

1. "The country whose people do not fear God moves on the path of destruction." Who stated this?

- (A) Hegel  
(B) St. Thomas Aquinas  
(C) Thomas Hobbes  
(D) Machiavelli

Aquinas  
was a  
divine  
thinker

2. "The function of the state is to hinder the hindrances." Who stated this?

- (A) Hegel  
(B) Bentham  
(C) Bosanquet  
(D) T.H. Green

3. Which method was used for the merger of Junagadh into India?

- (A) Initiative  
(B) Recall  
(C) Plebiscite  
(D) All of the above

4. According to Kautilya, Kapatika, Udasthita, Grihapaithika, Vaidehaka, Tapas, Satri, Tikshna, Rasada and Bhikshuki are nine classifications of which of the following?

- (A) Grades of Royal Advisors  
(B) Types of Taxation Officers  
(C) Types of Secret Agents  
(D) Categories of Military Commanders

5. "Yatra Naryastu Pujyante Ramante Tatra Devatah" meaning "Where women are worshipped, there the gods reside and rejoice" this doctrine is most famously found in which of the following?

- (A) Gita Rahasya  
(B) Arthashastra  
(C) Savitri  
(D) Manusmriti

6. Who described Marxism as "The God That Failed"?

- (A) Isaiah Berlin  
(B) Koestler  
(C) Earl Grey  
(D) Sabine

7. Who gave the idea of a "Nocturnal Council" consisting of elder citizens that made every law from birth to death?

- (A) Plato  
(B) Aristotle  
(C) Cicero  
(D) Rousseau

8. Karl Popper in his book "The Open Society and Its Enemies" identified which of the following as primary enemies of open society?

1. Plato  
2. Hegel  
3. Marx  
4. Aristotle  
(A) 1 and 2 only  
(B) 1 and 3 only  
(C) 2, 3 and 4  
(D) 1, 2 and 3



9. Which of the following are the intellectual foundation stones of Behaviouralism as given by David Easton?
1. Regularities ✓
  2. Verification ✓
  3. Quantification ✓
  4. Moral Obligation ✗
  5. Knowledge Integration ✓
  6. Systematisation ✓
  7. Class Struggle ✗
- (A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6  
 (B) 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7  
 (C) 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 ✓  
 (D) 1, 3, 4, 6 and 7
10. According to Aristotle, what is the corrupt form of "Polity"?
- (A) Tyranny  
 (B) Aristocracy  
 (C) Democracy ✓  
 (D) Monarchy
11. According to Kautilya, which type of fort is built in a desert region?
- (A) Audak Durga ✓  
 (B) Parvat Durga  
 (C) Dhanvan Durga  
 (D) Van Durga
12. According to which thinker's Social Contract theory, man in the State of Nature was a "Noble Savage"?
- (A) Bentham  
 (B) Rousseau  
 (C) Hobbes  
 (D) Locke ✓
13. Who is the author of the book 'Fear of Freedom'?
- (A) Erich Fromm ✓  
 (B) Jurgen Habermas  
 (C) R.H. Tawney  
 (D) Michael Walzer
14. Who among following thinker described JS Mill as 'Prophet of Empty Liberty'?
- (A) John Rawls ✓  
 (B) Michael Sandal ✓  
 (C) Ernest Barker ✓  
 (D) Sabine
15. Consider the following statements
- Statement 1: Behavioural approach emerged as an empirical approach which promoted scientific and critical analysis of politics.
- Statement 2: Behavioural approach was anti-democracy and state.
- (A) Both are correct  
 (B) Both are incorrect  
 (C) 1 is correct, 2 is incorrect ✓  
 (D) 1 is incorrect, 2 is correct



✓ 16. Who gave the idea of 'Consociational Democracy'?

- (A) Joseph Schumpeter
- ✓ (B) Arend Lijphart
- (C) Samuel P Huntington
- (D) Joseph Nye

✓ 17. 'The greatest happiness of the greatest number' is a statement associated with which thinker?

- (A) J.S. Mill
- ✓ (B) Bentham
- (C) Marx
- (D) Hobbes

✓ 18. Who gave the idea of 'Economic Theory of Democracy'?

- (A) David Easton
- (B) Charles Merriam
- ✓ (C) Anthony Downs
- (D) G.B. Shaw

✓ 19. Which of the following theorists used the analogy of foxes and lions in 'Elite Theory'?

