

ForumIAS

GENERAL STUDIES

Name Of Candidate	ANUPRIYA RAI		
Roll No.	1910092463	Date:	20/08/2022

Time Allowed: Three Hours

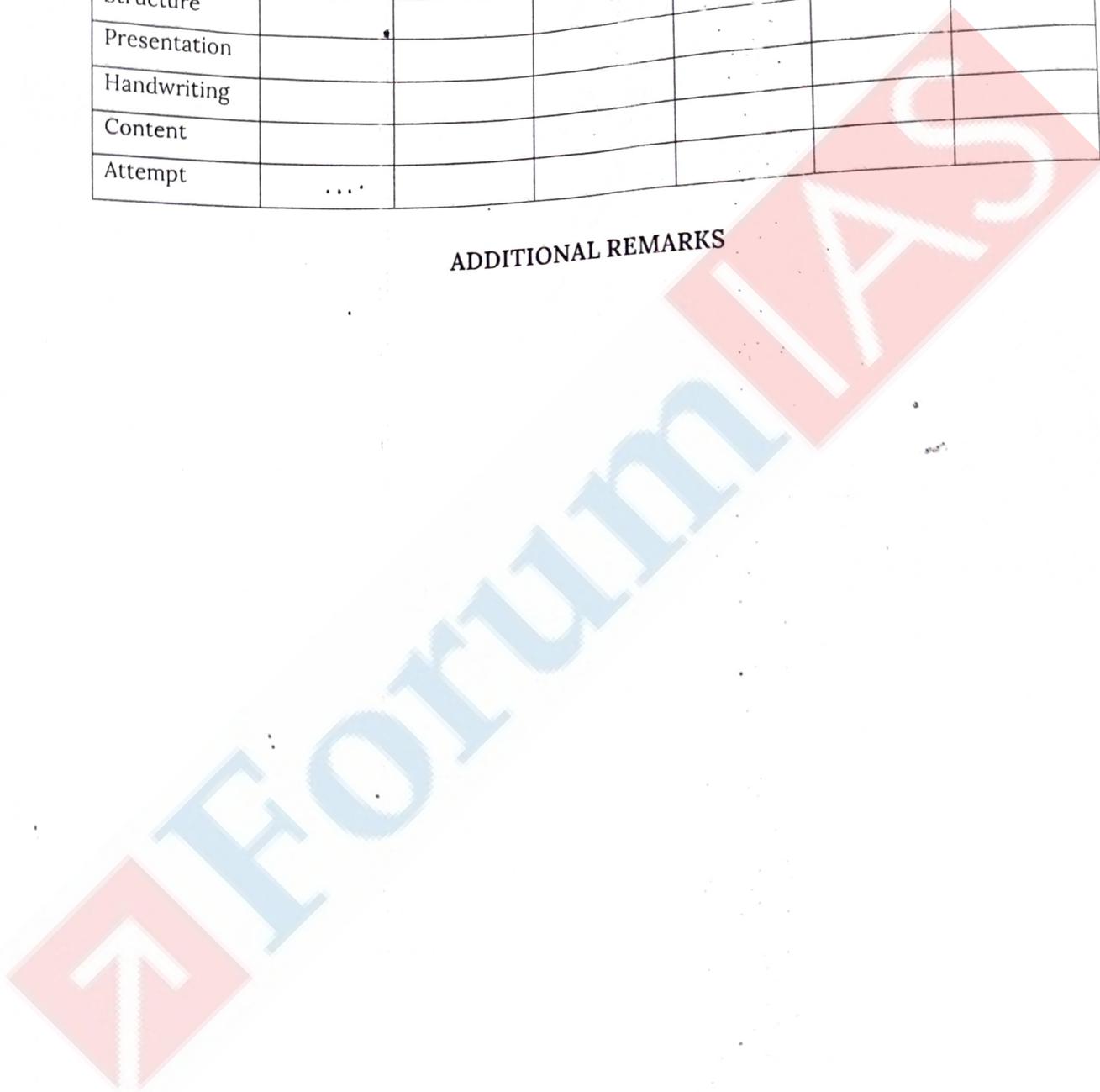
Maximum Marks: 250

INDEX TABLE			INSTRUCTION	
Q. No.	Max. Marks	Marks Obtained		
1			1. Please do furnish Name, Email, Roll No and Mobile in the answer sheet.	
2			2. There are TWELVE questions printed in ENGLISH & HINDI, all questions are compulsory.	
3			3. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.	
4			4. Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided.	
5			5. Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum Answer Booklet must be clearly Struck off.	
6			<i>Any specific messages for ForumIAS Mentors/Evaluators with respect to your copy? Write it here.</i>	
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Total:	250			
Evaluator's Discretion:			For Student Only	
			Start Time	End Time
Total Marks:			Mode Of Examination:	Online <input type="checkbox"/> Offline <input type="checkbox"/>
Evaluator's Discretion: This is the marks awarded at the discretion of the evaluator based on your overall impression, on the basis of (but not limited to) your handwriting, presentation, use of diagrams, flowcharts, facts and figures or absolutely anything that he/she liked in your copy.			For Office Use Only	
			ECN CODE:	EG:
			Evaluation Date:	

Note: You can discuss your evaluated copy with the Mentor. Raise a ticket from your portal to schedule a mentor call or visit the offline centre to meet mentor (all 7 days, Timings – 11 AM to 6 PM). Further if you are unsatisfied with the evaluation, you can seek re-evaluation of the copy.

Parameters	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Average	Poor	Very Poor
Language						
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Presentation						
Handwriting						
Content						
Attempt					

ADDITIONAL REMARKS



Section - A

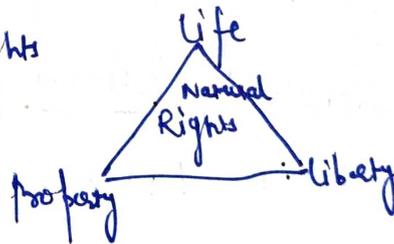
Q.1) a) Ethical governance is the foundation of a welfare state. Identify essential ethical traits of a welfare state. Discuss ways and means to promote ethics in governance. (10 marks, 150 words)

नैतिक शासन एक कल्याणकारी राज्य की नींव है। एक कल्याणकारी राज्य के आवश्यक नैतिक लक्षणों की पहचान करें। शासन में नैतिकता को बढ़ावा देने के तरीकों और साधनों पर चर्चा करें। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Ethical governance founded on the bedrock of principles of integrity, honesty, citizen-centrism, responsiveness forms the foundation of the welfare state

Essential ethical traits of welfare state

(1) Ensuring basic minimal rights to all the citizens. Locke identifies natural rights as the foundation rights



(2) Lift the poor and marginalized to ensure 'Sarvodaya'

↳ founded on Gandhi's Talim of Anudaya welfare

(3) Responsive to citizen demands of justice, welfare, equity.

(4) Citizen-centric.

Ways to promote ethics in governance

(1) Through role modelling - citing examples of role models like APJ Abdul Kalam

(2) Field work to inculcate empathy towards poor and weaker sections. (eg) - visits of slums.

(3) Sensitivity training as envisaged by NITI Aayog

(4) e-governance like Public Finance Management portal to ensure accountability and transparency.

As Arthashastra says in welfare of the citizens, lay welfare of the state.

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b) While one group considers abortion as unmitigated evil, the other sees it as morally acceptable. Analyse various ethical concerns related to abortion and give your opinion on the issue.

(10 marks, 150 words)

जहां एक समूह गर्भपात को निरंतर बुराई मानता है, वहीं दूसरा इसे नैतिक रूप से स्वीकार्य मानता है। गर्भपात से संबंधित विभिन्न नैतिक चिंताओं का विश्लेषण करें और इस मुद्दे पर अपनी राय दें।

(10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Abortion issue calls for a debate on the ethicality of the issue. It forms a contentious issue of applied ethics with ~~two~~ two ~~diverse~~ polar views ~~on~~ existing on the issue.

Abortion - an unmitigated evil

(1) Deprives the child of its right to be born
like birth

(2) The very act of killing is ethically
immoral

(3) Interferes with the flow of nature
disrupting it.

Abortion - morally acceptable

- (1) Give women right over their bodies and sexualities.
- (2) Ensure justice to female women victims of rape and incest
- (3) Uphold rights of women → women empowerment

My opinion is that women should have right to access abortion service because the 'childcare burden' falls on the women and it should be her right to determine if.

• Women access ensure freedom of over her body

However, case should be taken to stop female foeticide in the name of abortion as seen in Haryana.

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Q.2) a) Conscience keeps ethics from fading when faced with a tough decision. Discuss in context of civil servants. (10 marks, 150 words)

जब किसी कठिन निर्णय का सामना करना पड़ता है तो अंतरात्मा की आवाज़ नैतिकता को लुप्त होने से बचाती है। सिविल सेवकों के संदर्भ में चर्चा कीजिए। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Conscience is the inner voice that guides human being in the face of ethical dilemmas

Keeps ethics from fading when faced with tough decision

(1) Deal with Political pressures : It helps to take an ethical decision despite undue political pressure. [Eg] - Rajni Sikas Sibal exposed Mayana JBT scam despite state CM involvement in it and consequent political pressure.

(2) Balance professional ethics and practical demands : [Eg] - A civil servant

ensuring facttracking of document ^{making supply} of a poor destitute women to enable her access PM Awaaj Yojana Benefit

(3) Fight nepotism by ensuring ^{conscience-guided} ~~objectivity~~ in appointment and procurement. [Eg] - Justice UU Lalit removal from case hearing Andhra Pradesh CM removal.

