

**Answer Writing Focus Group 2024**
Generic Booklet
Entrance Test 3

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Allotted Time : 60 Minutes**Key Objectives of the Program:**

#1 Coverage of Syllabus - The questions will cover relevant static portion and related contemporary issues in the news. It is expected that student by attempting these questions will be able to revise their syllabus holistically. It will enable student to understand what topic to focus upon. Let's not be a frog in the well - unaware of "what to study" or "what to prepare".

#2 Answer Writing Practice - It will provide students answer writing practice and enable them to strategize how to cover paper within time limit.

#3 Stay ahead of the competition - Laser Beam focus on answer writing and covering syllabus holistically will enable student stay ahead of the competition.

Q. No.	Grade/Score
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
Overall Grade/Score	

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Q Gurusar Rabindranath Tagore ~~had~~ ^{had} a vocal views on Indian nationalism. In his writings, he preferred humanistic concern over than constrained political strategy.

His idea mainly relied on ancient Indian philosophy. He dissociate himself from general belief of nationalism and favoured universalism. His ~~ideas~~ ideas are based on peace, harmony & welfare.

Tagore's believed in human identity over national identity. He gave emphasis on teaching of Kabir, Chaitanya.

He believed that only those people who have spirit of cooperation have served and achieved civilisation. otherwise mankind fought wars and other racial conflicts.

Tagore further considered freedom of mind more important than political freedom. And said blind faith lead to greed for possession. In this regard he favoured idea of nationalism should have mixture of humanity & human welfare.

Overall Grading (✓)

Poor			Average			Good		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9



Q.1) Read the article given below and summarize it in your words in about 100 words.

Rabindranath Tagore, popularly known as Gurudev, expressed his views on Indian nationalism on various occasions. A collection of his speeches on nationalism was published in 1917 with the same title and one of the speeches in it denotes Tagore's unconventional, integrated views on Indian nationalism. A substance of his deliberation is that the true spirit of nationalism lies in its broad humanistic concern rather than constrained political strategy. The spread of fanatic nationalism during the First World War might have forced him to interpret and blame it as an evil epidemic. He was trying to subvert the popular idea of nationalism which was more a political justification that encouraged grabbing other nations and their resources.

Tagore's perception of nationalism has mainly relied on ancient Indian philosophy, where the world was accepted as a single nest. In this way, Tagore was striving to dissociate himself from the general belief of nationalism and trying to associate it with ideas such as peace, harmony and welfare. He argues further that if anyway India decides to contribute the world; it should be only in the form of humanity.

Humanity, world over does not require a narrow but broad sense of nationalism. Therefore, it should be formulated through various means of life. Tagore's idea of humanism goes beyond any boundaries or barriers and seeks at large a common place where humanity comes before any other kind of identity. He adds further that the saints such as Nanak, Kabir, Chaitanya ignited the flame of humanism in Indian minds. But unfortunately, it was faded over time with an aggressive rise of racism and caste-based disintegration of our society.

The ideas like purity and impurity of race have massacred millions over centuries. Even two World Wars and other racial conflicts were provoked based on false notions of superiority. Nothing as such has really existed in this world where men and women can be straightway divided and disintegrated. Therefore, his belief: 'Only those peoples have survived and achieved civilization who have this spirit of co-operation strong in them' receives a cardinal significance.

Tagore considered that apart from political freedom, the freedom of mind is more important. The Euro-centric notions of freedom have forced us to consider political freedom as an ultimate destination in the journey of the freedom movement in our country. Blind faith in Europe will instead increase our greed for possession. Hence, we should give up this narrowness and be more comprehensive in our inward and outward expressions that extend freedom of mind. Ultimately, this freedom of mind finds harmony with the human soul and at large human life. He also believed that there is only one history, i.e. history of man and other histories are mere chapters in the larger one.

Nations with spiritual integration, love, and sympathy for others may find a permanent place in any age. Thus, Indian nationalism or nationalism of any kind is nothing but a mixture of integrated ideals of humanity and human welfare. It should be a tenable progression that out-sets within.



