

TEST CODE 7 1 1 3 0 2

MGP 2024

Time Allowed : Three Hours
समय : तीन घंटे**Forum IAS**Maximum Marks : 250
अधिकतम अंक : 250**GENERAL STUDIES / सामान्य अध्ययन**

Name Of Candidate परीक्षार्थी का नाम	Prateek Joshi		
Roll No./अनुक्रमांक	1910084207	Medium/माध्यम	English <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> हिंदी <input type="checkbox"/>
Center Code/परीक्षा केंद्र		Date/दिनांक	28/7/24

*Center Code : For Online - 1900 / Delhi : Karol bagh - 1901, ORN - 1902, Mukharji Nagar - 1903 / Patna : Boring Rd. - 2001 / Hyderabad : Jawahar Nagar - 2101

INDEX TABLE / अनुक्रमणिका			INSTRUCTION / अनुदेश	
Q. No. प्र.सं.	Max. Marks अधिकतम अंक	Marks Obtained प्राप्तांक	1. Please do furnish Name, Email, Roll No and Mobile in the answer sheet. कृपया उत्तर-पुस्तिका में नाम, ईमेल, रोल नंबर और मोबाइल नंबर भरें।	
1			2. There are TWENTY questions printed in ENGLISH & HINDI, all questions are compulsory. उत्तर पुस्तिका में अंग्रेजी/हिंदी में बीस प्रश्न दिए गए हैं, सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।	
2			3. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it. प्रत्येक प्रश्न/भाग के लिए निर्धारित अंक उसके सामने अंकित किए गए हैं।	
3			4. Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. उत्तर प्रवेश पत्र में अधिकृत माध्यम में लिखे जाने चाहिए, जो कि दिए गए स्थान में इस प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यूसीए) पुस्तिका के कवर पर स्पष्ट रूप से लिखा जाना चाहिए।	
4			5. Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum Answer Booklet must be clearly Struck off. प्रश्नों में शब्द सीमा, यदि निर्दिष्ट हो, का पालन किया जाए। प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका में खाली छोड़े गये किसी भी पृष्ठ या पृष्ठ के भाग को स्पष्ट रूप से काट दें।	
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Total/कुल अंक	250		For Student Only / केवल परीक्षार्थी प्रयोग हेतु	
Examiner's Discretion/मूल्यांकन कर्ता का विवेक :			Start Time/प्रारंभ करने का समय : 1:30 pm	End Time/समाप्त करने का समय : 4:30 pm
Total Marks/कुल अंक :			Mode Of Examination/ परीक्षा की विधि :	Online/ऑनलाइन <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Offline/ऑफलाइन <input type="checkbox"/>
*Examiner's Discretion is the marks awarded at the discretion of the examiner based on your overall impression, on the basis of (but not limited to) your handwriting, presentation, use of diagrams, flowcharts, facts and figures or absolutely anything that he/she liked in your copy. मूल्यांकन कर्ता का विवेक अंक, आपकी लिखावट, प्रस्तुति, आरेखों के उपयोग, फ्लोचार्ट, तथ्यों और आंकड़ों या समग्र रूप किसी अन्य विषय वस्तु, जो मूल्यांकन कर्ता को आपकी कॉपी में पसंद आयी के आधार पर (लेकिन इन्हीं तक सीमित नहीं) पर दिए गए अंक हैं।			For Office Use Only / केवल कार्यालय प्रयोग हेतु	
			ECN CODE/ ईसीएन कोड :	Evaluation Date/ मूल्यांकन तिथि :
			① ② ③ ④ ⑤	

Note: Students are expected to incorporate suggestions from the feedback provided in the answers. Discussion classes for the tests are also available online in your portal to aid in your preparation. Further, students are requested to see the good copies of the tests and learn from them. You can also discuss your copy with a Mentor and discover ways and means to improve your answers, or if you have any issues with this test / copy. Ask specific questions, to get specific answers.

EXAMINER'S REMARKS

CRITERIA FOR THE FEEDBACK SECTION AT THE END OF EACH QUESTION

1. **AWIS = Answered What is Asked.** This means whether you have addressed the core demand of the question or not. Addressing the core demand of the question gets you an objectively fair score. It is examiner's perception if you have understood the question and if you know the answer in the first place. Creative answer writing, sometimes missing the core demand, may fetch very high or very low scores, and exposes your answer to the subjectivity of the examiner.
2. **CD & VA = Content Density & Value Addition.** Examiner will evaluate the quality and quantity of your content in the answer. In the same word limit and space limit have you (a) written what is asked (b) gone beyond what is asked (c) enriched answers through combination of (but not all!) suggestions, ideas, quotes, flowcharts, diagrams, facts and figures, data etc. This affects objective components of assessment.
3. **S & F = Structure & Flow** = Whether you have structured your answer properly or not. Whether the answer has been broken into parts and sub-parts and each part has been addressed appropriately or not. Whether the flow of the answer is maintained. Affects both subjective and objective components of assessment.
4. **P & R** = How your answer performs on the criteria of **presentation, ease of read, clarity and apparent effort** in writing the answer. This affects the subjective components of assessment.