- (A) Mosca
- ✓ (B) Pareto
- (C) Wright
- (D) Stones

✓ 20. Which of the following scholars are neo-marxists

- 1. Rosa Luxemburg ✓
  - 2. Jurgen Habermas
  - 3. Vladimir Lenin
  - 4. Herbert Marcuse *one chairman ma*
- ✓ (A) 1 and 4
- (B) 2 and 3
- (C) 2 and 4
- (D) 1 and 2

✓ 21. Which of the following is not correct about the contemporary version of classical liberalism?

- (A) They seek to restore laissez faire economy *c*
- ✓ (B) It supports state funded programs to reduce social inequality. *EC*
- (C) The main thinkers of this approach are Nozick and Friedman *c*
- (D) It is also known as libertarianism *c*

✓ 22. Which thinker called natural rights as 'non-sense upon stilts'?

- ✓ (A) Mill
- (B) Bentham
- (C) Foucault
- (D) Sartre

✓ 23. Who gave the theory of the State shaped by the individualism of Mill, the pluralism of Maitland and the socialism of Marx?

- ✓ (A) Harold Laski
- (B) G.D.H. Cole
- (C) Michael Sandel
- (D) Charles Merriam



24. According to C Wright Mills, which of the following is not an elite group of the United States of America?

- (A) Corporate Leaders
- (B) Agriculturalists
- (C) Military
- (D) Political Leaders

25. Which thinker coined the term of 'Family as school of despotism' due to subordinate position of women?

- (A) Plato
- (B) Thomas Hobbes
- (C) John Locke
- (D) J.S. Mill

26. 'Beyond Ideology: Revival of Political Theory' is a book by

- (A) Catlin
- (B) Germino
- (C) Sabine
- (D) Easton

27. 'Vocabulary of Politics' is a book by

- (A) Karl Popper
- (B) TD Weldon
- (C) Norbert Weiner
- (D) Sabine

28. Consider the following two statements regarding Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP):

1. Directive Principles of State Policy are covered under Part IVA of the Indian Constitution.
2. Directive Principles of State Policy cover Articles 36 to 51 of the Indian Constitution.

- (A) Both 1 and 2 are correct
- (B) Only 1 is correct
- (C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
- (D) Only 2 is correct

29. Consider the following two statements regarding the Supreme Court of India:

1. The Supreme Court of India is the apex judicial body under the Constitution of India. Article 124 of the Constitution states that "There shall be a Supreme Court of India"
2. Parliament increased the number of Supreme Court Judges to 34 (including the Chief Justice of India) in 2019.

- (A) Only 1 is correct
- (B) Only 2 is correct
- (C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
- (D) Both 1 and 2 are correct

30. According to Sri Aurobindo's theory of Human Cycle, which stage must be replaced by the Spiritual Age for the development of human soul into the Superhuman?

- (A) Symbolic Age
- (B) Conventional Age
- (C) Individualistic Age
- (D) Subjective Age

*Spiritual age*



31. Who among the following went to jail during their political life?

1. Aurobindo
2. Gandhi
3. Ram Mohan Roy
4. Jinnah

- (A) 2 only  
(B) 1, 2 and 3  
(C) 1 and 2 only  
(D) 3 and 4 only

32. Consider the following statements about Jayaprakash Narayan:

1. Jayaprakash Narayan suggested decentralization at three tiers of governance.
2. Jayaprakash Narayan criticized the centralized nature of the Planning Commission.

- (A) Both 1 and 2 are correct  
(B) Only 1 is correct  
(C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct  
(D) Only 2 is correct

33. "In Britain, political parties originated from within the Parliament." Who stated this?

- (A) Robert Dahl  
(B) Harold Laski  
(C) Duverger  
(D) Bryce

34. Who became the first ever BJP Mayor of Thiruvananthapuram in December 2025?

- (A) R. Sreelekha  
(B) Suresh Gopi  
(C) Rajeev Chandrasekhar  
(D) V.V. Rajesh

35. "Gandhi like a fleeting phantom raises dust, not the standard." Who stated this?

- (A) Jinnah  
(B) B.R. Ambedkar  
(C) Jayaprakash Narayan  
(D) Iqbal

36. Consider the following statements about Mahatma Gandhi:

1. According to Gandhi, socialist economy is like putting the cart before the horse.
2. Gandhi said Hindi written in Devanagari script should be the national language of India.

