

PGP 2026

PRELIMS GUIDANCE PROGRAM

**Handholding by Mentors who have
guided 100'S of Rank Holders.**



Online & Offline



“Guidance That Turns Attempt Into Achievement.”

Limited Seats: 100

Includes Dedicated Mentor

Includes Prelims Toolkit*

**Guided Revision + Rigorous
Practice**

WHY PRELIMS IS CRUCIAL

The Most Ruthless Filter In UPSC

**2024
Cut-Off:**
87.98 (General)

**Eliminates
98% +
Aspirants**

No Mains,
No Interview
**Without
Clearing
Prelims**

Why Prelims Are Harder Every Year

**Dynamic
Current Affairs**

**Unpredictable
Focus Areas**



**Vast Syllabus +
Wide Disciplines**



**New Question
Formats**



**Pressure + Accuracy
+ Time-Management**

HANDHOLDING THAT CONVERTS ASPIRANTS INTO MAINS-WRITERS

With mentors who've guided hundreds of rank holders, the Prelims Guidance Program gives structured handholding through **daily accountability, curated study plans, paper-solving methods, and mistake analysis.**



01



02

The true outcome of the program is the promise of the **right direction, right practice, and a predictable path** that maximizes your chance of writing Mains.



03

It is the achievement of **rock-solid preparedness** that allows you to confidently confront the most dynamic questions, **not by rote memory, but by cultivated intellect.**

You Need More Than Books & Tests

Prelims Demands:

What To Study

How Much To Study

What Not To Study

How To Solve Questions Smartly

WHY PGP?

Most Aspirants Fail Prelims Because:



Lack of external accountability



No structured long-term plan



No mentor to check progress



Not analysing mistakes deeply



Weak paper-solving method



Taking CSAT lightly

PGP solves this through Mentorship-Driven Preparation.

Dedicated Mentor will

Create your 4 to 5 month plan

1

Track your commitment daily

2

Decide weekly/monthly study targets

3

Filter what to read vs what not to.

4

Help in developing crisp notes + solving skills

5

Analyse your mistakes

6

Guide paper-solving methodology

7

Decode the pattern & insights of PYQs.

8

WHAT YOU GET IN PGP 2026

Tests

- ✓ 10 Full-Length GS Tests
- ✓ 9 Full-Length CSAT Tests
- ✓ Regular mentor-driven assignments

Prelims Toolkit (PGP+ Variant)*

A massive toolkit containing:

- ✓ 16,000+ PYQs & Practice Questions
- ✓ Highly relevant exam-level practice
- ✓ A structured, guided revision resource

Dedicated Mentorship

Personal mentor ensuring:

- ✓ Discipline ✓ Strategy
- ✓ Accountability ✓ Productivity

PYQ Classes

- ✓ In-depth PYQ pattern analysis
- ✓ Builds precision in solving MCQs

Recorded Lectures

- ✓ Recorded lectures are same as Prelims Sprint for content building.
- ✓ Crisp handouts for revision

WHO SHOULD JOIN?

This Program Is NOT For You If You:

- ! Can't follow a daily plan
- ! Can't commit 8-9 hours/day
- ! Avoid discussing mistakes
- ! Take CSAT lightly
- ! Daydream, but don't execute

This Program Is IDEAL For:

- ✓ First-time serious aspirants
- ✓ Veteran Prelims candidates
- ✓ Those needing a disciplined ecosystem
- ✓ Those lacking direction, filtering, and revision strategy
- ✓ Anyone needing continuous mentor accountability

SAMPLE NOTES

- Positive connotation – Concept of reservation 15 (3) (4) (5) (6).
- Art. 15 guarantees right to equality only to the citizens of the country.
- It says that the state shall not to discriminate on the five ground.
- Any law discriminating on one or more than one ground shall be held void.
- But any discrimination which is based on any of the five grounds shall be void.
- Like reservation/special benefit of residence

Article 16

- **Article 16 (1)**- Equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office.
- Rationale – to create job opportunities for all.
- To alienate poverty
- A.16 (2) says no citizens shall be subjected to discrimination on grounds of race, caste, creed, gender, place of birth or any of these.