MGP 2024 | General Studies | Test Code : 711302**(20 Questions | 250 Marks | Duration 3 Hours)**

Instructions: All questions are compulsory. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it. Quality of the answer is more important than the length of the answer.

निर्देश : सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न द्वारा धारित अंकों को उसके सामने इंगित किया गया है। उत्तर की गुणवत्ता उत्तर की लंबाई की तुलना में अधिक महत्वपूर्ण है।

Q.1) How does the study of numismatics contribute to the unraveling of India's history? Explain with suitable examples. (10 marks, 150 words)

मुद्राशास्त्र का अध्ययन भारत के इतिहास को जानने में किस प्रकार योगदान देता है? उपयुक्त उदाहरण सहित समझाइये। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Q.2) Analyse the significance of the Civil Disobedience Movement in India's freedom struggle, considering its extent, reach, and revolutionary zeal. (10 marks, 150 words)

भारत के स्वतंत्रता संग्राम में सविनय अवज्ञा आंदोलन के महत्व, इसकी सीमा, पहुंच और क्रांतिकारी उत्साह पर विचार करते हुए इसका विश्लेषण कीजिए। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Q.3) How did the British education policy in colonial India fuel the rise of Indian nationalism instead of achieving its intended purpose of perpetuating Indian subjugation? (10 marks, 150 words)

औपनिवेशिक भारत में ब्रिटिश शिक्षा नीति ने भारतीय अधीनता को कायम रखने के अपने इच्छित उद्देश्य को प्राप्त करने के बजाय भारतीय राष्ट्रवाद के उदय को कैसे बढ़ावा दिया? (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Q.4) The Arab-Israeli conflict should be understood as a product of both internal dynamics and the outcome of manipulative strategies employed by imperial powers. Comment. (10 marks, 150 words)

अरब-इजरायल संघर्ष को आंतरिक गतिशीलता और शाही शक्तियों द्वारा अपनाई गई चालाकी भरी रणनीतियों के परिणाम दोनों के रूप में समझा जाना चाहिए। टिप्पणी। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Q.5) The eastern coast and the western coast of India differ considerably in their geographical characteristics. Explain. (10 marks, 150 words)

भारत का पूर्वी तट और पश्चिमी तट अपनी भौगोलिक विशेषताओं में काफी भिन्न हैं। व्याख्या कीजिए। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Q.6) Enumerate the factors behind the proliferation of the IT industry in India. Also, Explain the reasons behind the skewed concentration of the IT industry within the country. (10 marks, 150 words)

भारत में आईटी उद्योग के प्रसार के पीछे के कारकों की गणना कीजिए। साथ ही, देश के भीतर आईटी उद्योग की विषम एकाग्रता के पीछे के कारणों की व्याख्या कीजिए। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Q.7) The Aspirational Blocks Programme, built upon the success of the Aspirational Districts Programme, can help in achieving the twin objectives of enabling balanced growth and checking stressed migration. Comment. (10 marks, 150 words)

आकांक्षी जिला कार्यक्रम की सफलता पर आधारित आकांक्षी ब्लॉक कार्यक्रम, संतुलित विकास को सक्षम करने और तनावग्रस्त प्रवासन को रोकने के दोहरे उद्देश्यों को प्राप्त करने में मदद कर सकता है। टिप्पणी कीजिए। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

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Q.8) Even after seven decades of independence, the colonial mindset continues to cast its shadow on Indian society. Examine. (10 marks, 150 words)

स्वतंत्रता के सात दशक बाद भी भारतीय समाज पर औपनिवेशिक मानसिकता की छाया बनी हुई है। परीक्षण करना। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Q.9) Digital technologies can play a significant role in bridging the gender gap in India; however, it is mired in its own set of challenges. Discuss. (10 marks, 150 words)

डिजिटल प्रौद्योगिकियाँ भारत में लैंगिक अंतर को पाटने में महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभा सकती हैं; हालाँकि, यह अपनी ही चुनौतियों में फंसा हुआ है। चर्चा कीजिए। (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Q.10) How will you explain that the values of tolerance and inclusiveness which were deeply embedded in ancient Indian society continue to persist and flourish in the present times? (10 marks, 150 words)

आप यह कैसे समझाएंगे कि सहिष्णुता और समावेशिता के मूल्य जो प्राचीन भारतीय समाज में गहराई से अंतर्निहित थे, वर्तमान समय में भी कायम और फल-फूल रहे हैं? (10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

Q.11) Dravidian temple architecture can be seen as a continuum that, though strengthened during the period of the Pallavas, reached its pinnacle during the reign of the Cholas. Discuss (15 marks, 250 words)