- (A) Only 1 is correct  
(B) Only 2 is correct  
(C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct  
(D) Both 1 and 2 are correct

37. Which Prime Minister's tenure saw the maximum use of President's Rule under Article 356?

- (A) Jawaharlal Nehru  
(B) Narendra Modi  
(C) Indira Gandhi  
(D) Rajiv Gandhi

38. Consider the following statements:

1. The Supreme Court has a broader scope of writ jurisdiction than the High Court.
2. Article 32 of the Indian Constitution provides for only five types of writs.

- (A) Only 1 is correct  
(B) Only 2 is correct  
(C) Both 1 and 2 are correct  
(D) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct

39. Consider the following two statements regarding Sri Aurobindo:

1. At the Surat Session of 1907, Aurobindo alongside Bal Gangadhar Tilak led the extremist faction, which resulted in a historic split in the Indian National Congress.
2. For Aurobindo, liberty was "a necessity of national life and therefore worth striving for its own sake."

- (A) Only 1 is correct  
(B) Only 2 is correct  
(C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct  
(D) Both 1 and 2 are correct

40. Consider the following two statements regarding Aurobindo's idea of Passive Resistance:

1. By passive resistance Aurobindo meant 'organized defensive resistance to alien rule' by reducing the dependency of the nation on foreign bureaucracy, which involved constructive activities like creating parallel institutions such as schools and local community courts, and opposition of foreign schools and foreign courts.
2. The idea of passive resistance also included 'the refusal of payment of taxes to the government', and since Aurobindo considered it the strongest form of passive resistance, he recommended it for India in the first stage of struggle.

- (A) Only 1 is correct  
(B) Only 2 is correct  
(C) Both 1 and 2 are correct  
(D) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct

41. Who is the author of the book "The Arctic Home in the Vedas"?

- (A) Mahatma Gandhi  
(B) B.R. Ambedkar  
(C) Bal Gangadhar Tilak  
(D) Dadabhai Naoroji

42. Who is the author of the book 'Reason, Romanticism and Revolution'?

- (A) J.P. Narayan  
(B) M.N. Roy  
(C) Ram Manohar Lohia  
(D) M.K. Gandhi

43. Two statements are given below. One is an Assertion (A) and other is Reason (R):

Assertion (A): Mandal Commission was appointed to determine the criteria for defining India's socially and educationally backward classes.

Reason (R): Commission identified classes among Hindus only.

Choose the correct answer below:

- (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A  
(B) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A  
(C) A is true but R is false.  
(D) A is false but R is true.

44. 'Thoughts on Pakistan' is a book authored by

- (A) M.A. Jinnah  
(B) M.K. Gandhi  
(C) Sardar Patel  
(D) B.R. Ambedkar



45. 'Essays on Gita' is a book by

- (A) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (B) Sri Aurobindo
- (C) J.L. Nehru
- (D) Veer Savarkar

46. The idea of 'Total Revolution' was given by

- (A) Lohia
- (B) J.P. Narayan
- (C) M.N. Roy
- (D) Veer Savarkar

47. Consider the following statements:

1. Constituent assembly appointed 'Dhar Commission' in 1948
2. Dhar Commission inquire into the feasibility of Linguistic divide of provinces.
3. Dhar Commission advised reorganization of states on the basis of language.
4. Dhar commission recommends that it would ensure national unity.

- (A) 1 and 2
- (B) 1 and 4
- (C) 2 and 3
- (D) 2 and 4

48. FCRA Act is associated with

- (A) Forest Regulations
- (B) Foreign Funding
- (C) Environment regulations
- (D) Milk prices

49. Who among the following proposed the formation of a committee of rules on procedure in the constituent assembly of India?

- (A) B.N. Rau
- (B) J.B. Kriplani
- (C) K.M. Munshi
- (D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

50. Which article of DPSP talks about the prohibition of the consumption except for medicinal purposes of intoxicating drinks and of drugs which are injurious to health?

- (A) Article 39
- (B) Article 46
- (C) Article 47
- (D) Article 38

51. Which of the following are components of Herbert Simon's Decision Making Model?

1. Intelligence
2. Personality
3. Design
4. Environment
5. Choice

- (A) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
- (B) 1, 3 and 4
- (C) 2, 4 and 5
- (D) 1, 3 and 5

52. Which UN Committee designated Masood Azhar as an international terrorist?

- (A) U.N. Human Rights Committee
- (B) U.N. Counter Terrorism Committee
- (C) U.N. Disarmament Commission
- (D) U.N. Security Council 1267 Sanctions Committee



53. "The national interest should take precedence over any individually based conception of morality." This statement is associated with which school of thought in International Relations?