... Thus, conscience serve as a guiding light to navigate through various falls and pressures of civil service profession.

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b) What are the various conflicts of values that civil servants face while performing their duty? How can such conflicts be resolved? Discuss with illustrations. (10 marks, 150 words)

सिविल सेवकों को अपने कर्तव्य का पालन करते समय मूल्यों के विभिन्न संघर्षों का सामना करना पड़ता है? ऐसे संघर्षों को कैसे सुलझाया जा सकता है? दृष्टान्तों के साथ चर्चा करें। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Civil servants face ethical dilemmas ~~from~~ in the course of their duty. It may there have potential to cause multiple issues such as cognitive dissonance.

Various conflicts of values facing civil servants

(1) Secrecy vs Accountability :

↳ Adherence to principles of Official Secrets Act or maintain accountability and transparency in governance

(2) Professional ethics vs respect for seniors

↳ Arhok Khemka, Haryana cadre IAS said that he struggled to maintain

professional values of transparency, criticism alongwith demands from senior civil servants to be conflict.

(3) Conscience vs professional values

↳ [eg] - in misuse of NAPA, arrestion, preventive detention. for [eg] - Jammu Kashmir cadre IAS Shah Faisal resigned

(4) Balancing personal life with professional life

↳ demands of love, affection, care, taking out time for family conflict against official duty

These conflicts can be managed by → listening to one's conscience
→ following constitutional morality
→ keeping public interest at supreme
→ keeping welfare of Antyodaya as a priority.

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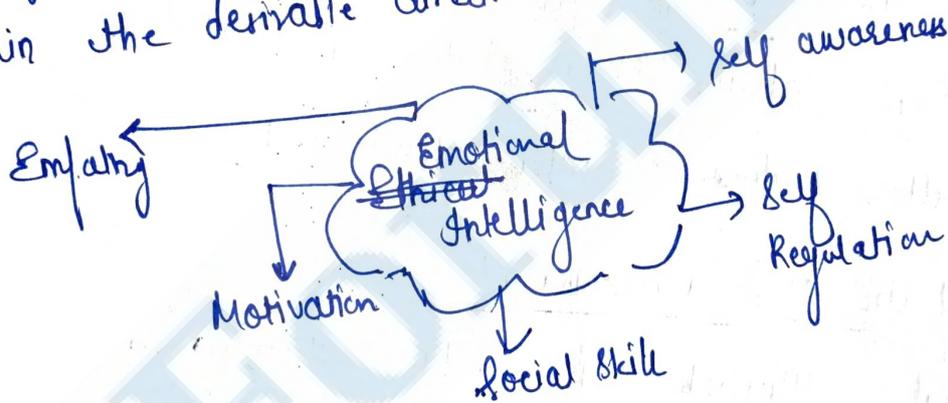
Q.3) a) Emotional intelligence (EI) not only helps in managing stress but also transforms distress into eustress. Elaborate with relevant examples. (10 marks, 150 words)

जवाबदेही और जिम्मेदारी के बीच अंतर कीजिए। क्या आपको लगता है कि जवाबदेही के बिना जिम्मेदारी सार्थक है? (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

To the mind that is still, the whole world surrenders

— Lao Tzu

Emotional intelligence refers to the ability to understand one's own emotions and those of others and ~~control~~ channelize them in the desirable direction.



Importance of Emotional Intelligence

(1) Stress management - by keeping a positive and optimistic attitude.

[eg] - Balancing personal & professional life

② Transform distress into eureka by looking at opportunity at the face of crisis

[eg]- India launched 'Atmanirbhar Bharat' program when faced with COVID-19 disruption.

③ Help, motivate others and build enthusiasm towards work

[eg]- Captain Vikram Batra motivated his fellow soldiers to capture point 4875

④ Help in crisis management

[eg]- Higeah SSP Chetan Rathore sang National song to calm anti-CAA protestors

This ~~other~~ emotional intelligence is an important skill required for civil servants who face ethical dilemmas and crisis management in their day-to-day work.

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b) Differentiate between the following:

- i. Gratitude and Gratification
- ii. Moral myopia vs Moral muteness

(10 marks, 150 words)

निम्नलिखित के बीच अंतर करें :

- i. कृतज्ञता और संतुष्टि
- ii. नैतिक अदूरदर्शिता बनाम नैतिक मौन

(10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Gratitude

- It means a feeling of thankfulness towards an person or event in life.
- Enable trust-building and 'esprit de corps' among people
- Universally positive in nature

Gratification

- It refers to a feeling of satisfaction about one's state
- In positive sense, it can help in preventing mindless exploitation resulting from greed
- May acquire negative form when it begins to obstruct self-progress, resulting from feeling of having achieved everything

[Eg] - Thanking teacher
on Teacher's Day
(5th September) for
their contribution

[Eg] - Oscar Lewis says
gratification results in
poverty as it hinders
self-progress.

(ii)

Moral Myopia

- It refers to shallow understanding of morality.

- Can be corrected by making a person aware about new moral values.

[Eg] - Unintentionally violating laws

Moral Muredness

- Refers to lack of practice of morality despite being aware of moral values.

- Difficult to correct as person willingly chose darkness over light.

[Eg] - Osama Bin Laden, an educated man, chose terrorism instead of using his engineering knowledge to right cause.

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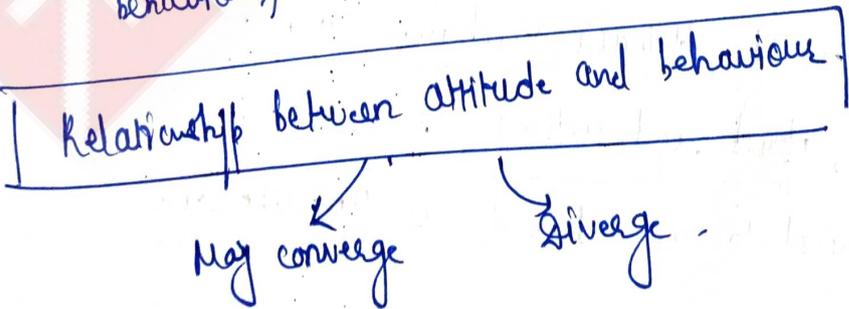
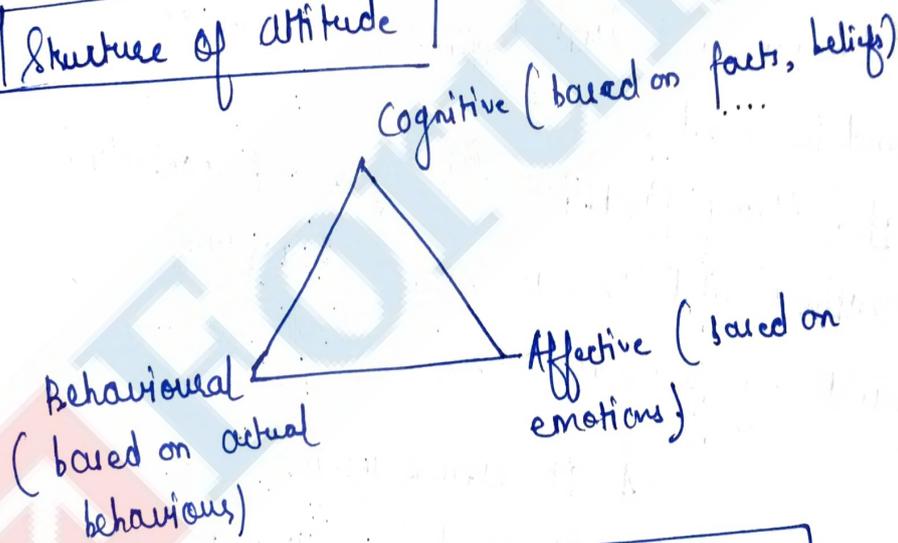
Total

Q.4) a) Although attitude and behaviour are interrelated, the former is a predisposition while the latter is an action. Discuss the structure of attitude and explain the relationship between attitude and behaviour. (10 marks, 150 words)

हालांकि अभिवृत्ति और व्यवहार परस्पर जुड़े हुए हैं, पहला एक पूर्वाभास है जबकि बाद वाला एक विकल्प। अभिवृत्ति की संरचना की विवेचना कीजिए तथा अभिवृत्ति तथा व्यवहार के बीच संबंध की व्याख्या कीजिए। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Attitude refers to enduring predisposition of a person towards another person, object or event in life. Behaviour on the other hand refers to the way an individual acts in response to an object, event, person.

Structure of attitude



Convergence

- Behaviour flowing from attitude.
- [Eg] - Gandhiji withdrew Non-cooperation movement as it went violent during Chauri-Chauri incident against his principle of non-violence (ahimsa)

Divergence

- Behaviour and attitude may not move hand in hand.
- [Eg] - Many Delhiites who demand controlling pollution should be a priority themselves travel by personal cars.

To ensure integrity, a convergence of Manasa, Vachana, Karma (Thought, speech and action) ~~is~~ should be strived to be achieved, as Mahatma espoused.