द्रविड़ मंदिर वास्तुकला को एक निरंतरता के रूप में देखा जा सकता है, जो हालाँकि पल्लवों के काल के दौरान मजबूत हुई, चोलों के शासनकाल के दौरान अपने शिखर पर पहुंच गई। चर्चा कीजिए। (15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Q.12) Examine the causes that led to tribal unrest during British rule in India. Analyse the reasons for their limited success. (15 marks, 250 words)

उन कारणों का परीक्षण जिनके कारण भारत में ब्रिटिश शासन के दौरान जनजातीय अशांति हुई। उनकी सीमित सफलता के कारणों का विश्लेषण कीजिए। (15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Q.13) While the Emergency of 1975 was touted as seminal for national security and unity by some, the critics paint it as the darkest phase of Post Independent India. Discuss. What insights and lessons did emergency provide for the country? (15 marks, 250 words)

जबकि 1975 के आपातकाल को कुछ लोगों द्वारा राष्ट्रीय सुरक्षा और एकता के लिए मौलिक बताया गया था, आलोचकों ने इसे स्वतंत्र भारत के बाद के सबसे काले चरण के रूप में चित्रित किया। चर्चा कीजिए। आपातकाल ने देश को क्या अंतर्दृष्टि और सबक प्रदान किये? (15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Q.14) Mangroves play a significant role in coastal ecology and economy. Examine. Also, elaborate the reasons behind the accelerated destruction of the mangrove habitat. (15 marks, 250 words)

मैंग्रोव तटीय पारिस्थितिकी और अर्थव्यवस्था में महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाते हैं। परीक्षण कीजिए। साथ ही, मैंग्रोव आवास के त्वरित विनाश के पीछे के कारणों को भी स्पष्ट कीजिए। (15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Q.15) Write an explanatory note on the global distribution of earthquakes with the help of the map given below. Also, throw light on the various consequences associated with earthquakes. (15 marks, 250 words)

नीचे दिए गए मानचित्र की सहायता से भूकंपों के वैश्विक वितरण पर एक व्याख्यात्मक नोट लिखें। साथ ही, भूकंप से जुड़े विभिन्न परिणामों पर भी प्रकाश डालें। (15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

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Q.16) Although poor air quality is a perennial problem, it gets intensified during the winter months in Delhi-NCR. Explain. Evaluate the efficacy of existing measures to control air pollution.

(15 marks, 250 words)

हालांकि खराब वायु गुणवत्ता एक बारहमासी समस्या है, दिल्ली-एनसीआर में सर्दियों के महीनों के दौरान यह और भी गंभीर हो जाती है। व्याख्या कीजिए। वायु प्रदूषण को नियंत्रित करने के लिए मौजूदा उपायों की प्रभावशीलता का मूल्यांकन कीजिए।

(15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Q.17) Enumerate the major reasons that make the Indian economy heavily reliant on coal. Explain why phasing out coal from our energy basket is difficult.

(15 marks, 250 words)

उन प्रमुख कारणों की गणना कीजिए जो भारतीय अर्थव्यवस्था को कोयले पर अत्यधिक निर्भर बनाते हैं। बताएं कि हमारी एनर्जी बॉस्केट से कोयले को चरणबद्ध तरीके से बाहर करना कठिन क्यों है।

(15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Q.18) In what ways are the institutions of marriage and family undergoing changes in contemporary times? Elucidate the role of the state and the market in facilitating these changes.

(15 marks, 250 words)

समकालीन समय में विवाह और परिवार की संस्थाओं में किस प्रकार परिवर्तन आ रहे हैं? इन परिवर्तनों को सुविधाजनक बनाने में राज्य और बाजार की भूमिका को स्पष्ट कीजिए।

(15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Q.19) How do unplanned urbanization and unabated rural-urban migration contribute to the multiple woes faced by Indian metropolises?

(15 marks, 250 words)

अनियोजित शहरीकरण और बेरोकटोक ग्रामीण-शहरी प्रवासन भारतीय महानगरों के सामने आने वाली विभिन्न समस्याओं में कैसे योगदान करते हैं?

(15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

Q.20) The forces of globalization have an indelible influence on the traditional cultural values of Indian society. Elaborate. Also, discuss the impact of globalization on diversity and disparity in the country.

(15 marks, 250 words)

वैश्वीकरण की शक्तियों का भारतीय समाज के पारंपरिक सांस्कृतिक मूल्यों पर अमित प्रभाव है। सविस्तार वर्णन कीजिए। साथ ही, देश में विविधता और असमानता पर वैश्वीकरण के प्रभाव पर भी चर्चा कीजिए।

(15 अंक, 250 शब्द)

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(20 Questions | 250 Marks | Duration 3 Hours)



(Please do not write anything except the question number in this space)
 कृपया इस स्थान में प्रश्न संख्या को अभिलेखित न करें।

UPSC

Answer Questions in NOT MORE THAN the Word Limit specified for each in the Parenthesis.
 Content of the Question is more important than length.
 (Specimen Answer Booklet - For Practice Purpose Only)

उम्मीदवारों को इस इलाक़े में नहीं लिखना चाहिए।
 Candidates must not write on this margin

Q1

The ~~an~~ Harappan seal connected to Numismatics during the late-Mahajapad era, showing the growing relevance of trade.