- (A) Realist
- (B) Liberal ✓
- (C) Marxist ✓
- (D) Feminist ✓

54. "The balance of power, a concept favoured by the realist tradition, is better understood as a 'balance of threat'." Who gave the concept of 'Balance of Threat'?

- (A) Kenneth Waltz (BoP)
- (B) John Mearsheimer
- (C) Stephen Walt ✓
- (D) Robert Jervis ✓

55. "The essence of realpolitik is that it is better to be 'hard-headed' than 'wrong-headed'. The sole reliable way of maintaining peace from this point of view is through \_\_\_\_\_"

- (A) Democratic Peace
- (B) Collective Security
- (C) Balance of Power ✓
- (D) Nuclear Deterrence

56. What was known as the "Quintessence of the Non-Aligned Movement" until the early 1990s:

- (A) Belgrade Principles
- (B) Havana Declaration
- (C) Ten Principles of Bandung
- (D) All of the above ✓

57. Consider the following statements about Non-Aligned Movement (NAM):

1. The Founders of NAM preferred to declare it as a movement and not an organization to avoid bureaucratic implications of the latter.
2. The term "Non-Alignment" was first coined by Jawaharlal Nehru. ✓

- (A) Both 1 and 2 are correct
- (B) Only 2 is correct
- (C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
- (D) Only 1 is correct ✓

58. Who characterized the re-emergence of great power rivalry between the United States and Russia as a "New Cold War" in 2016?

- (A) Vladimir Putin
- (B) Barack Obama
- (C) Dmitry Medvedev
- (D) Donald Trump ✓

59. What was the theme of the 5<sup>th</sup> ASEAN-India Youth Summit held in Goa, India?

- (A) Strengthening ASEAN-India Partnership in the Indo-Pacific
- (B) Shared Values, Common Destiny ✓
- (C) Connectivity is the Pathway to Shared Prosperity
- (D) Connecting the Youth: Shaping our Future.



60. Which of the following best defines "Cultural Imperialism"?

- (A) The idea that in a globalized world, time and space are no longer significant barriers to communications
- (B) The process through which social spaces can no longer be wholly mapped in terms of territorial borders
- (C) The displacement of local cultural traditions by the imposition of foreign beliefs, values and attitudes, usually associated with economic and political domination
- (D) The tendency for national and local cultural differences to be lost in the face of globalization

61. Consider the following statements about the 2<sup>nd</sup> India-Arab Foreign Ministers' Meeting (IAFMM):

1. India hosted the 2<sup>nd</sup> IAFMM on 31 January 2026 and the meeting was co-chaired by India and Saudi Arabia.
2. Foreign Ministers of other Arab League Member States and Arab League Secretary General participated in the 2<sup>nd</sup> India-Arab Foreign Ministers' Meeting.

- (A) Both 1 and 2 are correct
- (B) Only 1 is correct
- (C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
- (D) Only 2 is correct

62. Which of the following is the most correct definition of "Neo-Colonialism"?

- (A) It is an ideology that supports military expansion and imperial acquisition, usually by drawing on nationalist and racialist doctrines
- (B) It is the establishment of formal political domination reflecting the expansion of state power through conquest and settlement
- (C) It is the modern form of imperialism involving economic domination without the establishment of formal political control
- (D) None of the above

63. "The opportunity afforded by the end of Cold War to reduce military spending and increase economic and social expenditure, often described as turning 'guns' into 'butter'." This definition best describes which of the following?