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b) Civil servants should work for a cause and not for applause. In light of this statement, examine why bureaucratic anonymity is considered a foundational value for a civil servant. How far do you agree that the principle of bureaucratic anonymity has been diluted in the age of social media? (10 marks, 150 words)

नौकरशाहों को सराहना के लिए नहीं बल्कि गकंसद के लिए काम करना चाहिए। इस कथन के आलोक में, परीक्षण करें कि नौकरशाही अनामिता को एक सिविल सेवक के लिए एक मूलभूत मूल्य क्यों माना जाता है। आप कहाँ तक सहमत हैं कि सोशल मीडिया के युग में नौकरशाही अनामिता के सिद्धांत को कमजोर कर दिया गया है? (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Sardar Vallabhai Patel envisaged civil servants to form the 'steel' framework of administration. Civil servants ~~work~~ are expected to work for public cause anonymously

Bureaucratic anonymity as a foundation value

- (1) Encourage focus on work instead of attracting public attention
- (2) Enable him/her to civil servant to work without getting influenced by majoritarianist opinion. [Eq] - Antagonistic views on dalits
- (3) Prevents undue public pressure. [Eq] - On solving a high-profile case

(4) Uphold constitutional morality

Bureaucratic anonymity diluted by social media

Yes

(1) Many civil servants have their own youtube channels, blogging websites. Eg: Deepak Rawat,

Uttarakhand cadre IAS youtube channel

(2) Million followers on social media sites such as Instagram, Facebook

However, anonymity remains preserved as social media is often used by civil servants → to disseminate public policy information → increase public awareness

→ used for personal purpose - Article 19 - right to freedom of expression

Thus, a balance needs to be struck among anonymity and using social media as a tool to serve public more efficiently,

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Q.5) What does each of the following quotation mean to you?

निम्नलिखित में से प्रत्येक उद्धरण आपके लिए क्या मायने रखता है?

a) A man can give up a right, but he may not give up a duty without being guilty of a grave dereliction. (10 marks, 150 words)

एक आदमी अधिकार छोड़ सकता है, लेकिन यह गंभीर लापरवाही के दोषसिद्ध हुए बिना कर्तव्य नहीं त्याग सकता है। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

The deontological approach of Immanuel Kant upheld the importance of duties. Kant declared 'Duty' for the sake of duty must be done, without caring about rights as any violation will lead to dereliction of duty.

Rights and duties often flow together. The Constitution protects rights of individuals under fundamental rights (Article 12-35), while also promoting duties under Article 51A.

However a man person can choose to surrender a right. for instance -

Many people gave up LPG subsidy on the invocation of the Prime Minister.

However, giving up a duty is not easy. While rights are meant for fulfilling self-interest, duties are meant to fulfill moral duty towards society, nation, elders. For eg - The fundamental duty to respect dignity of women cannot be given up as it can breed gender violence, patriarchy in the society.

As Mahatma Gandhi said one should focus on duties than once rights. The fulfilment of duties by all will automatically result in provision of rights for all.

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b) Justice without force is futile, force without justice is tyrannical. (10 marks, 150 words)

b) बल के बिना न्याय व्यर्थ है, न्याय के बिना बल अत्याचारी है। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

The above quote brings out the relationship between justice and force. While justice has been seen as an essential feature of ethics (John Rawls), force often invites a negative connotation.

However, force becomes justified when it is used to promote ethical values; for instance - justice. Justice needs to be enforced to ensure that justice is done. For [eg] - Punishing the culprits involved in Nirbhaya rape case 2012.

However force without justice can take tyrannical form. It results when autocratic figures use force.

to suppress right of the people. For eg -
Junta rule in Myanmar undertaking
 persecution of civil rights activists.

....
 Thus, a balance between
justice and force needs to be ensured.
Justice should be ensured by force,

however case should be taken to ensure
justice in letter and spirit. For instance -
 Fake encounter in Hyderabad rape case 2019,
 though creates a mirage of justice cannot
 be seen as just

Thus, a balance approach is
 need of the time.

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Q.6) a) Ethics in international relations is a myth only national interest determines the foreign policy. How far do you agree with this statement? Discuss with suitable illustrations.

(10 marks, 150 words)

a) अंतरराष्ट्रीय संबंधों में नैतिकता एक मिथक है, केवल राष्ट्रीय हित ही विदेश नीति को निर्धारित करता है। आप इस कथन से कितना सहमत हैं? उपयुक्त दृष्टान्तों के साथ चर्चा करें।

(10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

America has no friends or foe, it has
only interests

— Henry Kissinger, former American
President.

The words of Kissinger demonstrates that how
international relations are guided by narrow
national interests, as witnessed in: —

(1) AUKUS deal — France felt betrayed on
exclusion by USA, UK and Australia.

(2) Attack of Russia on Ukraine to preserve
itself against NATO threat

(3) USA sudden withdrawal from Afghanistan leaving
Afghan people under Taliban rule

(4) China's belligerent approach on LAC and
South China sea to promote itself

as a 'superpower'

However, it would be ~~so~~ wrong to discard ~~ethical~~ ethics in international relations as merely a 'myth'. Various examples stand to disapprove this idea.

- (1) Germany Open door policy ~~is~~ accepting refugees on humanitarian ground.
- (2) India's Vaccine Maitri to ~~show~~ showing compassion towards weak.
- (3) International Solar Alliance, UN reinforce spirit of 'Vasudha kutumbhakam'
- (4) International aid during Nepal earthquake in 2015 show empathy, compassion.

The need of the hour is to strengthen the bonds of trust trust, cooperation to rise up, unitedly against global challenges of economic slowdown, climate change.

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b) It is not power, but fear that corrupts. Fear of losing power corrupts those who wield it and fear of the scourge of power corrupts those who are subject to it. Examine the statement in context of political corruption. (10 marks, 150 words)

यह सत्ता नहीं है, बल्कि भय है जो भ्रष्ट करता है। सत्ता खोने का डर उन्हें भ्रष्ट कर देता है जो इसे इस्तेमाल करते हैं और सत्ता के संकट का डर उन्हें भ्रष्ट कर देता है जो इसके अधीन हैं। राजनीतिक भ्रष्टाचार के संदर्भ में इस कथन का परीक्षण करें। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Corruption is a cancer that erodes public trust

→ Joe Biden, USA President

political corruption refers to the ~~the~~ misuse of political power to divert political power and resources at once disposal to serve narrow private interests against public interest. For eg. 2G scam

The fear breeds corruption.

The fear of losing power makes the politicians to absorb public money similar

to the sponge. They instead of being guided by the political integrity, conviction to serve public welfare,

the politicians remain busy in filling their coffers before they are ousted of power in the next elections. [eg] - Fodder scam in Bihar

On the other hand the scourge of power corrupts those who are subject to it. For instance - Many young civil servants who enthusiastically get into the public service with the goal to serve public are subjected to constant harassment, transfers until and unless they do not succumb to political corruption. [eg] Pradeep Kasni, Haryana IAS officer faced 70 transfers in his 39-year long career.

The solution lay in infusing transparency, accountability in governance. 2nd ARC recommendation of following Levittan model in governance can help combat corruption.

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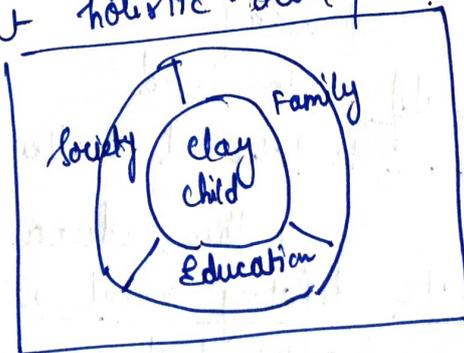
c) Education is the kindling of a flame, not the filling of a vessel. What do you understand by this statement? In your opinion, which five values should Indian education system inculcate in every student? Justify your choice. (10 marks, 150 words)

शिक्षा लौ जलाने के समान है, खाली बर्तन भरने जैसा नहीं। इस कथन से आप क्या समझते हैं? आपकी राय में, भारतीय शिक्षा प्रणाली में प्रत्येक छात्र में कौन से पाँच मूल्य होने चाहिए? अपनी पसंद का औचित्य सिद्ध करें। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Bertrand Russell viewed education as an instrument that can impact values among children which determining the course of their lives.

Education is kindling of flame, not filling of a vessel means that education kindles the flame of knowledge, truth, values and virtues among students.

It is not ~~st~~ about filling a vessel by imparting mere factual knowledge - mathematical and scientific formulae. It is instead about holistic development of child.



Five values Indian education should inculcate

① Compassion : value involving showing willingness to ~~work~~ work for vulnerable.
↳ Reason - Help India to fight untouchability, injustice towards tribes, women.

② Integrity : honesty and refusal to succumb to pressures
↳ Reason - Make India free from corruption, ensure public morality.

③ Selflessness : keeping public interest over self interest
↳ Reason - built harmony and peace in society.

④ Emotional Intelligence : self awareness, regulation
↳ Reason - to enable them to deal with stress faced in highly competitive world of today

⑤ Leadership : to lead
↳ Reason - to take up challenges & initiate reforms

Thus, education has potential to inculcate lifelong moral values and make India a peaceful, prosperous nation striving to emerge as *Atmanirbhar*

Section - B

Q.7) Samuel is a famous tennis player. He is at the top of his career and had won three grand slams last year. The first major tournament of this year is scheduled for next week in country A. Samuel is the defending champion and crowd favourite. Organizers of the tournament expect Samuel to be a crowd puller for his matches. Many aspiring tennis players and youth look up to Samuel as their idol.

The tournament is being organized amidst the deadly third wave of Covid infection in country A. Country A has declared a public health emergency due to the rising number of Covid cases. Keeping in mind medical exigency, the organizers have mandated that every participating athlete as well as the attending audience should be fully vaccinated with two doses. However, Samuel refused to get vaccinated as he believes that vaccines can negatively impact his performance in the tournament. Samuel also argued that mandatory vaccination is a violation of his right to choose and goes against his individual liberty. The organizers of the tournament knew that if Samuel is denied entry in the tournament, their revenue from ticket sales may go down. They hesitantly allowed Samuel to participate in the tournament even without his compliance with vaccine mandate.