Study [unraveling of India's History]

① [Political history]

— chronology of Guptas & Mauryas available through their coinage
 — Portraits of Gupta kings on their coins shows growing ~~int~~ political aspirations.

② [Technological & Economic history]

— Gold coin of Indo-Greeks as symbol of wealth & prosperity
 — Lead coin of Satavahanae

Please do not
write anything except
the question number
in this space!
कृपया इस स्थान
में प्रश्न संख्या को
अतिरिक्त कुछ
न लिखें।

UPSC

Answer Questions in NOT MORE THAN the Word Limit specified for each in the Parenthesis.
Content of the Question is more important than length.
(Specimen Answer Booklet - For Practice Purpose Only)

उम्मीदवारों को
इस स्थिति में
कोई लिखना
नहीं है।
Candidates
must not
write on this
margin

shows advancement in
metallurgy

③ Historical Ties

- Satvahana coins found trade with Roman Empire through sea route
- Central Asian & Persian linkages available through Kushanas extravagant coinage

④ Socio-Cultural History

- Different deities embedded on coins as ideas of patron religion
- Samudragupta's coinage with veena shows development of art & architecture.

Thus, numismatics allows ~~from~~ tracing broad socio-economic fabric of historical times.

Q2

The Civil Disobedience movement started in 1930s with Gandhiji's Dandi March as a symbol of resistance

Significance of Civil Disobedience

Extent

- ① Unlike Non-cooperation Movement, movement expanded to south & north-east also
- ② The NWFP mobilised under Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan ("Frontier Gandhi")
- ③ Bengal, Bombay and Surat as main hubs of the movement

Reach

- ① Women, student participated in large number under Gandhian leadership.

(Please do not write anything except the question number in this space)
कृपया इस स्थान में प्रश्न संख्या के अतिरिक्त कुछ न लिखें।

UPSC

Answer Questions in NOT MORE THAN the Word Limit specified for each in the Parenthesis.
Content of the Question is more important than length.
(Specimen Answer Booklet - For Practice Purpose Only)

उत्प्रेदकारों को इस उत्तर में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

- ② withdrawal of Muslims. Their participation not bleakly close to that in Non-cooperation movement.
- ③ Peasants emerged as mobilized force & driving force of movement.
- ④ Revolutionary spirit inspired youth to take part in cause of nation's independence.

Revolutionary Zeal

- ① Organized revolutionary movement formed underground backbone of movement
- ② Harsh punishment to Bhagat Singh, Sukhdev & Rajguru acted as precipitating factor in later phase of movement.

Thus, Civil Disobedience Movement was true display of Congress' organizational skills & Gandhian leadership

Please do not write anything except the question number in this space
कृपया इस स्थान में प्रश्न संख्या के अतिरिक्त कुछ न लिखें।

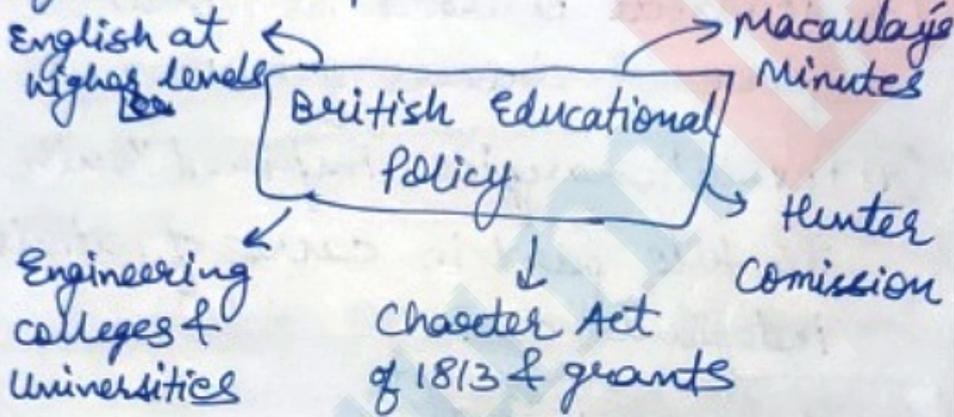
UPSC

Answer Questions in NOT MORE THAN the Word Limit specified for each in the Parenthesis.
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उम्मीदवारों को इस इलाक़े में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
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Q3

The colonial zeal of Britishers pushed them towards educational reforms in Indian society in the form of different policies -



Intended Purpose of British Educational Policy

- ① Obedient working-class labour
↳ Indian origin but British outlook.
- ② Ideological subversion by creating racial supremacy.
- ③ Justifying the colonial rule by



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labelling natives as uneducated.