Q.2) In what ways does the 'work from home' culture impact women? Discuss with examples.

The new work culture of 'work from home' has a double edged effect on socio-economic climate.

Work from home impact on women

Positive	Negative
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → opportunity to women for employment specially in <u>life events</u> like motherhood, marriage. → managing the careers as well as <u>social obligation</u>. → Reduced <u>Sexual Harassment</u> at <u>work place</u>. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → <u>Double Burden</u> on women → <u>Shadow pandemic</u> as discussed by UN for <u>Domestic violence</u> → No fixed work hours lead to Extra Burden. → lack of Digital Complied Appliance

Way Ahead → Special Skills to women (STEM)
→ Data privacy law
→ social change for improved overall working conditions

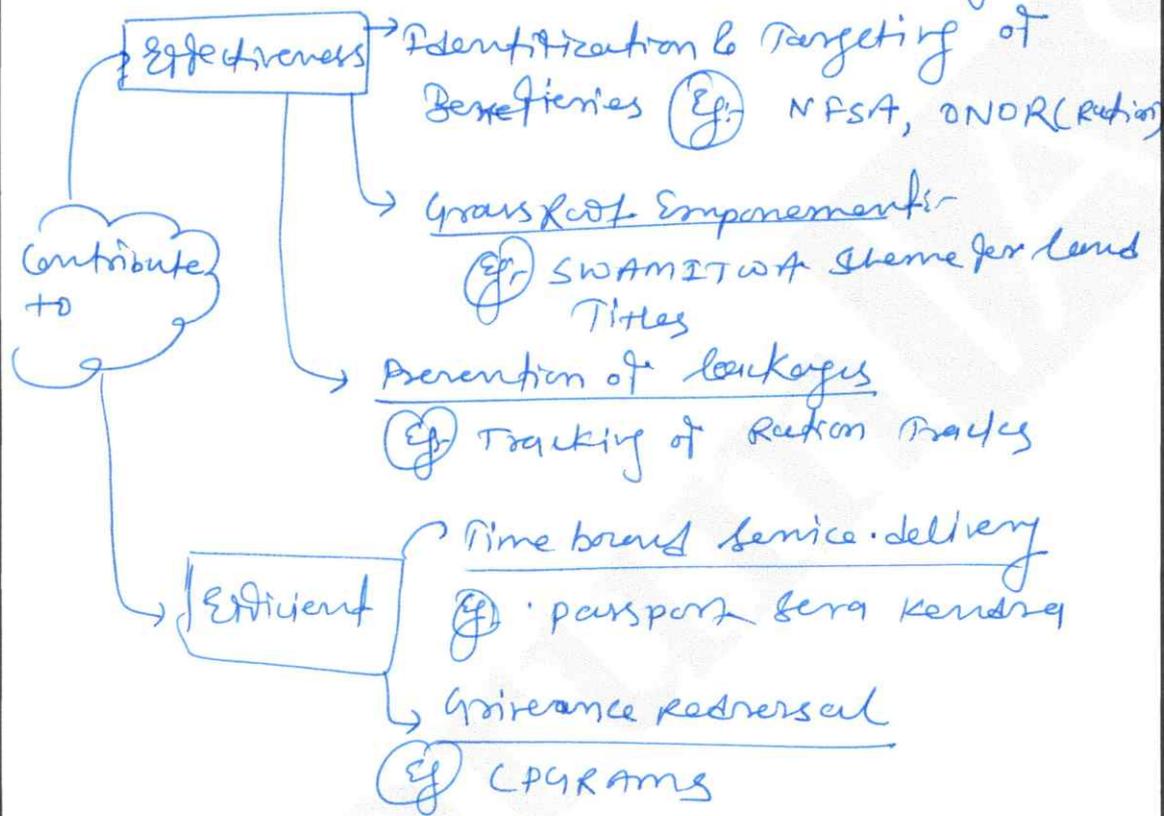
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Poor			Average				Good	
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Q.3) How does technology contribute to effective and efficient governance? Briefly outline the potential challenges in its adoption.