To tackle the surging wave of pandemic, country A has prescribed two weeks quarantine for anyone who has visited any other pandemic affected country. Samuel has visited one such country. But such a declaration from Samuel would mean that he would miss the tournament as only one week is left for the start of matches. To avoid quarantine, Samuel lied in his affidavit and claimed that he had not visited any other pandemic affected country. Samuel's popularity became his enemy as people quickly found that he had lied in his affidavit and photos of him vacationing last week in a pandemic affected country went viral on social media. There was a huge outrage against the conduct of Samuel. Samuel was arrested, fined and deported from country A. But there was also a section of the population who wanted to see Samuel in action and was upset that Samuel was forced to leave country A.

Based on this case study, answer the following:

- Identify various ethical issues involved in this incident.
- In your opinion, whether vaccine mandates are a violation of individual liberty or a reasonable restriction on personal freedom. Justify.
- Discuss the ethical responsibility of famous personalities while conducting themselves in public.

(20 marks, 250 words)

सैमुअल एक प्रसिद्ध टेनिस खिलाड़ी हैं। वह अपने करियर के शीर्ष पर है और उसने पिछले साल तीन ग्रैंड स्लैम जीते थे। इस साल का पहला बड़ा टूर्नामेंट देश A में अगले सप्ताह के लिए निर्धारित है। सैमुअल मौजूदा चौपियन और भीड़ पसंदीदा है। टूर्नामेंट के आयोजकों को उम्मीद है कि सैमुअल अपने मैचों के लिए भीड़ खींचने वाले होंगे। कई महत्वाकांक्षी टेनिस खिलाड़ी और युवा सैमुअल को अपना आदर्श मानते हैं।

टूर्नामेंट का आयोजन देश A में कोविड संक्रमण की घातक तीसरी लहर के बीच किया जा रहा है। देश A ने कोविड के मामलों की बढ़ती संख्या के कारण सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य आपातकाल घोषित कर दिया है। चिकित्सा की अनिवार्यता को ध्यान में रखते हुए, आयोजकों ने यह अनिवार्य कर दिया है कि प्रत्येक प्रतिभागी एथलीट के साथ-साथ उपस्थित दर्शकों को टीके लगे होने चाहिए। हालांकि, सैमुअल ने टीकाकरण से इनकार कर दिया क्योंकि उनका मानना है कि टीके टूर्नामेंट में उनके प्रदर्शन को नकारात्मक रूप से प्रभावित कर सकते हैं। सैमुअल ने यह भी तर्क दिया कि अनिवार्य टीकाकरण उसके चुनने के अधिकार का उल्लंघन है और उसकी व्यक्तिगत स्वतंत्रता के खिलाफ जाता है। टूर्नामेंट के आयोजकों को पता था कि अगर सैमुअल को टूर्नामेंट में प्रवेश से वंचित कर दिया गया, तो टिकटों की बिक्री से उनके राजस्व में कमी आ सकती है। उन्होंने हिचकिचाते हुए सैमुअल को टीके के आदेश के अनुपालन के बिना भी टूर्नामेंट में भाग लेने की अनुमति दी।

महामारी की बढ़ती लहर से निपटने के लिए, देश A ने किसी भी अन्य महामारी प्रभावित देश का दौरा करने वाले किसी भी व्यक्ति के लिए दो सप्ताह की क्वारंटाइन निर्धारित किया है।

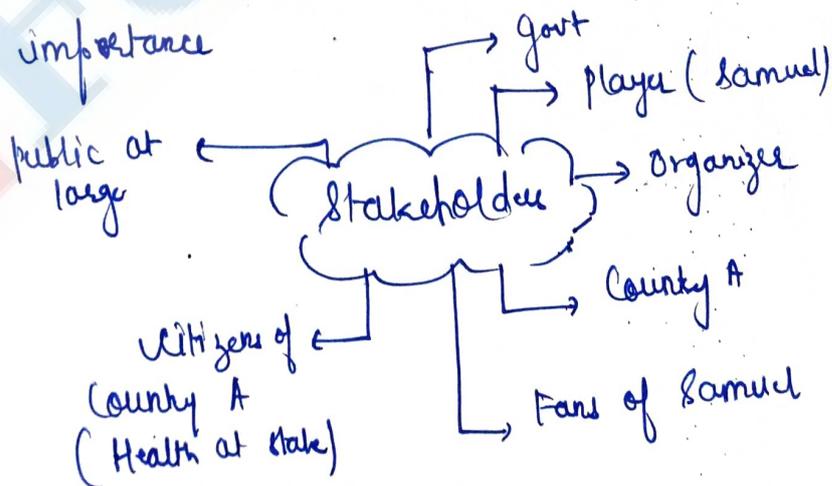
सैमुअल ऐसे ही एक देश का दौरा कर चुका है। लेकिन सैमुअल की इस तरह की घोषणा का मतलब होगा कि वह टूर्नामेंट से बाहर हो जाएंगे क्योंकि मैचों की शुरुआत में केवल एक सप्ताह बचा है। क्वारंटाइन से बचने के लिए, सैमुअल ने अपने हलफनामे में झूठ बोला और दावा किया कि उसने किसी अन्य महामारी प्रभावित देश का दौरा नहीं किया है। सैमुअल की लोकप्रियता उनकी दुश्मन बन गई क्योंकि लोगों ने जल्दी ही पाया कि उन्होंने अपने हलफनामे में झूठ बोला था और पिछले हफ्ते एक महामारी प्रभावित देश में छुट्टियां मनाते हुए उनकी तस्वीरें सोशल मीडिया पर वायरल हो गईं। शमूएल के चालचलन के विरुद्ध बहुत बड़ा आक्रोश था। शमूएल को गिरफ्तार किया गया, जुर्माना लगाया गया और देश A से निर्वासित किया गया। लेकिन एक ऐसा वर्ग भी था जो सैमुअल को कारंवाई में देखना चाहता था और इस बात से परेशान था कि शमूएल को देश A छोड़ने के लिए मजबूर किया गया था।

इस केस स्टडी के आधार पर, निम्नलिखित के उत्तर दें :

- a) इस घटना में शामिल विभिन्न नैतिक मुद्दों की पहचान करें।
- b) आपकी राय में, क्या वैक्सीन अधिदेश व्यक्तिगत स्वतंत्रता का उल्लंघन है या व्यक्तिगत स्वतंत्रता पर उचित प्रतिबंध है। औचित्य सिद्ध करें।
- c) सार्वजनिक रूप से स्वयं का संचालन करते समय प्रसिद्ध व्यक्तियों की नैतिक जिम्मेदारी पर चर्चा करें।

(20 अंक, 250 शब्द)

The case show parallels with Norah Djokovic deportation from Australia for failing to adhere to COVID-19 protocols. Famous personalities like the famous tennis player enjoy wide influence over public and hence their conduct ^{in public} becomes of crucial importance



(a) Ethical issues in the case

- (1) Samuel's refusal to take vaccine despite being aware of the health hazard and contagious nature of COVID.
- (2) Samuel's recourse to self speaking lie to be able to participate in tournament.
- (3) Organizers blind quest for profits, thereby allowing Samuel despite violation of vaccine norms.
- (4) Misuse of the principle of individual liberty and freedom.
- (5) Section of population ~~is~~ exert over Samuel's deposition indicate lack of seriousness among them.

(b) Vaccine mandate is not a violation of individual liberty but a

violation of individual liberty

reasonable restriction on personal freedom to

ensure: -

- (1) Controlling of the pandemic
- (2) keeping public welfare over private interest
- (3) In line with idea of reasonable restriction for public health (Article 19(2))

(c) Ethical responsibility of famous personalities in conducting themselves

- Act as role model for many with many fans emulating their role models.

↳ Thus, Samuel action has potential to cause 'vaccine hesitancy'

- with rights some moral responsibilities towards public welfare
- Their morally incorrect action may cause ethical dilemmas, cognitive dissonance among their followers.

Thus, public personalities should guide their behaviour by principles of integrity, compassion, empathy, sincerity and truthfulness.