Ex But, instead of resentment,

Educational Policy fueled Nationalism

① Moderates through "Drain of wealth" theory made masses aware of subjugation.

② Generated leaders with national outlook but core nationalists at heart.

↳ (Ex): Subash Chandra Bose.

③ Renaissance & Enlightenment led to reforms in religion thus creating social solidarity.

Thus, the British Educational Policy allowed Indians to get free from acciptive identities and coalesce into a unified National outlook.



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Q4

The End of ~~World~~ Second World War created a such an impractical policy order by Imperial powers that led to modern Arab-Israeli conflict.

Manipulative Strategies by Colonials

- ① Balfour declaration by Britishers
 - Promising land to Israelis at their origin place
 - Irrational decision as ~~to British~~ ~~also~~ ~~not~~ as Palestine was not British territory.
- ② European powers like France supporting Israel's formation so as to gain advantages in war.

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③ USA allowing conflict to grow
so as to have satellite territory
in the Middle-East.

Conflict as Product of Internal Dynamics

Religious Zeal

- ① P. Zionism as extreme form
of Jewish solidarity.
- ② Arab forces trying to perpetuate
Islamic laws in entire region.

Regional Supremacy establishment

- ① Saudi & Egypt tried to
destroy Israel so as to gain
expand territories.
- ② Turkey supporting Israel so as to
maintain NATO presence.

Thus, the regions should resolve
both internal & ^{external} conflicts as the
wars have been a damage to
humanity at the end.

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Q5

With a coastline of around 7500 km, Indian coasts possess myriad of geographical landforms & socio-cultural identities

Difference between eastern & Western coasts in geographical characteristics

Nature of coasts

- ① Western coast as Submergent coast whereas eastern & gods as emergent coasts.
- ② Western coast consisting of hard-Greccan rocks whereas Eastern coasts more deltaic in nature.

Rainfall Patterns

- ① Orographic rainfall in Western & gods through South West monsoon winds.

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② Eastern Ghats being discontinuous in nature not able to benefit much from orographic rainfall.

Geographical Phenomenon like cyclones

① Eastern coast shows high landfall of cyclones due to its funnel shape as well as increased cyclonic activity in Bay of Bengal.

Riverine aspects

① less deltas formation on western coasts due to hard rocks -

② Eastern Ghats through natural Gondwana slope receive more rivers as well as allow delta formation.

~~Thus~~ In essence, despite differences, coastal region as whole act as ^{Page} lifeline of Indian Population.



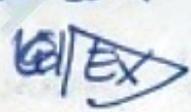
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Q6

~~but~~ with the ^{IT} service sector contributing to around 40% of India's GDP, it is backbone of Indian society.

Factors behind Proliferation

- ① Availability of skilled human resources.
- ② Supportive government regulations -
↳  Single window clearance etc.
- ③ Flexible FDI forms allowing for foreign capital.
- ④ Positive industry-academia linkage → access to new research.



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Reasons for skewed concentration

- ① Supporting infrastructure not available in cities
↳ Uninterrupted electricity, access to foreign markets.
- ② State wise land laws cause impediments in setting up companies.
- ③ Labour laws varying across states
- ④ Extreme weather in certain regions hinders industry development.

Thus, development of new IT hubs like Jaipur, Indore etc. provide for positive step to curb skewed concentration.

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88

Although the territorial colonialism ended in 1947 but the ideological colonialism continues to exist till today.

Shadow of colonial Mindsets

- ① Racial supremacy towards white colour in mindset.
- ② ~~lingua~~ English considered superior language over vernaculars
- ③ Role of state continues to be regarded as that of regulator instead of being facilitator.
- ④ Traditional Indian spiritual & philosophical knowledge treated as hoax.
↳ Western Philosophy is considered scientific.

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⑤ Colonial value preferences like foreign clothes etc. instead of traditional choices.

But, in many spheres this

colonial mindset is on decline

① Ideas like Atmanirbharata & Make in India → bringing back confidence.

② Indian achievements in sports
Bursting myths of racial supremacy.

③ India being considered as leader of Global South & next superpower.

Thus, colonial mindsets' imprints ~~that~~ need to be further diluted and need for new cultural awakening.

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Q9

Digital technologies through their democratic & non-discriminate character provides an impetus to curbing gender gap.

Significant role of digital tech

① opens new income avenues for women, thus providing more agency -

↳ (Ex) : rise of women entrepreneurs -

② direct benefits Transfers moves women out of clutches of Patriarchy.

③ Digital Tech make global values of equality, humanity easily accessible through content.

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④ More education avenues for women ~~tho~~ as families still resistant to send girls out of native place.

Mixed with own challenges

① Privacy concerns

↳ deepfakes & Pornographic content.

② Increased objectification of women.

③ Superficial Emancipation only as agency in crucial decisions still lie with males.