- (A) Bush Doctrine
- (B) Peace Dividend
- (C) Arms Control
- (D) Disarmament

64. Who was the Second Secretary General of United Nations?

- (A) Trygve Lie
- (B) Dag Hammarskjöld
- (C) U Thant
- (D) Kurt Waldheim



65. 'Good Governance Day' is observed in India on
- (A) 25 January
  - (B) 25 December
  - (C) 12 January
  - (D) 06 December

66. 'Cuba Missile Crisis' was a confrontation between
- (A) USA and Soviet Union
  - (B) USA and China
  - (C) USA and North Korea
  - (D) USA and France

67. Who gave the theory of 'Associated Dependent Development'?
- (A) Cardoso
  - (B) Wallerstein
  - (C) Huntington
  - (D) Dos Santos

68. Who developed the idea of 'spectator sport war' in contemporary international relations?
- (A) Waltz
  - (B) Mearsheimer
  - (C) McInnes
  - (D) Buzan

69. Who coined the term of 'Cold War'?
- (A) Kennedy
  - (B) Baruch
  - (C) M.N. Roy
  - (D) Morgenthau

70. Who is the author of the book 'The Tragedy of Great Power Politics'?
- (A) John Mearsheimer
  - (B) Stephen Walt
  - (C) Kenneth Waltz
  - (D) Noam Chomsky

71. Which of the following is not one of the civilizations mentioned by Samuel P Huntington in his book, 'Clash of Civilizations'?
- (A) Western Civilization
  - (B) Japanese Civilization
  - (C) Latin American Civilization
  - (D) Israeli Civilization

72. The United Nations Trusteeship Council suspended its operations on
- (A) 1 January 1994
  - (B) 25 October 1994
  - (C) 16 December 1994
  - (D) 1 November 1994

73. Who is the author of the book 'Neo-Colonialism: The Last Stage of Imperialism'?
- (A) Frantz Fanon
  - (B) Kwame Nkrumah
  - (C) Nelson Mandela
  - (D) Emmanuel Macron

74. Organisation of American States was formed in
- (A) 1945
  - (B) 1948
  - (C) 1947
  - (D) 1950



75. The headquarters of the Arab League is situated in

- (A) Riyadh
- (B) Dubai
- (C) Cairo
- (D) Qatar

76. Judges of International Court of Justice are elected for

- (A) 5 years
- (B) 6 years
- (C) 9 years
- (D) 12 years

77. "The theory that the smoke and dust created by nuclear explosions would extinguish the sun's rays and dramatically lower temperatures on the earth." This definition best describes which of the following?

- (A) Nuclear Winter
- (B) Nuclear Umbrella
- (C) Nuclear Weapons
- (D) Nuclear Proliferation

78. Consider the following statements and choose the correct option:

1. The Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), introduced in 1968 and extended indefinitely in 1995, was the primary instrument to restrict the spread of nuclear arms beyond the 'Big Five'.
2. International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) is the UN agency that monitors states' compliance with their commitments under the NPT and other non-proliferation agreements.

- (A) Only 1 is correct
- (B) Only 2 is correct
- (C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
- (D) Both 1 and 2 are correct

79. Consider the following two statements regarding India-US relations:

1. India-US defence cooperation is based on "New Framework for India-US Defence Cooperation", which was renewed for ten years in 2015.
2. On 30 July 2018, India was moved into the Tier-1 of the US Department of Commerce's Strategic Trade Authorization license exception.

- (A) Only 1 is correct
- (B) Only 2 is correct
- (C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
- (D) Both 1 and 2 are correct

80. Consider the following three statements regarding India-Russia Economic Engagement:

1. India and Russia have established bilateral mechanisms to strengthen economic cooperation, such as the IRIGC-TEC.
2. Under the IRIGC-TEC mechanism, sectoral working groups focus on priority areas such as Trade, Industrial Cooperation, Energy, Chemicals and Fertilizers, ICT, Pharmaceuticals and Mining.
3. The 26<sup>th</sup> Session of the IRIGC-TEC mechanism was held in Delhi on 20 August 2025.

- (A) 1, 2 and 3 are correct
- (B) Only 1 and 2 are correct
- (C) Only 1 is correct
- (D) Only 3 is correct



81. Consider the following three statements regarding India-Maldives relations:

1. Maldives occupies a special place under "Neighbourhood First" Foreign Policy of India, but this position was recently withdrawn.
2. Both nations are key players in maintaining safety and security of the Indian Ocean Region, contributing to India-led SAGAR vision.
3. India was the first to assist Maldives during the 2004 Tsunami, the water crisis in Male in 2014 and COVID-19 pandemic, reinforcing India's credentials as "first responder".