Feedback

(For OFFICE use only)

Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Total



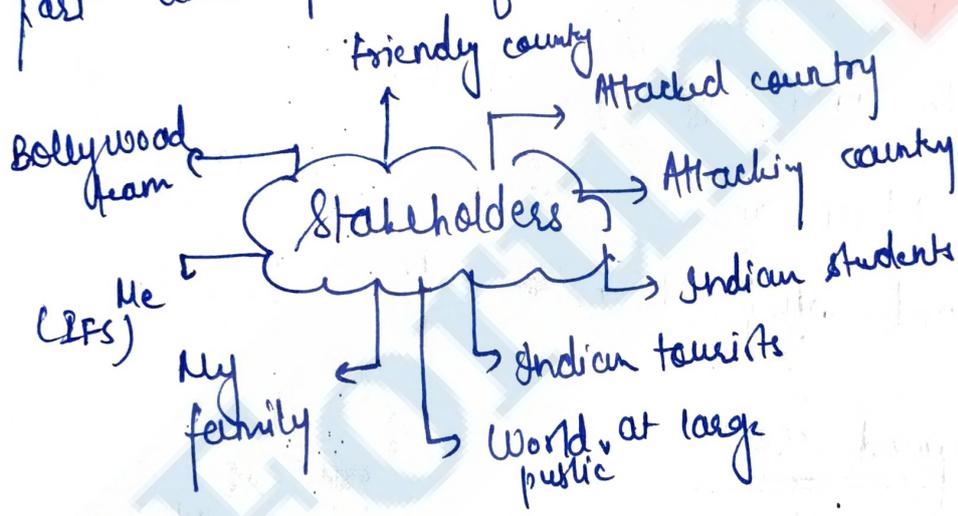
Q.8) You are an IFS officer who heads a diplomatic mission in a European country. You live there with your wife and children. Your parents and few of your relatives are also visiting you for vacation. The country is known for its scenic mountains and it is a popular destination for tourists. In an unexpected turn of events, the country in which you are posted has been attacked by its neighbour due to some unresolved bilateral issues. All the major transportation channels have been adversely impacted by the attack. Flights have been cancelled and airspace above the country has been declared unsafe for commercial aircrafts. You have received an urgent communication from New Delhi asking you to prepare a plan for evacuation of Indians from the besieged country. You have been informed that a friendly neighbouring country of India has sought India's help to evacuate its citizens. Due to war, only a limited number of people can be evacuated in one go and multiple rounds would be required for evacuating everyone. You have identified following groups of people who are to be evacuated:

- You, your wife, children, parents and relatives.
 - Diplomatic staff at the mission.
 - Indian tourists visiting the country.
 - Indian students studying in the country
 - A film crew and actors who were shooting a film in the country. These include some of the biggest names of Bollywood.
 - Citizens of the friendly neighbouring country that has requested India's help.
- As a civil services officer of the state, what would be the order in which you would evacuate these people and why? Give Justifications. (20 marks, 250 words)

आप एक IFS अधिकारी हैं जो किसी यूरोपीय देश में एक राजनयिक मिशन के प्रमुख हैं। आप वहां अपनी पत्नी और बच्चों के साथ रहते हैं। आपके माता-पिता और आपके कुछ रिश्तेदार भी छुट्टी पर आपसे मिलने आ रहे हैं। देश अपने सुंदर पहाड़ों के लिए जाना जाता है और यह पर्यटकों के लिए एक लोकप्रिय गंतव्य है। घटनाओं के एक अप्रत्याशित मोड़ में, जिस देश में आप तैनात हैं, उस पर उसके पड़ोसी देश द्वारा कुछ अनसुलझे द्विपक्षीय मुद्दों के कारण हमला कर दिया गया है। हमले से सभी प्रमुख परिवहन चैनलों पर प्रतिकूल प्रभाव पड़ा है। उड़ानें रद्द कर दी गई हैं और देश के ऊपर के हवाई क्षेत्र को वाणिज्यिक विमानों के लिए असुरक्षित घोषित कर दिया गया है। आपको नई दिल्ली से एक तत्काल संदेश प्राप्त हुआ है जिसमें आपसे घिरे हुए देश से भारतीयों को निकालने की योजना तैयार करने के लिए कहा गया है। आपको बताया गया है कि भारत के एक मित्र पड़ोसी देश ने अपने नागरिकों को निकालने के लिए भारत की मदद मांगी है। युद्ध के कारण, एक बार में सीमित संख्या में ही लोगों को निकाला जा सकता है और सभी को निकालने के लिए कई चक्कर लगाने होंगे। आपने लोगों के निम्नलिखित समूहों की पहचान की है जिन्हें निकाला जाना है:

- आप, आपकी पत्नी, बच्चे, माता-पिता और रिश्तेदार।
 - मिशन में राजनयिक कर्मचारी।
 - देश का दौरा करने वाले भारतीय पर्यटक।
 - देश में पढ़ रहे भारतीय छात्र
 - एक फिल्म क्रू और अभिनेता जो देश में एक फिल्म की शूटिंग कर रहे थे। इनमें बॉलीवुड के कुछ बड़े नाम शामिल हैं।
 - मित्र पड़ोसी देश के नागरिक जिन्होंने भारत से मदद का अनुरोध किया है।
- देश के एक सिविल सेवा अधिकारी के रूप में आप किस क्रम में इन लोगों को निकालेंगे और क्यों? औचित्य दीजिए। (20 अंक, 250 शब्द)

unilateral attacks by countries on failure of bilateral talks represent an action involving moral turpitude. Mahatma Gandhi said non-violence is not a garment that can be worn or taken-off at will, it should rather become the part and parcel of our lives.



Order of evacuation

① Indian students

Reasons: - Students are young and vulnerable

↳ Disruption caused by was will disrupt access to education, food, housing to students.

↳ Relieve their parents from extreme distress and fears.

② Indian tourists writing the country & my parents ^{wife, children & elderly relatives}

↳ Among them priority will be given to aged, women, children.

↳ elderly are more vulnerable in wars and often become 'soft targets'

③ Bollywood crew

↳ Involve important personalities enjoying widespread appeal; thus acting as 'human capital' for India

↳ crew often has young actors and

staff, who can be placed at 3rd place in the priority list.

④ Citizens of friendly country

↳ Essence of spirit of 'Vandaveva kutumbakam'

③ Diplomatic staff at the mission

↳ ~~to~~ ~~Before~~ ~~the~~ ~~mission~~ ~~they~~ ~~will~~ ~~help~~

↳ Placed on ~~an~~ priority as they were meant to coordinate evacuation drive

② Me, my young relatives

↳ I would leave only at the end after making sure that all the others have been safely evacuated

↳ As ~~the~~ head of the mission ..

it is my moral responsibility to ensure that execution takes place under my supervision, instead of preferring to move location myself first.

By doing so, I will do justice to both my personal and professional ethics

Feedback
(For OFFICE)

Structure/
Presentation

Question
Interpretation

Content

Value
Addition

Total

Q.9) Rashmi is a young IPS officer who is posted as the SP law and order in a district that has a history of communal clashes. During a cultural event, a political leader made certain controversial comments regarding the religion of another community that can potentially harm communal harmony in the district. The representatives of the aggrieved community met Rashmi with their complaint. An FIR was registered in the matter and the police department promptly started an investigation. During questioning, the accused political leader denied the charges. He claimed that he was exercising his right to freedom of expression and had no intention of hurting anyone's feelings. He even offered to tender an apology if his statement had hurt someone's religious feelings. However, the aggrieved community was not satisfied with this apology and demanded strict action against the accused.

The next day, a video went viral on social media in which the accused political leader can be seen making derogatory statements against another religious faith. However, Rashmi suspects that the video going viral on the internet is a doctored video and someone has mischievously edited it to make it more vitriolic and inflammatory. The video has ignited communal tensions in the district. The accused political leader belongs to an influential community and his community has put their support behind him. Local intelligence has warned that some anti-social elements are trying to use this opportunity to create communal riot in the district. The entire matter has been politicized and is being covered by the national media. In this situation answer the following:

- What differentiates a hate speech from a free speech?
- Why does social media have a very strong influence over the actions and thoughts of its users?
- What is the most suitable course of action for Rashmi in this situation? Justify.

(20 marks, 250 words)

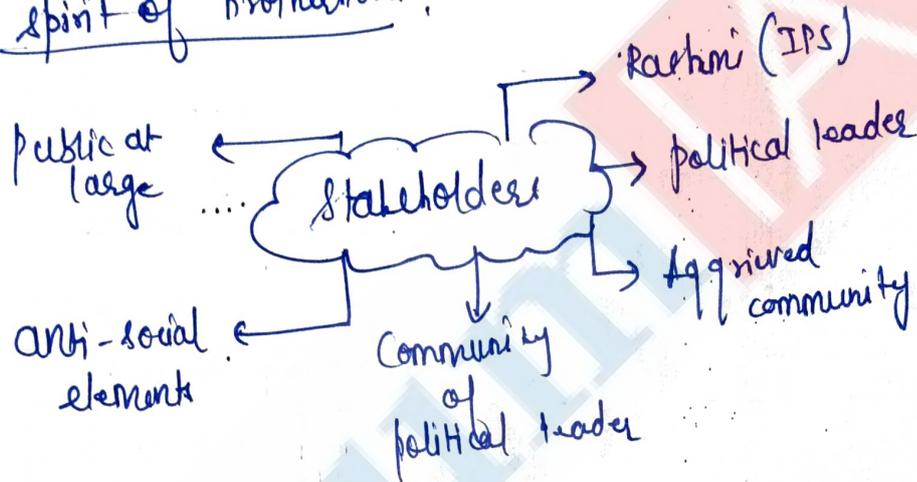
रश्मि एक युवा आईपीएस अधिकारी हैं, जो एक ऐसे जिले में एसपी कानून-व्यवस्था के रूप में तैनात हैं, जहाँ सांप्रदायिक झड़पों का इतिहास रहा है। एक सांस्कृतिक कार्यक्रम के दौरान, एक राजनीतिक नेता ने दूसरे समुदाय के धर्म के बारे में कुछ विवादास्पद टिप्पणियाँ कीं जो जिले में सांप्रदायिक सद्भाव को संभावित रूप से नुकसान पहुंचा सकती हैं। पीड़ित समुदाय के प्रतिनिधियों ने अपनी शिकायत लेकर रश्मि से मुलाकात की। इस मामले में प्राथमिकी दर्ज कर पुलिस विभाग ने तत्काल जांच शुरू कर दी है। पूछताछ के दौरान आरोपी राजनीतिक नेता ने आरोपों से इनकार किया। उन्होंने दावा किया कि वह अभिव्यक्ति की स्वतंत्रता के अपने अधिकार का प्रयोग कर रहे थे और किसी की भावनाओं को ठेस पहुंचाने का उनका कोई इरादा नहीं था। अगर उनके बयान से किसी की धार्मिक भावनाओं को ठेस पहुंची हो तो उन्होंने माफी मांगने की भी पेशकश की। हालांकि, पीड़ित समुदाय इस माफी से संतुष्ट नहीं था और आरोपी के खिलाफ सख्त कार्रवाई की मांग की।