Thus, digital technologies needs to be moulded ^{for women} to provide safe ~~place~~ space to express themselves and get benefitted.



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Q10

Ancient Indian Society beginning from Harappan civilization itself laid great emphasis on values of tolerance & inclusiveness.

Embedded Ancient values in Present times

Ancient values	Present form
① Tolerance provides diverse religious beliefs like Jainism, Buddhism allowed to propagate	① Positive form of secularism allowing individuals to practice their religious beliefs
② Tolerant nature of rulers like Ashoka, Harsha etc. towards welfare of citizens	② Constitutional morality & DPSPs provides



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for state to secular welfare of citizen.

③ Women allowed to participate in Sabhas & Samitis in Vedic times (Inclusiveness)

Women centric measures like Nari Shakti Vandan Adhinyam, Beti Bachao Beti Padhao etc

④ Chandragupta's Navratnas shows secular inclusive behaviour across caste & religious strata

④ Article 15, 16 of Constitution provides for no discrimination on basis of caste, religion etc

Thus, the ancient values are embedded in consciousness of modern Indian Nation - state.



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बचें। केवल प्रश्न संख्या
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Q11 The Dravidian temple architecture traces its origin to 6th Century Pallava kingdom.

Architecture during Pallavas

① Mahendravarma rule

- Rock-cut temples prominent
- Structural temples not available during that time
- Simple structure without much ornamentism.

② "Mammalla" rule

- Free standing Nandi portraits ~~along~~ attached with people
- Primitive structural temples got built at Mammallapuram.
- Monolithic Rath temple at Mammallapuram as testament

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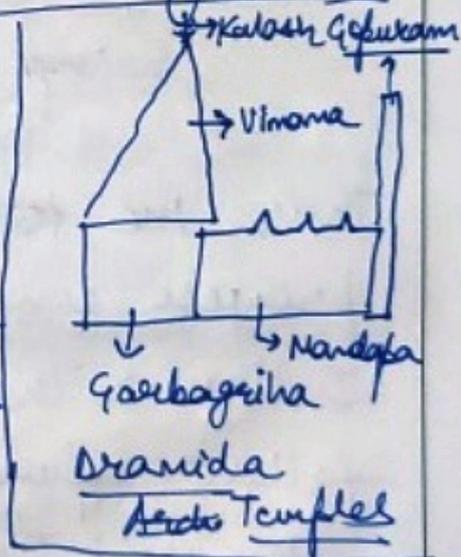
"Rajsimha" Rule

- Full-scale structural temples came into prominence.
- explicit features of dravida temples like ~~M~~ Mandapas, Wells in temple present
- Ex: Shore Temple at Kanchipuram

However, the temple architecture reached pinnacle during Cholas

Raja Raja 1

- Mature stage of Dravida architecture
- Elaborate carvings on walls
- Gopurams became big & magnificent
- Ex: Brihadeshwara Temple.



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Rajendra I

- Ultimate display of chola architectural zenith
- Multiple mandapas so as to host ritual ceremonies
- Vimana ~~to~~ decorated with gold.
- Temples shifted from being ~~to~~ just an architecture to being a social entity.

Thus, the ~~temple~~ Chola's temple process continued in southern Indian with Nayakas developing tallest gopurams in form of Meenakshi Temple at Madurai.

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Q12

The central Gondwana part of India hosted native tribal for centuries but British emergence led to unrest & conflicts.

Causes of Tribal Unrest

① Tribals lost Title rights over land

- British introduced commercialization of Agriculture
- Tribals were historic residents but did not had permits
- ~~Evacuation~~ Eviction by Britishness led to unrest.

② Use rights of Forest Products curbed

- Market economy did not allow tribals to use forest produce like timber etc.

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↳ Traditional knowledge & use of forest products like herbs curbed → caused resentment

③ North-East region's exploitative work practices

- Tribals forced to work as plantation workers.
- Faced both economic as well as sexual exploitation.

④ Tinkering with Tribal Culture

- Missionaries involved in religious conversions
- Traditional ~~regis~~ religious practices of tribals like ~~&~~ naturism regarded by British as ~~as~~ ~~hoax~~ ~~hoax~~
- Forced assimilation efforts of British

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Reason for limited success

① Poor level of technology

↳ low & narrow range guns.

② Non-unified Ideology

↳ Tribals fought for local exploitation
↳ British fought for complete colonisation

③ Organizational strength weak

↳ British army based on proper structure

④ Traditional Warfare Practices like Guerrilla Warfare not effective at large scale.

Despite the losses, Tribal movements helped in bringing subaltern tribals to the main-stage & made them active stakeholders in later national movements.

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Q13

The 1975 Emergency, was the first time imposition of National Emergency on basis of "Internal Rebellion".

Emergency as seminal for national security and unity

- ① Mobilization of ~~people~~ secessionist tendencies ~~also at~~ during 1974-75 → Emergency as necessary solution against this.
- ② State governments' inability to maintain nation unity
↳ Emergency as panacea.
- ③ Infiltration post Bangladesh formation had to be curbed
↳ possible when Union government exercised supreme power.