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(6) Nothing in this article or sub-clause (g) of clause (1) of article 19 or clause (2) of article 29 shall prevent the State from making, –
(a) any special provision for the advancement of any economically weaker sections of citizens other than the classes mentioned in clauses (4) and (5); and
(b) any special provision for the advancement of any economically weaker sections of citizens other than the classes mentioned in clauses (4) and (5) in so far as such special provisions relate to their admission to educational institutions including private educational institutions, whether aided or unaided by the State, other than the minority educational institutions referred to in clause (1) of article 30, which in the case of reservation would be in addition to the existing reservations and subject to a maximum of ten per cent. of the total seats in each category.

Explanation.–For the purposes of this article and article 16, "economically weaker sections" shall be such as may be notified by the State from time to time on the basis of family income and other indicators of economic disadvantage.

Interpretation:

- State shall not discriminate any citizen on grounds only of
 - Religion
 - Caste
 - Gender
 - Creed

Exceptions:

- Rat
- Giving thumb impressions, specimens, writings, or any kind of identification are not covered under Art 20(3)
- In Selvi vs State of Karnataka, Supreme Court observed that the compulsory administration of the techniques like narco analysis tests constitutes 'cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment' in the context of Article 21.

Article 21

Protection of life and personal liberty. No person shall be deprived of his life or personal liberty except according to procedure established by law.

- Applicable to citizen & alien.
- Procedure established by law
- Art 21 draws its existence from Magna Carta (1215) and 5th Amendment act of US constitution. It embodies constitutional values or supreme importance in democratic society. It has been held the most organic right in our constitution.
- 'Procedure established by law' is the duly enacted law by the legislature which is valid when it complies with the constitution

Nexus of Article 14, 19 and 21 with respect to broad Principles of Natural Justice and Rule of Law

- IN Maneka Gandhi Case: It was held that Article 21 must be fair, just, and reasonable and not fanciful, oppressive and arbitrary
- The American standard of 'procedural due process' took a backdoor entry and established links between Article 14, Article 19, and Article 21.

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Article 13 Judicial Review & IX Schedule

- A.13(1) - All laws in force in the territory of India before the commencement of this Constitution, in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this Part, shall, to the extent of the inconsistency, be void.
- A.13(2) - The State shall not make any law which takes away or abridges the rights conferred by this Part and any law made in contravention of the provisions of this Part, to the extent of the contravention, be void.

Judicial Review-

- Judicial innovation, not implicit but explicit
- Marbury vs Madison was the 1st case in which the Supreme Court reviewed constitutionality of Congress's Act

Doctrine of Eclipse-

- Pre constitutional law-> inconsistent with the provisions of the Constitution
- Can exist for rights & liabilities -> before the Constitution was enacted
- Law eclipsed -> by relevant FR -> law is not enforceable for its purposes.

Doctrine of Severability-

- Law is void -> to extent of inconsistency
- Act not void as whole -> part of it is void -> that part which is inconsistent with the Constitution
- statute -> remaining statute valid.

Article 24

- This article talks about prohibition of Children in employment.
- Those Children should be below 14 yrs.
- 1986 – Child Labour Prohibition act.
- 2016 – Amendment was passed

Article 25:

Article 25 of the Constitution guarantees freedom of religion to all persons in India, subject to public order, morality and law.

- Are equally entitled to freedom of conscience, and the right freely to profess, practice and propagate religion.
- Have the right to freely profess, practice and propagate religion.

Doctrine of Essential Religious Practice:

- The constitution of India under Article 25(2) guarantees the right to freely practice any religion subject to the limitations of public order, morality.

PROGRAM FEE & ENROLLMENT

Fee Structure

Course	Fees
PGP 2026 Includes: Dedicated Mentorship + Test + PYQ + Recorded Lectures	₹12,999 (Incl. GST)
PGP+ 2026 Includes: Dedicated Mentorship + Test + PYQ + Recorded Lectures + Prelims Toolkit	₹15,999 (Incl. GST)

How To Enroll

- Online: academy.forumias.com
- Bank Transfer / Cash Deposit: Email admissions@forumias.academy
- Offline Center: Pay via Card / Cheque / DD

Terms & Conditions

- Fees are non-refundable & non-transferable
- Course valid till 24 May 2026
- ForumIAS may modify the schedule for exigencies
- Strictly no-sharing policy
- Force majeure clause applies

ForumIAS Core Philosophy

ForumIAS is built on one belief: **Discipline + Mentorship + Hard Work = Selection.**

- **We don't promise shortcuts.**
- We promise the **right direction, right practice, and a predictable path to cracking Prelims.**