अगले दिन, सोशल मीडिया पर एक वीडियो वायरल हुआ जिसमें आरोपी राजनीतिक नेता को एक और धार्मिक आस्था के विरुद्ध अपमानजनक बयान देते देखा जा सकता है। हालांकि, रश्मि को संदेह है कि इंटरनेट पर वायरल हो रहा वीडियो एक छेड़छाड़ वाला वीडियो है और इसे और अधिक कटु और भड़काऊ बनाने के लिए किसी ने इसे शरारतपूर्ण तरीके से संपादित किया है। वीडियो ने जिले में सांप्रदायिक तनाव को हवा दे दी है। आरोपी राजनीतिक नेता एक प्रभावशाली समुदाय से ताल्लुक रखता है और उसके समुदाय ने उसे अपना समर्थन दिया है। स्थानीय खुफिया विभाग ने चेतावनी दी है कि कुछ असामाजिक तत्व इस अवसर का उपयोग जिले में सांप्रदायिक दंगा भड़काने के लिए कर रहे हैं। पूरे मामले का राजनीतिकरण किया गया और राष्ट्रीय मीडिया द्वारा इसे कवर किया जा रहा है। इस स्थिति में निम्नलिखित का उत्तर दें :

- एक स्वतंत्र भाषण से घृणास्पद भाषण/हेट स्पीच को क्या अलग करता है?
- अपने उपयोगकर्ताओं के कार्यों और विचारों पर सोशल मीडिया का बहुत मजबूत प्रभाव क्यों है?
- इस स्थिति में रश्मि के लिए सबसे उपयुक्त कार्यवाही का तरीका क्या होगा \ औचित्य सिद्ध करें। (20 अंक, 250 शब्द)

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Hate speech and triggering of communal sentiments have in recent years caused disruption in community harmony and spirit of brotherhood.



①	Hate speech	Free speech
(1) Fosters emotions of hatred, violence against an individual, community:	(1) Need to freely express one's ideas, thoughts, beliefs.	
(2) Permeates and generates hatred in society	(2) Ensure rights to express oneself - thus forming bedrock of democracy	

(3) [eg] - Speeches at
Kashidwar
Shaem Sansad

(3) [eg] - PM Man Ki
Daat

(b) Social media have strong influence over it because:-

- ① serve as a quick and mass-coverage tool of communication, eg- Facebook
- ② Allow spread of hate content with speed of a wildfire. [eg] - Zakir Naik speech
- ③ Influential personalities misuse social media to spread disharmony.

(c) Focus of action

- ① Comprehensive analysis of the case taking into consideration viewpoints

of both the parties

② Forensic analysis of the viral video to bring out the truth.

③ ~~A case of doctored~~
Result of forensic analysis

↓

If video is doctored

↓

If video is true

• Disseminate the correct information among public

• Ask the political leader to seek

genuine apology

• ~~#~~

④ Taking steps such as community policing on lines of Arif Shaikh (IPS) Amcho

• Make arrest of the political leader, without fear of the community & political backing he enjoys

Police. Amcho Bastar Model to identify anti-social element trying to provoke riots and arrest them.

⑤ If the situation goes out of control, use of section 144 of CrP to impose restrictions on gathering of more than 4-5 individuals to prevent riots

thus, a balanced approach considering all stakeholders is required

Feedback
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Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Total

Q.10) Ashmita is a respected doctor who runs her own maternity clinic in a small town. She is a mother of two and her husband is also a doctor. Ashmita handles multiple cases of child delivery every day and is known for her compassionate treatment of patients. Her clinic enjoys a good reputation in town.

Among other expecting mothers, Shikha, daughter-in-law of an MLA, was admitted to Ashmita's maternity clinic for child birth. The MLA met Ashmita and expressed his confidence in her skills. He requested her to personally take extra care of Shikha, to which Ashmita agreed happily. Shikha unexpectedly went into labour in the early hours the next day. During this time, Ashmita was performing an emergency surgery on another patient, so she could not attend to Shikha. Shikha was taken care of by other qualified doctors and hospital staff. The MLA was visibly unhappy that Ashmita did not attend Shikha herself. Once the emergency surgery was completed, Ashmita joined her staff and attended Shikha. However, Shikha passed away due to excess bleeding from Postpartum haemorrhage (PPH) during childbirth. Postpartum haemorrhage (PPH) is unpredictable heavy bleeding and Ashmita did everything that she could have done to try to save Shikha's life.

The MLA blamed Ashmita for Shikha's death. Ashmita was beaten by the MLA and his staff. When her husband tried to save Ashmita, he was dragged out of the hospital and thrashed. A police complaint was also lodged against Ashmita accusing her of murder due to negligence. For many days after the incident, she and her family faced constant harassment by police and supporters of the MLA. Ultimately, Ashmita could not take any more humiliation and committed suicide. The news of suicide by the doctor spread like wildfire. Indian Medical Association took cognizance of the case and warned nationwide strike of doctors if appropriate actions in this case were not taken.

The state government has appointed a committee to investigate the matter and recommend suitable actions. You are the Chairperson of this committee. In this scenario, answer the following:

- Why do doctors face violence in the country?
- Identify various moral-ethical and administrative lapses in this case.
- What would you recommend in this case? Give rationale behind giving those recommendations. (20 marks, 250 words)

अशिमिता एक सम्मानित डॉक्टर हैं जो एक छोटे से शहर में अपना मैटरनिटी क्लिनिक चलाती हैं। वह दो बच्चों की मां हैं और उनके पति भी डॉक्टर हैं। अशिमिता प्रति दिन प्रसूति के कई मामले संभालती हैं और रोगियों के प्रति सहानुभूतिपूर्ण व्यवहार के लिए जानी जाती हैं। उसका क्लिनिक की शहर में प्रतिष्ठित है।

अन्य गर्भवती महिलाओं में, एक विधायक की बहू शिखा को बच्चे के जन्म के लिए अशिमिता के प्रसूति क्लिनिक में भर्ती कराया गया था। विधायक ने अशिमिता से मुलाकात की और उनके कौशल पर भरोसा जताया। उन्होंने उनसे व्यक्तिगत रूप से शिखा की अतिरिक्त देखभाल करने का अनुरोध किया, जिस पर अशिमिता खुशी से सहमत हो गईं। अगले दिन तड़के शिखा को यकायक प्रसव पीड़ा हुई। इस दौरान अशिमिता एक अन्य मरीज की इमरजेंसी सर्जरी कर रही थीं, इसलिए वह शिखा को अटेंड नहीं कर सकीं। शिखा की देखभाल अन्य योग्य डॉक्टरों और अस्पताल के कर्मचारियों ने की। अशिमिता के शिखा की प्रसूति में शामिल नहीं होने से विधायक काफी नाराज दिखे। आपातकालीन सर्जरी पूरी हो जाने के बाद, अशिमिता शिखा की प्रसूति में शामिल हो गईं। हालांकि, प्रसव के दौरान प्रसवोत्तर रक्तस्राव (पीपीएच) से अधिक रक्तस्राव के कारण शिखा का निधन हो गया। प्रसवोत्तर रक्तस्राव (पीपीएच) अप्रत्याशित भारी रक्तस्राव है और अशिमिता ने वह सब कुछ किया जो वह शिखा की जान बचाने के लिए कर सकती थीं।

विधायक ने शिखा की मौत के लिए अशिमिता को जिम्मेदार ठहराया। अशिमिता को विधायक और उनके स्टाफ ने पीटा। जब उसके पति ने अशिमिता को बचाने की कोशिश की तो उसे अस्पताल से धरौटी पर पीटा गया। अशिमिता के खिलाफ लाप. रवाही के कारण हत्या का आरोप लगाते हुए पुलिस में शिकायत भी दर्ज कराई गई थी। घटना के बाद कई दिनों तक उन्हें और उनके परिवार को पुलिस और विधायक के समर्थकों द्वारा लगातार उत्पीड़न का सामना करना पड़ा। अंततः अशिमिता और अधिक अपमान सह नहीं पाई और आत्महत्या कर ली। डॉक्टर द्वारा आत्महत्या की खबर जंगल में आग की तरह फैल गई। इंडियन मेडिकल एसोसिएशन ने मामले का संज्ञान लिया और इस मामले में उचित कार्रवाई नहीं होने पर डॉक्टरों की देशव्यापी हड़ताल की चेतावनी दी। राज्य सरकार ने मामले की जांच और उचित कार्रवाई की सिफारिश करने के लिए एक समिति नियुक्त की है। आप इस समिति के अध्यक्ष हैं। इस परिदृश्य में, निम्नलिखित का उत्तर दें :

- a) देश में डॉक्टरों को हिंसा का सामना क्यों करना पड़ता है?
- b) इस मामले में विभिन्न नैतिक-नीति विषयक और प्रशासनिक खामियों की पहचान करें।
- c) इस मामले में आप क्या सुझाव देंगे? उन रिफारिशों को देने के पीछे तर्क दीजिए।

(20 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Violence among doctors has become a common practice, where angered public pent out their frustration on doctors for failure of treatment. A lady doctor recently committed suicide after being humiliated by and thrashed by the public.