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However, the Period of Emergency in reality was visible instance of democratic backsliding in India.

Emergency as darkest Phases

- ① Extreme brutality of state against its own citizens.
- ② opposition leaders treated as criminals & most jailed.
- ③ Authoritarian expansion of term of Term of Lok Sabha.
- ④ Freedom of speech & Expression of citizens curbed.

Insights from Emergency

- ① In democracy ~~issues~~ ~~new~~ dissent needs to be tackled through dialogues.

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- ② No leader is supreme. Constitutional as supremacy lies with people.
- ③ Population should be treated as citizens & not as subjects
↳ social contract needs to be maintained from the end of state also.
- ④ Constitutional arbitrariness, if any, should be amended
↳ 44th Constitutional Amendment provides imposition of Emergency only after written consent of cabinet.

Thus, the mark of 50 years of Emergency imposition, sets a right time to look back & reinforce Constitutional Morality



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Q14

Mangroves are salt-tolerant plant species found along the coastal expanse of India.

Role in coastal Ecology & Economy

Ecological

- ① Acts as first line of defence against hazards like cyclones, tsunamis etc.
- ② Maintains salt-balance of coastal soil
- ③ Supports the coastal ecosystem by providing home to marine species.
- ④ Restricts the polluted silt from entering into seas.
- ⑤ Roots of mangroves checks soil ~~erosion~~ erosion.



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Economic

- ① Allows for coastal farming
- ② Acts as base for seaweed cultivation.
- ③ Provisioning services of mangroves like herbs, medicines carry market value.
- ④ Provides for tourism activities and development of local economy.

Reason for destruction of habitat

- ① Global warming disturbing the sea temperatures that mangroves can tolerate
- ② Increased frequency of natural hazards like cyclone due to climate change.

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केवल लिखना
पड़ता है।
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- ③ Increased population pressure and need for clearing of coastal areas.
- ④ Unchecked anthropogenic activities like farming disturbing soil ecology.
- ⑤ Poor implementation of protection laws like CRZ norms.

However, recent government initiatives like Mangrove Alliance for Climate (MAC) & MISHTI scheme are steps in directions.

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Q15

Answer

Earthquake refers to seismic tremors that occur along a fault zone.

Distribution of Earthquakes



① **Pacific Ring of Fire** as most prominent earthquake zone globally.

↳ Earthquake due to ocean & continental plate convergence.

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② Fold Mountains Regions like Himalayas are potential Earthquake sites
↳ Continent-Continent plate convergence.

③ Earthquake swarms prominent near Iceland due to high tectonic activity.

④ Anthropogenic Earthquakes due to mining, reservoirs.
↳ Indonesia, Australia, China → high anthropogenic seismicity.

Consequences of Earthquakes

Natural Consequences

↳ ① Earthquakes may begin soil liquefaction.

② oceanic foci earthquakes



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can lead to Tsunami
③ landslides & avalanches
in hills.

Consequences to humans

- ① loss of life
- ② Key Critical Infrastructure like Bridge, Hospitals etc. get damaged.
- ③ Livelihood affected.
 - Agriculture impacted
 - Tourism curbs leading to decline of service sectors.

Thus, ~~sections~~ tectonically active zones should be mapped through satellites & so as to minimize destructive consequences of earthquakes.

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Q16

The winter months' ~~for~~ poor air quality, every year converts Delhi-NCR region into a "smoke chamber".

Reason for intensification during winter

⊕ Geographical causes

① Delhi being low-lying area, pollution from upper terrain settles around NCR.

② Anti-cyclonic conditions due to ~~western~~ shift of Jet ~~stream~~ stream downwards around NCR.

③ No avenues for dissipation of polluted air, thus leading to ~~so~~ smog cover.

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Human Causes

- ① Stubble burning of Kharif crops.
- ② Weddings & Festival seasons
↳ Incessant use of firecrackers.
- ③ Industrial pollution due to poor air treatment facilities.

Existing measures to control Pollution

- NAAQS monitoring of pollutants.
- Odd-Even scheme
- Graded Response Action Plan
- Tech Advancement like Pulse decomposer

Efficacy of Existing Measures

- ① Poor implementation of Environment



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Protection laws.

- ② Vehicular pollution not checked.
lacunae in implementation of
BS-6 norms.
- ③ Poor check on construction
activities.
- ④ Technological awareness &
adoption by farmers low.
- ⑤ Mindset of population of pollution
~~is~~ problem as regular &
unresolvable.

Thus, Poor Air Quality acts as
a hindrance in survival of
human population & ~~for~~ now is
the need for innovative solutions
to check air pollution.



