Aayog
 - o AIM Framework:
 - 1) Atal Tinkering Labs
 - 2) Atal Incubation Centers (AICs) & Atal Community Innovation Centers (ACICs)
 - 3) Mentor India Campaign
 - 4) Atal New India Challenges (ANIC)
 - 5) ARISE-ANIC
- 2. PM Gati Shakti National Master Plan (PMGS-NMP):
 - o **Purpose**: To improve the productivity of industries and employment opportunities
 - o **7 Driving Engines**: Railways, Roads, Ports, Waterways, Airports Mass Transport, Logistics Infrastructure
 - o Benefits: Break departmental silos, bring down the time and cost overrun of the projects
 - o **Scope**: Covers projects of social as well physical infrastructure
 - Intersectoral and inter-ministerial convergence: 14 Social Sector Ministries/ Departments have been onboarded, namely Ministry of Panchayati Raj, Department of Health and Family Welfare, Department of Post, etc.
- 3. PM Internship Scheme:
 - o Ministry: Ministry of Corporate Affairs
 - **o Purpose:** To provide **one crore young individuals with valuable internship opportunities** over next five years in top 500 companies.
 - o Monthly Stipend: ₹5,000
 - Rs 500 from partner companies
 - Rs 4,500 from government via DBT
 - o Eligibility: Indian Youth Aged 21-24 Not in full-time employment or education

- o NOT ELIGIBLE: Graduates from IITs, IIMs, National Law Universities, IISER, NIDs, and IIITs
- 4. Mission Mausam:
 - o Ministry: Ministry of Earth Sciences
 - o **Purpose**: To position India as a global leader in weather and climate sciences, and making India 'Weather Ready' and 'Climate Smart', meeting the global standards.
 - o Making India Weather-ready and Climate-smart.

5. Green Tug Transition Program:

- o Ministry: Ministry of Ports, Shipping & Waterways
- o **Purpose:** Shift India's harbour tug fleet from diesel to greener alternatives.
- o Part of Maritime Amrit Kaal Vision 2047→ Targeting a 30% cut in port vessel emissions by 2030
- o 'Panch Karma Sankalp'

6. Biotechnology Research Innovation and Entrepreneurship Development (Bio-RIDE):

- o Ministry: Ministry of S&T
- o **Purpose:** To foster innovation, **promote bio-entrepreneurship**, and strengthen India's position as global leader in bio manufacturing and biotechnology.
- o Beneficiaries: Researchers, startups, academic institutions, industries, and entrepreneurs in biotechnology
- o **Tenure**: 2021-22 to 2025-26 (15th Finance Commission period)

7. PM Young Achievers' Scholarship Award Scheme for Vibrant India (PM-YASASVI):

- o Ministry: Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
- o Purpose: Uplifting students from Other Backward Classes (OBC), Economically Backward Classes (EBC), and Denotified Tribes (DNT).
- o Components:
 - 1) Pre-Matric Scholarship→ ₹4,000 per year For Class IX & X students Income below 2.5 lakh
 - 2) **Post-Matric Scholarship** → ₹5,000-20,000 Based on course category For post-secondary education
 - 3) **Top-Class Education Support** → Up to 1.25 lakh (Class 9-12) Full funding for top college students at premier institutions
 - 4) Hostel Construction → Accommodation for socially and educationally backward students