- (A) 1, 2 and 3 are correct  
(B) Only 1 and 3 are correct  
(C) Only 2 and 3 are correct  
(D) Only 1 is correct

82. Consider the following three statements regarding Operation SINDOOR:

1. Operation SINDOOR was initiated on May 7, 2025, in the aftermath of the Pakistan-backed Pahalgam terror attack.
2. Operation SINDOOR showcased a calibrated, tri-services response that embodied precision, professionalism, and purpose.
3. Operation SINDOOR was conceived as a punitive and targeted campaign to dismantle the terror infrastructure across the Line of Control and deeper inside Pakistan.

- (A) Only 1 and 2 are correct  
(B) Only 2 and 3 are correct  
(C) Only 1 and 3 are correct  
(D) All three are correct

83. Consider the following two statements regarding India's Act East Policy:

1. The 'Act East Policy' was launched by P.V. Narasimha Rao.
2. It aims at promoting economic cooperation, cultural ties and developing a strategic relationship with countries in the Indo-Pacific region with a proactive and pragmatic approach, thereby improving the economic development of North Eastern Region (NER).

- (A) Both 1 and 2 are correct  
(B) Only 1 is correct  
(C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct  
(D) Only 2 is correct

84. The Mahakali Treaty of 1996, related to the integrated development of the Mahakali River, was signed between India and which of the following countries?

- (A) Nepal  
(B) Bhutan  
(C) Bangladesh  
(D) Myanmar

85. Consider the following two statements regarding the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace:

1. The Declaration was adopted by the General Assembly in 1971 as a resolution based on an initiative of Sri Lanka.
2. By that Declaration, the Indian Ocean, within limits to be determined, together with the airspace above and the ocean floor subjacent there to, was designated for all time as a zone of peace.

- (A) Only 1 is correct  
(B) Only 2 is correct  
(C) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct  
(D) Both 1 and 2 are correct



86. Where is the International Court of Justice (ICJ) located?
- (A) New York  
(B) Netherlands  
(C) Washington  
(D) Paris
87. The Outer Space Treaty, which bans the deployment of nuclear weapons in space, was signed in which year?
- (A) 1963  
(B) 1965  
(C) 1967  
(D) 1972
88. 'Operation Devi Shakti' is associated with which of the following?
- (A) Indian Navy Exercise  
(B) Evacuation of citizens from other countries  
(C) War cry against Pakistan  
(D) U.N. Mission
89. Which countries are part of the BBIN initiative?
- (A) Bangladesh, Bhutan, India and Nepal  
(B) Bangladesh, Bhutan, India and Nigeria  
(C) Bangladesh, Bhutan, Indonesia and Nepal  
(D) Bangladesh, Brazil, India and Nepal
90. In which year, India hosted the G-20 summit?
- (A) 2021  
(B) 2022  
(C) 2023  
(D) 2024
91. 'Arab Spring' was started in which country?
- (A) Iraq  
(B) Jordan  
(C) Tunisia  
(D) Egypt
92. Operation Neer is an Indian support programme for which country?
- (A) Sri Lanka  
(B) Bhutan  
(C) Maldives  
(D) Bangladesh
93. 3<sup>rd</sup> 'Voice of Global South Summit' (VOGSS) was hosted by which country?
- (A) India  
(B) Sri Lanka  
(C) Singapore  
(D) Thailand



94. The famous 'Confluence of the two seas' speech was given by which PM/President?

- (A) Donald Trump
- (B) Shinzo Abe
- (C) Emmanuel Macron
- (D) Keir Starmer

95. Which became the first foreign country to adopt UPI system?

- (A) Bhutan
- (B) Sri Lanka
- (C) Singapore
- (D) France

96. Who coined the term of 'Third World'?

- (A) Henry Kissinger
- (B) Alfred Sauvy
- (C) Kennedy
- (D) Joseph Stalin

97. Shimla Agreement was signed in

- (A) 1972
- (B) 1971
- (C) 1965
- (D) 1974

98. The term 'Detente' is associated with which President of the United States of America?

- (A) Richard Nixon
- (B) George Bush
- (C) John F Kennedy
- (D) Donald Trump

99. Mangdechu Hydroelectric Project is a joint project of India with which country?

- (A) Bangladesh
- (B) Bhutan
- (C) Nepal
- (D) Maldives

100. Indus Water Treaty was signed between

- (A) Jawahar Lal Nehru and Ayub Khan
- (B) Jawahar Lal Nehru and Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
- (C) Lal Bahadur Shastri and Ayub Khan
- (D) Indira Gandhi and Yahya Khan