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<p><u>Q17</u></p>	<p>India is the 2nd largest consumer of coal globally, marking its importance for in Indian reliance in Indian Economy.</p> <p><u>Reason for heavy reliance</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① Easily & cheaply available source of power. ② Other non-conventional sources not regular & do not have high reserve in India. ③ High Calorific value of coal ④ Industries equipped to work with coal-based energy ↳ Inertia in shifting to new source. ⑤ The low technological requirements 	
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in using coal energy
↳ Allowance for easy adoption even among MSMEs.

Efforts to Phase out Coal

- India "Panchamitra" goals
- Focus on Renewable energy like Solar, winds. Ex: PM KUSUM scheme
- Development of Thorium based reactors to use Nuclear Energy.

Phasing out of coal as Difficult

① Infrastructure not conducive for other energy sources.

② Manufacturing sector is in nascent stages

↳ Excessive thrust on clean energy can lead to efficiency issues.



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③ Electricity generation through renewable sources facing technological bottlenecks.

↳ Solar Cells facing semiconductor shortage.

④ Coal ensures energy security as India has its own huge reserves.

⑤ Pollution from other sources like Nuclear fuel more hazardous

Coal-based energy forms around 50% of India's energy basket. Instead of phasing it out completely, the country should focus on first reducing its harmful effects.

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Q18

The shift of society ~~in~~ from collective orientation to individual orientation is leading to changes in family & marriage in contemporary times.

Changes in Marriage

① Nature of Marriage

Shift from 'marriage as a sacrament' to 'marriage as contract'

② Marriage Patterns

Shift from Traditional heterosexual marriage to homosexual marriages as well as Solojany

③ Marriage Rituals

Orthodox rituals declining & marriages' pompous nature

is being glorified through activities like destination weddings.

④ Choice of Partners

More individual agency in choosing partners facilitated via matrimonial websites.

⑤ Changes in Family

① Changes in structure

- Emergence of nuclear families.
- New family forms like Double Income No Kids (DINK), and living Apart Together (LAT)

② Changes in authority

- Gerontocracy on decline
- More symmetrical gender roles in families.

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③ Relationship of Family with other Institutions like Religion, Tradition

Loss of collective values and new forms of socialization of children through play-schools.

Role of State & Market in changes

State

- ① Favourable Gender Laws.
- ② Population Control Measures - "Hum Do Hamare Do".
- ③ Promotion of contraceptives.

Market

- ① Post-Industrial Society as highly disenchantend.
- ② Commodification of Personal relations.

Thus, institutions of marriage & family are adopting to contemporary changes through generalization of new values.

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Q19

With 35% of population living in urban ~~metr~~ centres, metropolises have become cesspool of degradation ~~and~~ causing multiple woes.

Unplanned Urbanization causing woes

① Poor social infrastructure to support high population influx.

(Ex): Congested Roads.

② Sanitation issues consistent across all metropolises.

③ Reclamation of natural lakes ~~and~~ depleting groundwater table

↳ (Ex) ← Bellandur lake in Bengaluru.

④ Poor supply of drinking

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water leading to diseases like hepatitis, etc cholera etc.

Unabated Rural-Urban Migration causing woes

- ① Population Pressure causing strain on already dysfunctional infra.
- ② Migrated rurals end up as being footloose labour
↳ Poor security benefits.
- ③ Failure of income generation in metropolis leads towards crimes for survival.
- ④ Poor to Expensive housing leads to people & migrant relegated to inhumane slums

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Required Policy Measures

- ① Urban local governances needs to strengthened through finances.
- ② Basic facilities of water, sanitation should be provided to all.
- ③ Smart Cities Mission should focus on equitable development also.
- ④ Build local infra capabilities like Sewage, Road etc. under AMRUT scheme.

With urban population likely to increase to 50% by 2050, adequate policy measures are needed to harness this demographic dividend.

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Q20

According to UN, Globalization refers to process of increasing interconnectedness & interdependencies between countries across the world.

Influence on traditional cultural values

- ① Caste-based ascribed identities have diluted and rise of achievement orientation.
- ② Traditional values of spiritualism & collectivism getting coupled with individualism.
- ③ Religious hold over social life decreasing.
- ④ Growth of new "cultural configurations"
- Glocalization
(Ex): McD Aloo Tikki Burger.

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⑤ Forms of marriage & family
changing due to post-industrial
economy.

Impact of globalization on diversity
and disparity.

Diversity

- ① Diversity is getting homogenised
in face of globalization
↳ Idea of supreme global
culture, thus neglecting
local traditions.
- ② Diverse subaltern groups finding
voice in globalized world.
- ③ Linguistic diversity getting diluted
with focus on English as
primary language.

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Disparity

- ① Demand for skilled workforce is increasing but unskilled labour are going out of labour force.
- ② New forms of barriers to women like Glass Ceiling, Glass cliff.
- ③ ~~life-chances~~ of Global nature of supply chain hurting the nascent domestic industries.

Thus, Globalization is a double-edged sword, whose impacts needs to be checked.