Technology has an ^{Equalising} drastic impact in governance to contribute Effectiveness & Efficiency in governance.



But it has potential challenges

- A) Digital Divide / marginalisation As per NITI Aayog 55% of India has internet connectivity
- B) Cyber crime & privacy issue (Eg) Aadhar Data leak.
- C) Lack of Capital Expenditure due to Budgetary constraints.

~~But~~ Technology can bring motto of Sabka Sath Sabka Vikaas.

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Q.4) What do you understand by inequality? According to you, what are the underlying causes of persistent inequality in India?

Inequality refers to different opportunity and income/wealth to different section of society.

As per oxfam Report

- Top 1% has 40% wealth
- Bottom 50% has 2% wealth.

This shows presence of inequality in Indian Society & Economy.

→ Unequal distribution of natural resource like land Eg:- < 20% of farmers are small & marginal.

Underlying cause of persistent Inequality in India

- Skill mismatch → only 5% of people formally skill.
- lower expenditure on social sector Eg:- Health (2%) Education (3%).

→ Jobless growth due to 4th Industrial Revolution.

Way to Counter Inequality

- Capability approach of Amartya Sen
- Active role of state in social sector (Eg) NEP 6% of Budget
- Progressive taxation policy (Eg) wealth tax

Overall Grading (✓)

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Q.5) The benefits of space explorations for India goes beyond scientific prowess and national pride. Illustrate.

The success of Chandrayaan-3 India become the 7th Nation to land on moon and first to touch its South pole.

Benefit of space exploration for India

- Scientific Prowess → Enhance capability of Research & Development Infrastructure
→ advancement in inhouse capability
(Eg) cryogenic engine
- National pride → India become the 1st country to orbit around mars in its first attempt
→ Success of Chandrayaan-3 in its low budget provide international appreciation
- Economic → space has spinning effect on Economy
(Eg) use of cryogenic technology in industrial process
private participation in space increase Startup Ecosystem (Eg) Skyroot.
- Social → Women Empowerment (Eg) role of women Scientist in Mangalyaan & Chandrayaan Success
Efficient & Effective Governance (Eg) IRNSS.

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Q.6) "Out of difficulties grow miracles." Bring out the meaning of this quote in your life through suitable examples.

Change does not roll on wheel of inevitability, it comes from continuous struggle " Martin Luther King

This shows the above quote and struggle of Martin Luther King is an apt example of miracles grow out of difficulties.

quote, in life importance

→ Provide strength to face failure and difficult times (Eg) consistent challenges in professional work.

→ Bring the attitude of optimism i- always

Looking for positive side of challenge..

(Eg) learning through difficulties.

→ Role model like Thomas Alva Edison inspire us to have a perseverance attitude.

ways to inculcate the this idea i-

↳ use of Emotional Intelligence

↳ Inspiring stories of personalities like Nelson Mandela.

Overall Grading (✓)

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Q.7) VIP culture in our country is a deeply entrenched phenomenon that reflects the hierarchical structure of Indian society. It is characterized by special privileges and preferential treatment accorded to a select group of individuals, usually those in positions of power and influence. This culture manifests itself in various ways, from elaborate security details and exclusive access to public facilities, to immunity from legal procedures and preferential treatment in everyday scenarios. It perpetuates social and economic inequalities by creating a stark divide between the privileged few and the marginalized many.

What are the various concerns associated with VIP culture? What steps can be taken to eliminate it from our society?

The rise of VIP culture in wake of security & special access to few selective individuals/group has following concerns:-

- Against constitutional idea and fundamental rights such as Article 14, 15 (Equality and Against Discrimination)
- Against democratic principles of of the people, by the people and for the people. Because it is against the masses.
- Bring Trust deficit in society by influence of power.

Steps to be taken

- Fair based approach with legitimate process to provide such status (Eg) Security for pm.
- uninterrupted public service (Eg) Health, traffic management.
- Social & public Accountability.

Overall Grading (✓)

Poor			Average			Good		
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