① Doctors facing violence - reasons

- (1) Public anger in case of death of the patient often makes doctors as their target.
- (2) Lack of effective grievance redressal mechanism for people to get their grievances redressed in a time-bound manner.
- (3) Lack of emotional intelligence among

people who fail to understand innocence of doctor in case of unintended death.

(4) The unethical behaviour of some doctors who refuse to ~~take~~ admit emergency patients even for failure to deposit fee has corroded the dignity of the profession.

① Moral-ethical lapses

- MLAs demand for special treatment of her daughter-in-law in preference of other patients (ivory tower syndrome)
- Resorting to violence in face of anger instead of resorting to legal means.
- Anger and intolerance towards innocent

Administrative lapses

- ↳ Failure to protect the doctor and her family from harassment.
- ↳ Registration of complaints without preliminary investigation
- ↳ Police fact support to MLAs

(c) My recommendation in the case

- (1) Taking action against the MLA and his supporters for harassing the lady doctor and abetment to suicide.
- (2) Compensation awarding to Roshmi's family as a small measure, that can be taken.
- (3) In long term, guidelines need to be stipulated to ensure proper conduct of patients.

...
with the doctors.

(4) Sensitivity training for the police to holistically assess a case before taking any action.

Rationale behind recommendation

- ① Upholding justice by bringing culprits to ~~to~~ the books
- ② Standing with the right and truth despite huge presence of political class.
- ③ Ensuring dignity of the profession of doctor.
- ④ Save doctors from ~~the~~ undue harassment and enable them to do their duty ~~in~~ without favour or fear

Q.11) Bhuvan-ultra is a famous real estate developer engaged mostly in housing projects. It has a very good track record of timely delivery of housing projects and enjoys a high level of trust among buyers. One of the ongoing projects of Bhuvan-ultra is a housing project with six residential towers. The construction has been in full swing for the last four years. Given the good record of the builder, all the flats have already been sold. Four out of six towers are complete and people have started living in these towers. Two other towers are near completion and it is expected that these would be ready in the next few months.

Satish lives in a rented house and he daily crosses through this project on his commute to office. Satish always wanted to buy a flat in one of these towers. One day while reading the newspaper Satish came across a news article on the ongoing project of Bhuvan-ultra. Through the news article, he came to know that Bhuvan-ultra had permission to construct only four towers and it has illegally constructed two more towers in the project. The two illegal towers were standing on ground which was supposed to be a wetland. The entire conundrum points toward massive corruption and negligence by state development authorities. The matter went into the court and the court has ordered demolition of the two illegal towers. However, as the two illegal towers lie in close proximity with the other four legally constructed and inhabited towers, demolishing them is not only expensive but also a risky affair. Further, as all the six towers share a common basement, demolition of two towers can have implications for structural integrity of other four towers. Satish sits there thinking about the pain of the people who have invested their life's savings in the project and questioning whether he should ever invest in a residential property. He is also questioning himself whether demolition of a residential apartments in a country where lakhs of people are homeless, is justified or not. On the basis of above case study, answer the following:

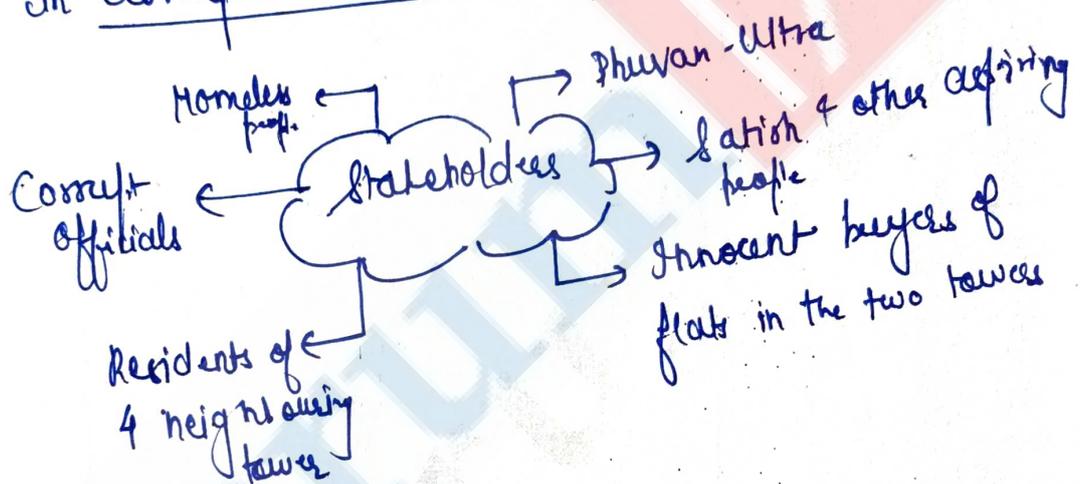
- Identify various ethical dilemmas involved in this case study.
- What can be the other options to achieve justice in the given case, apart from demolition of the illegal towers? Evaluate each of these options and suggest the most suitable option. (20 marks, 250 words)

भुवन -अल्ट्रा एक प्रसिद्ध रियल एस्टेट डेवलपर है जो ज्यादातर आवास परियोजनाओं में लगा हुआ है। आवास परियोजनाओं के समय पर वितरण का इसका बहुत अच्छा ट्रैक रिकॉर्ड है और खरीदारों के बीच उच्च स्तर का विश्वास है। भुवन -अल्ट्रा की चल रही परियोजनाओं में से एक छह आवासीय टावरों के साथ एक आवास परियोजना है। पिछले चार साल से निर्माण कार्य जोरों पर है। बिल्डर के अच्छे रिकॉर्ड को देखते हुए सभी प्लैट पहले ही बिक चुके हैं। छह में से चार टावर पूरे हो चुके हैं और लोग इन टावरों में रहने लगे हैं। दो अन्य टावर पूरा होने के करीब हैं और उम्मीद है कि ये अगले कुछ महीनों में तैयार हो जाएंगे।

सतीश एक किराए के घर में रहता है और यह रोजाना ऑफिस आने-जाने में इस प्रोजेक्ट से गुजरता है। सतीश हमेशा इनमें से किसी एक टावर में प्लैट खरीदना चाहते थे। एक दिन अखबार पढ़ते समय सतीश को भुवन -अल्ट्रा की चल रही परियोजना पर एक समाचार लेख मिला। समाचार लेख के माध्यम से, उन्हें पता चला कि भुवन -अल्ट्रा को केवल चार टावरों के निर्माण की अनुमति थी और इसने परियोजना में अवैध रूप से दो और टावरों का निर्माण किया है। दो टावर अवैध जमीन पर खड़े थे जिसे आर्द्रभूमि माना जाता था। पूरी पहेली राज्य के विकास अधिकारियों द्वारा बड़े पैमाने पर भ्रष्टाचार और लापरवाही की ओर इशारा करती है। मामला कोर्ट में चला गया और कोर्ट ने दो अवैध टावरों को गिराने का आदेश दिया है। हालांकि, चूंकि दो अवैध टावर अन्य चार कानूनी रूप से निर्मित और बसे हुए टावरों के साथ निकटता में स्थित हैं, उन्हें ध्वस्त करना न केवल महंगा है, बल्कि एक जोखिम भरा मामला भी है। इसके अलावा, चूंकि सभी छह टावर एक साझा बेसमेंट साझा करते हैं, दो टावरों के विध्वंस से अन्य चार टावरों की संरचनात्मक अखंडता पर असर पड़ सकता है। सतीश वहां बैठे उन लोगों के दर्द के बारे में सोचते हैं जिन्होंने परियोजना में अपने जीवन की बचत का निवेश किया है और सवाल किया है कि क्या उन्हें कभी आवासीय रांपति में निवेश करना चाहिए। वह खुद से यह भी सवाल कर रहे हैं कि जिस देश में लाखों लोग बेघर हैं, वहां आवासीय अपार्टमेंट को गिराना जायज है या नहीं। उपरोक्त केस स्टडी के आधार पर, निम्नलिखित उत्तर दें :

- इस केस स्टडी में शामिल विभिन्न नैतिक दुविधाओं की पहचान करें।
- इस मामले में न्याय प्राप्त करने के लिए अवैध टावरों को गिराने के अलावा और क्या विकल्प हो सकते हैं? इनमें से प्रत्येक विकल्प का मूल्यांकन करें और सबसे उपयुक्त विकल्प सुझाएं। (20 अंक, 250 शब्द)

The demolition of two residential towers in Noida, took place on the orders of the Supreme Court for having violated the Wetland Rule 2017 in corruption and collusion and engaging



(a) Various ethical dilemmas

- (i) Ensuring environment justice vs ensuring justice to people who have already bought flats in the illegal towers
- (ii) Demolition of illegal towers vs allowing

them to ensure safety of residents in other 4 towers

- Compassion towards people who have invested their lifelong savings in buying a flat or upholding rule of law.
- Need to set a precedence ^{of consequence of violation} vs need to set a precedence of upholding humanity and compassion

Other options apart from demolition

- ① Allowing Shuran-ultra to continue with the project after payment of fine

Merit	Demerit
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that people do not have to 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Against rule of law

- bear the cost of company's mistake
- Ensures safety of all people

- set a bad precedence of 'pollute and pay'

~~1) Importing the~~

2) Continuation of the project + demanding from company to rebuild a wetland preferably in area close the project + pay fines + taking action against the staff of state development authorities collecting in violation of laws

Merits

- (1) Ensure environment justice by building an artificial wetland
- (2) uphold rule of law
- (3) protect ~~people~~ ^{buyers} from ~~misery~~

Demerits

- (1) The new wetland may not be as effective in delivering ecosystem services.

I will choose Option 2 because:-

- (1) It ensures that lifelong savings of people do not get stuck due to company's violation.
- (2) Balances environment justice by creation of alternative wetland close the area.
- (3) Take a step forward in the direction of 'Housing for All' by 2022.
- (4) Crackdown on staff and officials engaged in corrupt practices.
- (5) Set a precedence that any violation of environmental right laws will be punished strictly through imposition of heavy fines and mandate of building a new wetland.

Feedback

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Structure/ Presentation
Question Interpretation
Content
Value Addition
Total



Q.12) Lithium is emerging as the new gold in the modern world. It is used extensively in making rechargeable batteries that are used across phones, laptops, electric vehicles etc. As the world is transitioning towards clean energy, demand for lithium is rising exponentially. India is dependent on imports for her lithium needs. Recently, a large lithium deposit has been found during a geological survey in Central India. According to initial estimates, the reserve is large enough to not only fulfill domestic requirements but also leave enough surplus for India to export lithium to other countries. The news of this discovery is covered by national media. This reserve can provide much needed impetus to adoption and development of green energy technologies in the country. Many prominent union ministers have expressed their desire for timely development of lithium mines and claimed that this discovery to be an outcome of their far-sighted governance and development model.

Amit is a senior government official who has been appointed as project development officer for this mining project. During initial assessment of the project, Amit found that the discovered reserve lies inside a forest inhabited by tribals. This is a pristine forest, hitherto untouched by humans, other than indigenous tribal communities. This forest hosts a wide variety of flora and fauna, many of which are endemic. Further, the lithium reserve lies at the foothill of a hillock. This hillock has a small shrine where the deity worshipped by the tribals is located. Lithium mining in this area would mean destruction of forest, blasting of the mountain where shrine of the tribal deity is located and displacement of tribals. The tribal population is against this mining project! They consider this project as an assault on their way of life and culture. Intelligence report suggests that if these tribals are forcefully displaced and their shrine destroyed, they can become easy targets for the Naxal indoctrination and create a security nightmare for the state. On the other hand, Amit is facing political pressure for execution of this project and has been repeatedly reminded that not only this project is of national importance but also can be a stepping stone for his career.

Amit is your colleague and a close friend. He asks you for your advice in this matter. Based on the described situation, help Amit identify various ethical dilemmas in this case. In your opinion, what is the most suitable course of action for Amit? Justify your choice. (20 marks, 250 words)

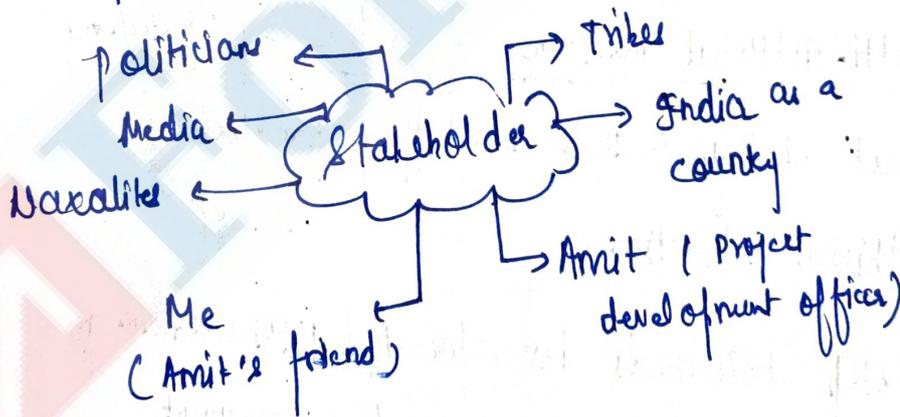
आधुनिक दुनिया में लिथियम नए सोने के रूप में उभर रहा है। फोन, लैपटॉप, इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों आदि में उपयोग की जाने वाली रिचार्जबल बैटरी बनाने में इसका बड़े पैमाने पर उपयोग किया जाता है। जैसे-जैसे दुनिया स्वच्छ ऊर्जा की ओर बढ़ रही है, लिथियम की मांग तेजी से बढ़ रही है। भारत अपनी लिथियम जरूरतों के लिए आयात पर निर्भर है। हाल ही में मध्य भारत में एक भूवैज्ञानिक सर्वेक्षण के दौरान बड़ी मात्रा में लिथियम निक्षेप पाया गया है। प्रारंभिक अनुमानों के अनुसार, भंडार न केवल घरेलू आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करने के लिए काफी बड़ा है बल्कि भारत के लिए अन्य देशों को लिथियम निर्यात करने के लिए पर्याप्त अधिशेष भी छोड़ता है। इस खोज की खबर राष्ट्रीय मीडिया द्वारा कवर की गई है। यह भंडार देश में हरित ऊर्जा प्रौद्योगिकियों को अपनाने और विकास के लिए बहुत आवश्यक प्रोत्साहन प्रदान कर सकता है। कई प्रमुख केंद्रीय मंत्रियों ने लिथियम खानों के समय पर विकास की इच्छा व्यक्त की है और दावा किया है कि यह खोज उनके दूरदर्शी शासन और विकास मॉडल का परिणाम है।

अमित एक वरिष्ठ सरकारी अधिकारी हैं जिन्हें इस खनन परियोजना के लिए परियोजना विकास अधिकारी नियुक्त किया गया है। परियोजना के प्रारंभिक मूल्यांकन के दौरान, अमित ने पाया कि खोजा गया भंडार आदिवासियों के निवास वाले जंगल के अंदर है। यह एक प्राचीन जंगल है, जो अब तक स्वदेशी जनजातीय समुदायों के अलावा मनुष्यों से अछूता है। यह जंगल विभिन्न प्रकार के वनस्पतियों और जीवों को होस्ट करता है, जिनमें से कई स्थानिक हैं। इसके अलावा, लिथियम रिजर्व एक पहाड़ी की तलहटी में स्थित है। इस पहाड़ी में एक छोटा मंदिर है जहां आदिवासियों द्वारा पूजे जाने वाले देवता स्थित हैं। इस क्षेत्र में लिथियम खनन का मतलब होगा जंगल का विनाश, पहाड़ को नष्ट करना जहां आदिवासी देवता का मंदिर स्थित है और आदिवासियों का विस्थापन। आदिवासी आबादी इस खनन परियोजना के खिलाफ है।

वे इस परियोजना को अपने जीवन और संस्कृति के तरीके पर हमला मानते हैं। खुफिया रिपोर्ट बताती है कि अगर इन आदिवासियों को जबरन विस्थापित किया जाता है और उनके धर्मस्थल को नष्ट कर दिया जाता है, तो वे नक्सलियों के लिए आसान लक्ष्य बन सकते हैं और राज्य के लिए एक सुरक्षा खतरा पैदा कर सकते हैं। दूसरी ओर, अमित इस परियोजना के क्रियान्वयन के लिए राजनीतिक दबाव का सामना कर रहे हैं और उन्हें बार-बार याद दिलाया गया है कि यह परियोजना न केवल राष्ट्रीय महत्व की है, बल्कि उनके करियर के लिए एक कदम भी हो सकती है।

अमित आपके सहयोगी और करीबी दोस्त हैं। वह आपसे इस मामले में आपकी सलाह मांगते हैं। वर्णित स्थिति के आधार पर, अमित को इस मामले में विभिन्न नैतिक दुविधाओं की पहचान करने में मदद करें। आपकी राय में, अमित के लिए कार्रवाई का सबसे उपयुक्त तरीका क्या है? अपने विकल्प का औचित्य सिद्ध करें। (20 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Lithium, the rare earth metal has become a crucial resource and raw material to fuel digital revolution and electronic industry. The discovery of mineral reserves like lithium in dense forest areas often creates ethical dilemma of environment vs development, social justice vs development



Ethical dilemma in the case

- ① Environment ethics vs development needs :
lithium, an essential raw material is required for country's progress but it would lead to degradation of pristine forests.
- ② Social justice vs development needs
Mining of lithium would lead to tribal displacement and disruption in their ways of life.
- ③ Constitutional mandate to preserve the multi-cultural heritage of India by protecting tribal beliefs & their worshipping practices vs lithium extraction.
- ④ A step towards development (lithium mining) will lead to alienation and consequent spread of nationalism → state security issue.
- ⑤ Personal interests (career progression) vs upholding rights of vulnerable people.

Most suitable cause of action for Amit

- Ensuring a strict environment and social impact assessment of the project.
- Calculation of the cost of the project including costs resulting from destruction of forest, prospective costs resulting from security issue in the area. If the costs are more higher than the benefits, the project can be dropped and alternative site may be looked after thorough analysis of geology.
- In case of project implementation, following steps should be ensured:-
 - ↳ using ~~see~~ persuasion to convince tribes
 - ↳ Ensuring proper rehabilitation of tribes
 - ↳ Innovative measures such as

measures to convince the local deity as followed by Kullu district administration to convince village people to take ^{COVID} vaccination can serve as a model.

↳ Rehabilitation should ensure that the unique tribal way of life is preserved.

↳ compensatory afforestation using Miyawaki technique to regrow forest can be done.

↳ Ensuring that the benefits of the projects flow to the tribes should be ensured.

By doing this, the country would be able to balance the interests of all stakeholders including tribals.

Feedb
(For OFFICE)

Structure
Presentat

Question
Interpret

Content

Value
Addition

Total